## 1. Relations

- (a) Draw the transitive-reflexive closure of  $\{(1,2), (2,3), (3,4)\}$ .
- (b) Suppose that R is reflexive. Prove that  $R \subseteq R^2$ .
- (c) Consider the relation  $R = \{(x, y) : x = y + 1\}$  on  $\mathbb{N}$ . Is *R* reflexive? Transitive? Symmetric? Anti-symmetric?
- (d) Consider the relation  $S = \{(x, y) : x^2 = y^2\}$  on  $\mathbb{R}$ . Prove that S is reflexive, transitive, and symmetric.

## 2. DFAs, Stage 1

Construct DFAs to recognize each of the following languages. Let  $\Sigma = \{0, 1, 2, 3\}$ .

- (a) All binary strings.
- (b) All strings whose digits sum to an even number.
- (c) All strings whose digits sum to an odd number.

## 3. DFAs, Stage 2

Construct DFAs to recognize each of the following languages. Let  $\Sigma = \{0, 1\}$ .

- (a) All strings which do not contain the substring 101.
- (b) All strings containing at least two 0's and at most one 1.
- (c) All strings containing an even number of 1's and an odd number of 0's and not containing the substring 10.

## 4. Relations and Strings

Let  $\Sigma = \{0, 1\}$  and define the relation  $\diamond$  on  $\Sigma^*$  by  $x \diamond y$  if and only if the length of xy is even. (Here  $x \diamond y$  is another way of writing  $(x, y) \in \diamond$ .) Prove that  $\diamond$  is reflexive, symmetric, and transitive.