## PROBLEM SET 5 Due Friday, May 16, 2003, in class

- 1. Lewis and Papadimitriou, Problem 3.1.5.
- 2. Let  $G = (\{S, X\}, \{a, b\}, R, S)$  be the grammar with rules:

$$\begin{array}{rcl} S & \rightarrow & aSb \mid bX \mid Xa \\ X & \rightarrow & bX \mid aX \mid \epsilon \end{array}$$

- (a) Give a simple description of L(G) in English.
- (b) Use the description from (a) above to give a CFG for  $\overline{L(G)}$ , the complement of L(G).
- 3. Give context-free grammars that generate the following languages:
  - (a)  $L_1 = \{a^i b^j c^k d^\ell \mid i+j=k+\ell\}$
  - (b)  $L_2 = \{w \# x \mid w, x \in \{a, b\}^* \text{ and } w^R \text{ is a substring of } x\}$
- 4. Let  $A = \{xy \mid x, y \in \{a, b\}^* \text{ and } |x| = |y| \text{ but } x \neq y\}.$ 
  - (a) (Tricky!) Construct a context-free grammar that generates the language A.
  - (b) Draw a parse tree for your grammar that derives the string  $aabaabba \in A$ .
- 5. Consider the following natural looking grammar  $PROG = (V, \Sigma, R, \langle STMT \rangle)$  for a fragment of a programming language:

$$\begin{split} \Sigma &= \{ \text{if, condition, then, else, a} := 1 \} , \\ V &= \{ \langle \text{STMT} \rangle, \langle \text{IF} - \text{THEN} \rangle, \langle \text{IF} - \text{THEN} - \text{ELSE} \rangle, \langle \text{ASSIGN} \rangle \} , \end{split}$$

and PROG has the following rules:

 $\begin{array}{rcl} \langle {\rm STMT} \rangle & \rightarrow & \langle {\rm ASSIGN} \rangle \mid \langle {\rm IF-THEN} \rangle \mid \langle {\rm IF-THEN-ELSE} \rangle \\ \langle {\rm IF-THEN} \rangle & \rightarrow & {\rm if \ condition \ then \ } \langle {\rm STMT} \rangle \\ \langle {\rm IF-THEN-ELSE} \rangle & \rightarrow & {\rm if \ condition \ then \ } \langle {\rm STMT} \rangle \ {\rm else \ } \langle {\rm STMT} \rangle \\ \langle {\rm ASSIGN} \rangle & \rightarrow & {\rm a \ := 1} \end{array}$ 

- (a) Show that PROG is ambiguous. What "programming aspect" does this ambiguity capture?
- (b) Give a new unambiguous grammar that generates the same language as PROG. You do not have to *prove* unambiguity, but informally describe how you are resolving the ambiguity.