

Announcements

A set of review questions will be posted by the middle of the week Final Exam 8:30-10:20 Monday * Comprehensive, but will be weighted towards topics since the last midterm * (Remember to set clocks ahead 1 hour for DST on Sunday!) No Class Friday



Can Computers Think?

Dijkstra: Whether a computer can think is about as interesting as whether a submarine can swim.

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Thinking with Electricity

The inventors of ENIAC, 1st computer, said it "thinks with electricity"

- Do calculators "think"?
- Does performing arithmetic, which is entirely algorithmic, require thinking?
- Once, performing arithmetic, was thought to be divinely or magically conferred



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The Problem: Many human activities look like thinking until they are understood (to be algorithmic)

Turing's Test

A.M. Turing, computer pioneer, worried about intelligence in humans & machines and proposed a test (1950)

> Aware that it's intelligence til it's understood Turing devised this experimental setup:

Room A: containing a person or machine Room B: containing a person or machine



Judge: Asks questions via keyboard to decide which is which



What To Ask

Formulate questions a person can answer but a computer can't



Seeming To Be Intelligent

Joel Weizenbaum's "Doctor" was a program that appeared intelligent User: I'm depressed. Doctor: Why are you depressed? User: My mother is not speaking to me. Doctor: Tell me about your mother. User: She doesn't want me to major in CS. Doctor: No? User: No, she wants me to go into medicine.

Find the cues Doctor uses



Artificial Intelligence

The study of making computers act intelligently

- They already act intelligent ... e.g. they can correct your spelling mistakes
- Is this intelligent behavior? Most Al researchers would say "no" ... algorithmic
- Playing grandmaster level chess in a tournament became an Al goal (1952)
 - Minimizes real world knowledge
 - Clear goal, formal system

Playing Chess

Chess is a game, so it uses a game tree
At each node is a 'board'-- easily digitized
Below it are all boards created in 1 move



An objective function evaluates "goodness" of the position: go for highest ... opponent goes for lowest



Deep Blue vs Kasparov

An IBM system, Deep Blue, played world champion Gary Kasparov

- In 1996 Kasparov won, but Deep Blue played 1 game well!!!
- In May 11, 1997 Deep Blue won 3.5-2.5

Deep Blue is a 32 processor parallel computer with 256 "chess processors" that can consider 200,000,000 chess positions per second + opens + ends

Intelligent?



Does Deep Blue's performance show that a computer can be intelligent?

- No -- it repeat's its designers intelligence
- Yes -- it's better than anyone in the world at something people find interesting and fun

• Maybe -- it shows intelligence in chess, but can it apply its intelligence elsewhere?

What do you think?



Being Creative

Computers can do things deemed creative in the past

Create designs in the style of Piet Mondrian



• Composing Bach: EPI, Bach, Professor



Definition of Creativity

Creativity has two forms: "flash out of the blue" and "incremental revision"

- "Flash," i.e. inspiration, is rare; is it just luck?
- "Revision", i.e. hard work, is common and to a large degree algorithmic

Advertising agencies are famous for creativity, but in a recent study, 89% of all *award-winning* ads were an application of one of six templates -- design algorithm



Computers Can't Debug

There are some things computers cannot do ... and we can prove it!

- No computer program can tell, give another program P, if P loops forever ... *halting prob*
- If possible, it would be handy for debugging
- In fact, it seems possible ... look closely at the program, check the **for**-statements (and other looping structures we didn't learn)
- Suppose Loop_Check (P, Q) tests pgm P on input Q, answering "yes/no" to loops forever



Loop_Check Cannot Be

Loop_Check could not work, because if it did we'd make a new program

Contradict (P):

What happens when we run Contradict(Contradict)?

If L_C says C loops forever, it stops If L_C says C stops, it loops forever

C is nonsense, so L_C can't exist





Intelligence & Creativity

The bottom line on the "intellectual skills" of computers ...

- It has long been an interesting question
- Computers are amazing, but probably not intelligent
- When a task becomes algorithmic computers (and humans) can do it well

Maybe thinking is what people do