CSE 341: Programming Languages Course Information and Syllabus Winter 2006

Logistics and Contact Information: The instructor is Hal Perkins. See the course homepage for information regarding teaching assistants, office hours, sections, etc. (www.cs.washington.edu/education/courses/cse341/06wi)

Goals: Successful course participants will:

- Internalize an accurate understanding of what functional and object-oriented programs mean
- Develop the skills necessary to learn new programming languages quickly
- Master specific language concepts such that they can recognize them in strange guises
- Learn to evaluate the power and elegance of programming languages and their constructs
- Attain reasonable proficiency in ML, Scheme, and Smalltalk
- As a by-product, become more proficient in languages they already know

Text: The "required" text is: Jeffrey D. Ullman, *Elements of ML Programming, ML'97 Edition*, 1998. We will not follow the text closely, but it will likely prove useful during the first few weeks. The "recommended" text is: Mark Guzdial, *Squeak: Object-Oriented Design with Multimedia Applications*, 2001. We will cover only material corresponding to the first two chapters and online resources may suffice. You must decide how much you benefit from having a book in your hand. There is no text for the Scheme portion of the course; handouts and online resources will suffice.

Grading and Exams:

Midterm 20% Monday, February 6 (tentative), in class

Final 25% Monday, March 13, 8:30–10:20

Homeworks 55% approximately weekly

Unless announced otherwise, all homeworks contribute equally to the 55%.

Do not miss the midterm or final.

Late Policy: Homework will normally be due Thursday evenings at the time and date specified on the assignment. Homework submission will be online and the deadline is strict — no late assignments will be accepted. However, if unusual circumstances that are truly beyond your control prevent you from submitting an assignment on time, please discuss this with the instructor, preferably in advance. But waiting until the last minute does not constitute circumstances beyond your control and is not an acceptable reason for late work.

Academic Integrity: Any attempt to misrepresent the work you did will be dealt with via the appropriate University mechanisms, and your instructor will make every attempt to ensure the harshest allowable penalty. The guidelines for this course and more information about academic integrity are in a separate document. You are responsible for knowing the information in that document.

Advice:

• In every course, there is a danger that you will not learn much and therefore lose the most important reason to take the course. In 341, this danger is severe because it is easy to get "distracted by unfamiliar surroundings" and never focus on the concepts you need to learn. These surroundings include new syntax, programming environments, error messages, etc. Becoming comfortable with them and appreciating their importance is *only one* aspect of this course, so you must get past it. When we move to a new language, you must spend time on your own "getting comfortable" in the new setting as quickly as possible so you do not start ignoring the course material.

• If you approach the course by saying, "I will have fun learning to think in new ways" then you will do well. If you instead say, "I will try to fit everything I see into the way I already look at programming" then you will get frustrated.

Approximate Topic Schedule (Subject to Change):

- 1. Syntax vs. semantics vs. idioms vs. libraries vs. tools
- 2. ML basics (bindings, conditionals, records, functions)
- 3. Recursive functions and recursive types
- 4. Datatypes, pattern matching, exceptions
- 5. Higher-order functions
- 6. Lexical vs. dynamic scope
- 7. Currying
- 8. References and cycles
- 9. Syntactic sugar
- 10. Equivalence and effects
- 11. Abstract types and modules
- 12. Parametric polymorphism and container types
- 13. Type inference
- 14. Scheme basics
- 15. Dynamic vs. static typing
- 16. Laziness and memoization
- 17. Implementing higher-order functions
- 18. Continuation-passing idioms
- 19. Macros
- 20. Abstract datatypes with dynamic typing
- 21. Smalltalk and Squeak basics
- 22. Object-oriented programming is dynamic dispatch
- 23. Pure object-orientation
- 24. Implementing dynamic dispatch
- 25. Subtyping for records, functions, and objects
- 26. Class-based subtyping
- 27. Fragile superclasses, multiple inheritance
- 28. Unexpected change via subclassing
- 29. Multimethods
- 30. Static overloading
- 31. Relating concepts to Java
- 32. Subtype vs. bounded quantification
- 33. Contrasting extensibility with object-orientation and datatypes

34. Basic garbage-collection implementation

To learn these concepts using real programming languages and to gain experience with different languages, we will use:

- Standard ML (a statically typed, mostly functional language) (approximately 4–5 weeks)
- Scheme (a dynamically typed, mostly functional language) (approximately 2–3 weeks)
- Smalltalk (a dynamically typed, object-oriented language) (approxmately 2 weeks)
- Java (a statically typed, object-oriented language) (less than 1 week)

There are thousands of languages not on this list, and many programming paradigms not represented.