## Problem Set 5

Due: Wednesday, November 8, by 11:59pm

## Instructions

Solutions format, collaboration policy, and late policy. See PSet 1 for further details. The same requirements and policies still apply. Also follow the typesetting instructions from the prior PSets.

Solutions submission. You must submit your solution via Gradescope. In particular:

- Submit a single PDF file containing the solution to all tasks in the homework. Each numbered task should be solved on its own page (or pages). Follow the prompt on Gradescope to link tasks to your pages.
- Do not write your name on the individual pages - Gradescope will handle that.
- We encourage you to typeset your solution. The homepage provides links to resources to help you doing so using LATEX. If you do use another tool (e.g., Microsoft Word), we request that you use a proper equation editor to display math (MS Word has one). For example, you should be able to write $\sum_{i=1}^{n} x^{i}$ instead of $x^{\wedge} 1+x^{\wedge} 2+\ldots+x^{\wedge} n$. You can also provide a handwritten solution, as long as it is on a single PDF file that satisfies the above submission format requirements. It is your responsibility to make sure handwritten solutions are readable - we will not grade unreadable write-ups.


## Task 1 - Free Bubble Tea

500 regular customers to a local bubble tea shop are given an opportunity to flip a 2000 -sided fair dice, numbered 1 to 2000. If they roll a 1 , they win and get a lifetime ticket for free bubble tea. You may assume each student's roll is independent. Let $X$ be the number of customers who win.
a) Give the appropriate probability distribution (including parameter(s)), and find the expected number of customers who win.
b) For any given week, find the exact probability that at least 2 students win. Give your answer to 5 decimal places.
c) For any given week, estimate the probability that at least 2 students win, using the Poisson approximation. Give your answer to 5 decimal places.

## Task 2 - Basketball Games

At a party of $N$ people, you want to organize a basketball tournament where every possible pair of people that show up plays a 1-on-1 game. There are $M=\binom{N}{2}$ games that will be played (where each game is played by a pair of people that will play a 1-on-1 basketball game). Unfortunately, you don't know how many people are going to show up to the party, so to plan, you want to analyze the expected number of games that will be played $(M)$ based on distribution that $N$ might follow.

Answer each of the following questions. Make sure that each of your answers is not in the form of a summation for this problem. In each case include the expectation and variance of $N$ as part of your answer.
a) What is the expected value of $M$ if $N$ equals some fixed positive integer $c$ with probability 1 (in other words, you know for sure that $c$ people will show up to the party)? (Your answer will be a function of $c$.)
b) What is the expected value of $M$ if $N$ has a Poisson distribution with parameter $\lambda$ ? (Your answer will be a function of $\lambda$.)
c) What is the expected value of $M$ if $N$ has a geometric distribution with parameter $p$ ? (Your answer will be a function of $p$.)
d) What is the expected value of $M$ if $N=8 X+6$, where $X$ is a Bernoulli random variable with parameter $p$ ? (Your answer will be a function of $p$.)

Task 3 - Binomial From Nowhere
Consider repeatedly rolling a fair 8 -sided die, each roll being independent of the others. Define the random variable $Y$ to be the number of rolls until (and including) the first roll of a 4, and define the random variable $X$ to be the number of 2 's rolled before the first 4 is rolled. Show that $\mathbb{P}(X=j \mid Y=i)$, as $j$ ranges over its possible values, is the probability mass function of a binomially distributed random variable and determine its parameters $n$ and $p$.

## Task 4 - Sample Sampling Algorithm

Consider the following algorithm for generating a random sample $S$ of size $n$ from the set of integers $\{1,2, \ldots, N\}$, where $0<n<N$.

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Sample \((N, n)\) :
    \(S \leftarrow \varnothing \quad / / S\) is a set of distinct integers, initially an empty set
    while \(|S|<n\) do
        \(x \leftarrow \operatorname{RollDie}(N) \quad / / x\) is the outcome of rolling a fair \(N\)-sided die
        \(S \leftarrow S \cup\{x\} \quad / /\) if \(x\) is already in \(S\) it doesn't change
    return \(S\)
```

Let $I$ be the number of die rolls until $S$ is returned. Also, let $I_{i}$ be the random variable which describes the number of rolls it takes from the time the set $S$ has $i-1$ values to the first time a new value is added after that (i.e., the set $S$ has $i$ values).
a) What type of random variable from our zoo is $I_{i}$ and what is/are the relevant parameter(s) for that random variable?
b) What is $I$ in terms of the random variables $I_{i}$ ? Calculate $\mathbb{E}[I]$, expressing the result as a summation that depends on both $N$ and $n$.
c) What is $\operatorname{Var}(I)$ ? You can leave your answer in summation form.

Task 5 - PDF
For this exercise, give exact answers as simplified fractions. Define function $f_{X}$ by

$$
f_{X}(x)= \begin{cases}\left(3-3 x^{2}\right) / 4 & \text { if }-1<x<1 \\ 0 & \text { otherwise }\end{cases}
$$

a) Show that $f_{X}$ has the properties required of a probability density function.
b) Compute the expectation of a random variable $X$ with $f_{X}$ as its PDF.
c) Compute the variance of a random variable $X$ with $f_{X}$ as its PDF.

You throw a dart at a circular target of radius $r$. Let $X$ be the distance of your dart's hit from the center of the target. Your aim is such that $X \sim \operatorname{Exponential}(4 / r)$. (Note that it is possible for the dart to completely miss the target.)
a) As a function of $r$, determine the value $m$ such that $\operatorname{Pr}(X<m)=\operatorname{Pr}(X>m)$. Then, for $r=8$, give the value of $m$ to 3 decimal places.
b) What is the probability that you miss the target completely? Give your answer to 3 decimal places.

Task 7 - Flea
A flea of negligible size is trapped in a large, spherical, inflated beach ball with radius $r$. (Recall that such a ball has volume $\frac{4}{3} \pi r^{3}$.) At this moment, it is equally likely to be at any point within the ball. Let $X$ be the distance of the flea from the center of the ball. For $X$, find ...
a) the cumulative distribution function $F_{X}$.
b) the probability density function $f_{X}$.
c) the expected value $\mathbb{E}[X]$.
d) the variance $\operatorname{Var}(X)$

