

## No:

- Midterms
- Final

## Announcement

#### Yes:

- Labs
- Quizzes
- Projects
- Quick Writes



# Project 2B

- Project 2B and its "quiz" are linked on our online calendar
  - \* "Quiz" is
    - Open book
    - Save and resume
    - Retake as often as you want to improve your score
    - Be sure to submit it before the quiz closes!



## Quiz and Quick Write

- Next week
  - Review the questions at the end of these chapters:
    - Fluency chapters 18 and 20
    - QuickStart chapters
       1 and 2
- All JavaScript!

- Topics will include:
  - Variables
  - Values & data types
  - Assignment statements
  - Rules for identifiers
  - Conditionals
  - Loops
  - Arrays
  - Functions
  - Curly brackets



Thinking like a computer thinking like a human being....

# **CONTROL FLOW**



- An algorithm is....
  - \* Write one sentence on a strip of paper



- An algorithm is....
  - \* A set of directions
  - \* Listed sequentially
    - Start at beginning
    - Continue
    - Until you reach the end

- Start in your seat at Mary Gates Hall 389
- Pack up your stuff
- 3. Pick it up
- 4. Stand up
- 5. Walk to end of aisle
- 6. Walk down steps until you reach bottom of steps
- 7. Turn left
- 8. Walk through doors



## Control Flow

- Control flow is the sequence through the code
- What we just looked at was sequential flow
  - \* Start at step 1 continue through step 8
- Now we'll look at others....



- An algorithm is....
  - \* A set of directions
  - \* Listed sequentially
    - Start at beginning
    - Continue
    - Until you reach the end
  - Conditionals, or tests, change the control flow

- Start in your seat at Mary Gates Hall 389
- 2. Pack up your stuff
- 3. Pick it up
- 4. Stand up
- 5. Walk to end of aisle
- Walk down steps until you reach bottom of steps
- 7. Turn left
- 8. Walk through doors



- An algorithm is....
  - \* A set of directions
  - \* Listed sequentially
    - Start at beginning
    - Continue
    - Until you reach the end
  - Change the control flow with
    - Conditionals, or tests

- Start in your seat at Mary Gates Hall 389
- Pack up your stuff
- 3. Pick it up
- 4. Stand up
- 5. Walk to end of aisle
- 6. Walk down steps until you reach bottom of steps
- 7. Turn left
- 8. Test: Is door open?
  - 1. Yes: Walk through doors
  - 2. No: Open door, then walk through



- An algorithm is....
  - \* A set of directions
  - \* Listed sequentially
    - Start at beginning
    - Continue
    - Until you reach the end
  - Change the control flow with
    - Conditionals, or tests
    - Iteration, or loops

- Start in your seat at Mary Gates Hall 389
- Pack up your stuff
- 3. Pick it up
- 4. Stand up
- 5. Walk to end of aisle
- 6. Loop:
  - 1. Walk down 1 step at a time until you reach the bottom
- 7. Turn left
- 8. Test: Is door open?
  - 1. Yes: Walk through doors
  - 2. No: Open door, then walk through



- An algorithm is....
  - \* A set of directions
  - Listed sequentially
    - Start at beginning
    - Continue
    - Until you reach the end
  - Change the control flow with
    - Conditionals, or tests
    - Iteration, or loops

- Start in your seat at Mary Gates Hall 389
- 2. Test: Any stuff out?
  - 1. True: Pack up your stuff
- 3. Pick it up
- 4. Stand up
- 5. Walk to end of aisle
- 6. Loop:
  - 1. Walk down 1 step at a time until you reach the bottom
- 7. Turn left
- 8. Test: Is door open?
  - 1. True: Walk through doors
  - 2. False: Open door, then walk through



Moving the data on the form...

# **MORE FORMS**



# **Events Cause Processing**

After drawing a page, browsers sit idle waiting for something to happen ... when we give input, it cause *events* 

- Processing the input is the task of an event handler
  - \* Event types
    - onClick
    - onChange
    - onMouseOver

In the <input ...> tag, an event handler gives the processing needed for the task using JavaScript



# Demonstration

• Smileys...



