

CSE 312: Foundations of Computing II

Section 3: Conditional Probability, Bayes Theorem, Independence, Chain Rule

1. Review of Main Concepts

(a) **Conditional Probability** (only defined when $\Pr(B) > 0$) $\mathbb{P}(A|B) = \frac{\mathbb{P}(A \cap B)}{\mathbb{P}(B)}$

(b) **Independence**: Events E and F are independent iff $\mathbb{P}(E \cap F) = \mathbb{P}(E)\mathbb{P}(F)$, or equivalently $\mathbb{P}(F) = \mathbb{P}(F|E)$, or equivalently $\mathbb{P}(E) = \mathbb{P}(E|F)$

(c) **Bayes Theorem**: $\mathbb{P}(A|B) = \frac{\mathbb{P}(B|A)\mathbb{P}(A)}{\mathbb{P}(B)}$

(d) **Partition**: Nonempty events E_1, \dots, E_n partition the sample space Ω iff

- E_1, \dots, E_n are exhaustive: $E_1 \cup E_2 \cup \dots \cup E_n = \bigcup_{i=1}^n E_i = \Omega$, and
- E_1, \dots, E_n are pairwise mutually exclusive: $\forall i \neq j, E_i \cap E_j = \emptyset$

(e) **Law of Total Probability (LTP)**: Suppose A_1, \dots, A_n partition Ω and let B be any event. Then

$$\mathbb{P}(B) = \sum_{i=1}^n \mathbb{P}(B \cap A_i) = \sum_{i=1}^n \mathbb{P}(B | A_i)\mathbb{P}(A_i)$$

(f) **Bayes Theorem with LTP**: Suppose A_1, \dots, A_n partition Ω and let B be any event. Then $\mathbb{P}(A_1|B) = \frac{\mathbb{P}(B | A_1)\mathbb{P}(A_1)}{\sum_{i=1}^n \mathbb{P}(B | A_i)\mathbb{P}(A_i)}$. In particular, $\mathbb{P}(A|B) = \frac{\mathbb{P}(B | A)\mathbb{P}(A)}{\mathbb{P}(B | A)\mathbb{P}(A) + \mathbb{P}(B | A^C)\mathbb{P}(A^C)}$

(g) **Chain Rule**: Suppose A_1, \dots, A_n are events. Then,

$$\mathbb{P}(A_1 \cap \dots \cap A_n) = \mathbb{P}(A_1)\mathbb{P}(A_2|A_1)\mathbb{P}(A_3|A_1 \cap A_2)\dots\mathbb{P}(A_n|A_1 \cap \dots \cap A_{n-1})$$

2. Naive Bayes

Most of Section 3 will be an introduction to an application of Bayes' Theorem called the Naive Bayes Classifier. The relevant Ed lesson is available [here](#).

3. Random Grades?

Suppose there are three possible teachers for CSE 312: Martin Tompa, Anna Karlin, and Adam Blank. Suppose the probabilities of getting an A in Martin's class is $\frac{5}{15}$, for Anna's class is $\frac{3}{15}$, and for Adam's class is $\frac{1}{15}$. Suppose you are assigned a grade randomly according to the given probabilities when you take a class from one of these professors, irrespective of your performance. Furthermore, suppose Adam teaches your class with probability $\frac{1}{2}$ and Anna and Martin have an equal chance of teaching if Adam isn't. What is the probability you had Adam, given that you received an A ? Compare this to the unconditional probability that you had Adam.

4. Game Show

Corrupted by their power, the judges running the popular game show America's Next Top Mathematician have been taking bribes from many of the contestants. During each of two episodes, a given contestant is either allowed to stay on the show or is kicked off. If the contestant has been bribing the judges, she will be allowed to stay with probability 1. If the contestant has not been bribing the judges, she will be allowed to stay with probability $\frac{1}{3}$, independent of what happens in earlier episodes. Suppose that $\frac{1}{4}$ of the contestants have been bribing the judges. The same contestants bribe the judges in both rounds.

(a) If you pick a random contestant, what is the probability that she is allowed to stay during the first episode?

- (b) If you pick a random contestant, what is the probability that she is allowed to stay during both episodes?
- (c) If you pick a random contestant who was allowed to stay during the first episode, what is the probability that she gets kicked off during the second episode?
- (d) If you pick a random contestant who was allowed to stay during the first episode, what is the probability that she was bribing the judges?

5. Parallel Systems

A parallel system functions whenever at least one of its components works. Consider a parallel system of n components and suppose that each component works with probability p independently.

- (a) What is the probability the system is functioning?
- (b) If the system is functioning, what is the probability that component 1 is working?
- (c) If the system is functioning and component 2 is working, what is the probability that component 1 is working?

6. Marbles in Pockets

A girl has 5 blue and 3 white marbles in her left pocket, and 4 blue and 4 white marbles in her right pocket. If she transfers a randomly chosen marble from left pocket to right pocket without looking, and then draws a randomly chosen marble from her right pocket, what is the probability that it is blue?

7. Allergy Season

In a certain population, everyone is equally susceptible to colds. The number of colds suffered by each person during each winter season ranges from 0 to 4, with probability 0.2 for each value (see table below). A new cold prevention drug is introduced that, for people for whom the drug is effective, changes the probabilities as shown in the table. Unfortunately, the effects of the drug last only the duration of one winter season, and the drug is only effective in 20% of people, independently.

number of colds	no drug or ineffective	drug effective
0	0.2	0.4
1	0.2	0.3
2	0.2	0.2
3	0.2	0.1
4	0.2	0.0

- (a) Sneezzy decides to take the drug. Given that he gets 1 cold that winter, what is the probability that the drug is effective for Sneezzy?
- (b) The next year he takes the drug again. Given that he gets 2 colds in this winter, what is the updated probability that the drug is effective for Sneezzy?
- (c) Why is the answer to (b) the same as the answer to (a)?

8. A game

Pemi and Shreya are playing the following game: A 6-sided die is thrown and each time it's thrown, regardless of the history, it is equally likely to show any of the six numbers.

- If it shows 5, Pemi wins.
- If it shows 1, 2, or 6, Shreya wins.
- Otherwise, they play a second round and so on.

What is the probability that Shreya wins on the 4th round?

9. Another game

Leiyi and Luxi are playing a tournament in which they stop as soon as one of them wins n games. Luxi wins each game with probability p and Leiyi wins with probability $1 - p$, independently of other games. What is the probability that Luxi wins and that when the match is over, Leiyi has won k games?