

CSE 341, Autumn 2008, Assignment 5
Scheme Macros
Due: Friday Nov 7, 10:00pm

8 points total (4 points each question)

You can use up to 2 late days for this assignment.

1. The lecture notes and code for `delay` and `force` included functions `my-delay` and `my-force`. Rewrite `my-delay` as a macro, so that the user doesn't have to manually wrap the delayed expression in a lambda. (So the syntax for `my-delay` should be just like `delay`.) Rewrite `my-force` so that it works correctly with expressions that weren't delayed using `my-delay` (just like `force`). Leave `my-force` as a function though; you don't need to make it a macro.
2. Define a macro `my-and` that does exactly the same thing as the built-in Scheme special form `and`. (Hint: see the handouts for macros, in particular the `my-or` example. Remember that `and` works on an indefinite number of expressions, including 0 expressions.)

Turnin: Turn in your Scheme program and a script showing it running on some well-chosen test cases. For `delay` and `force`, show that the delayed expression is not evaluated until it is forced, and that it is evaluated only once, even if forced several times. Also show that `force` applied to an object other than a delay just returns that object.

As usual, your program should be tastefully commented (i.e. put in a comment before each function definition or macro saying what it does).