# Asian Emoticons

(^_^)	Laughing	(???)/	Joyful
(>_<)>	Troubled	(???;)	Surprised
(^_^;)	Troubled	(#^.^#)	Shy
(ToT)	Crying	(*'?`*)	Infatuation
m()m	<b>Apologising</b>	(??;)	Worried
$(\land \land ;)$	Shy	(*^?^*)	Joyful
(???)	Grinnina	(^?^)	Laughing

Rightside up



## Emoticons = Emotional Icons

-) Smile or Happy :-p "Raspberry" or

-( Frown or Sad 'tongue in cheek'

;-) Winking :-S Confused

:-D Laughter :-/ Doubtful or

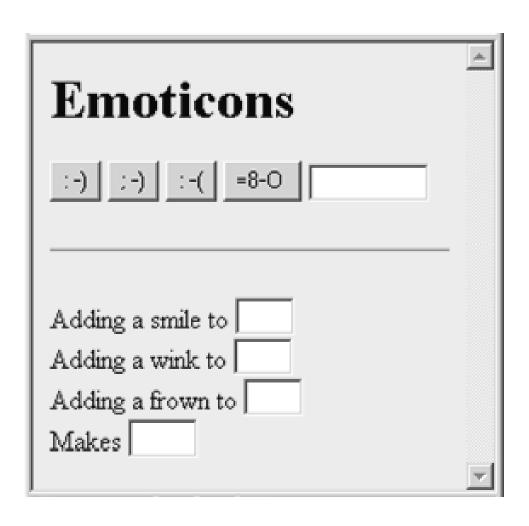
:-C Very, very sad confused

D-: Annoyed, shocked :- | Blank or scared O:O O Surprised

O:O\_O Surprised or shocked



## Observe Actions





# 'onClick' Event for Buttons

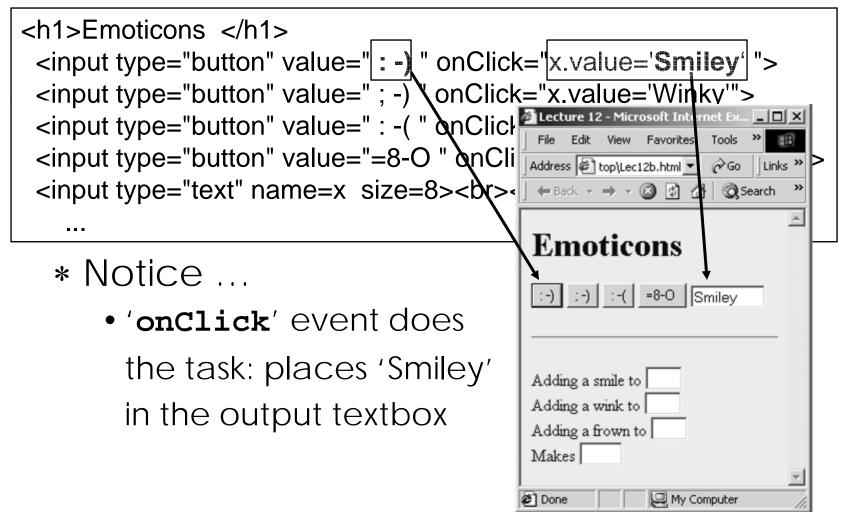
```
<h1>Emoticons </h1>
 <input type="button" value=" : -) "lonClick="x.value='Smiley'">
 <input type="button" value=" : -( " onClic</pre>
                                       Address Ø top\Lec12b.html ▼
 <input type="button" value="=8-O " onC|</pre>
                                       ← Back - → - ② ② ③ Garch
 <input type="text" name=x size=8><br>
                                       Emoticons
  * Event handlers say what
                                       :-) ;-) :-( =8-0 Smiley
    to do if event happens ...
    "put 'Smiley' in the output
                                       Adding a smile to
                                       Adding a wink to
    textbox"
                                       Adding a frown to
```

Event handlers = mini programs

Makes



## 'onClick' for Buttons





## x.value

```
<h1>Emoticons </h1>
     <input type="button" value=" : -) " onClick="x.value='Smiley'">
     <input type="button" value="; -) " onClick="x.value='Winky'">
     <input type="button" value=" : -( " onClick="x.value='Frowny'">
     <input type="button" value="=800" onClick="x.value='Omagosh!'">
     <input type=|"text" name="x" size="8"><|
                                               Emoticons
       * Notice ...
                                                :-) | ;-) | :-( | =8-0 | Winky

    the value of a textbox

            is the contents
                                               Adding a smile to
textbox
                                               Adding a wink to
            of the textbox
name
                                               Adding a frown to
            x.value
                                               Makes
```



Getting the data to the functions...

# PASSING VALUES TO FUNCTIONS

