

CSE 312: Foundations of Computing II

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**Lecture Topics:** 5.4 Covariance and Correlation

[Tags: Covariance]

1. The covariance matrix of a random vector  $\mathbf{Z} = (Z_1, Z_2, \dots, Z_n)$  is defined to be the  $n \times n$  matrix  $\Sigma$  such that  $\Sigma_{ij} = \text{Cov}(X_i, X_j)$ . Don't be too intimidated - it's just a way to store all the information we need - we won't be doing any linear algebra with it! The examples will help ☺.

$$\Sigma = \begin{bmatrix} \text{Cov}(Z_1, Z_1) = \text{Var}(Z_1) & \text{Cov}(Z_1, Z_2) & \dots & \text{Cov}(Z_1, Z_n) \\ \text{Cov}(Z_2, Z_1) & \text{Cov}(Z_2, Z_2) = \text{Var}(Z_2) & \dots & \text{Cov}(Z_2, Z_n) \\ \vdots & \ddots & \ddots & \vdots \\ \text{Cov}(Z_n, Z_1) & \dots & \dots & \text{Cov}(Z_n, Z_n) = \text{Var}(Z_n) \end{bmatrix}$$

- a. Let  $X_1, X_2, X_3, X_4$  be iid (independent and identically distributed) random variables with mean  $\mu$  and variance  $\sigma^2$ . Let  $\mathbf{X} = (X_1, X_2, X_3, X_4)$  be a random vector with the rvs  $X_i$  as its components. What is the  $(4 \times 4)$  covariance matrix of  $\mathbf{X}$ ?
- b. Define  $\mathbf{Y} = (Y_1, Y_2, Y_3)$  as follows.
  - $Y_1 = X_1 + X_2$
  - $Y_2 = X_2 + X_3$
  - $Y_3 = X_3 + X_4$ .

What is the  $(3 \times 3)$  covariance matrix of  $\mathbf{Y}$ ?

[Tags: Similar to PSet4 Q3, Covariance]

2. Suppose we throw 12 balls independently and uniformly into 7 bins. For  $i = 1, \dots, 7$ , let  $X_i$  be the indicator/Bernoulli rv of whether bin  $i$  is empty. Let  $\mathbf{X} = (X_1, \dots, X_7)$  be the random vector of indicators.
  - a. What is the covariance matrix of  $\mathbf{X}$ ?
  - b. Let  $Y = \sum_{i=1}^7 X_i$  be the number of empty bins. What is  $\text{Var}(Y)$ ?