## **Correctness**

- Redundancy
- Bit encodingFraming
- Error detection/correction
- Addresses (UIDs)
- Header + data
- IP: semantics
- Addressing:
  - DHCP
  - ARP
  - DNS
  - NAT
  - Stun
- Layering
- Routing
- UDP: semantics
- Port
- Socket abstraction
- TCP: semantics
- ARQ
- Reorder buffer
- Stream- vs. packet orientation

How does RFID fit in here (and everywhere)?

## Scalability

- Size => heterogeneous
  - Hardware / performance
     Speed
    - Speed
      Error rate
  - Administration / policy
  - Standard's committees
  - Distance / latency
- Size => dynamic
  - Independent failures
  - Always in transient state...
    - Dampening
      - LAN bridge algorithm
      - IP routing
- Size => long lived
  Version # in header
  - version # in neader
- End-to-end argument
- Protocol layering
- Routing basics
  - LAN broadcast
    - Collision resolution
      - Carrier sense
      - Collision detect
    - Ethernet
    - 802.11 wireless
  - Forwarding
  - DV/LS routing
- Layered routing
  - LAN bridging
  - DHCP / gateways
  - NAT
  - Subnets
  - Supernets (CIDR)
  - BGP
- Congestion control (TCP)
  - ŘTT estimation
  - AIMD

## Performance Buffering Avoid layer crossing • Timeouts RTT estimation Lost data detection • TCP Nagel'ing Flow control Sliding window Bandwidth x delay Congestion control • AIMD Slow start Fast rexmit **Distributed State: Protocols** • P2P TOMCAST: ordering Lamport clocks • 2PC: agreement Independent failures Client-server Don't distribute state • e.g., Lobby Push state to client • e.g., web • e.g., IP routing "Stateless server" • HTTP • NFS Connections • TCP: 2 node P2P or duplex

• TCP: 2 hode P2P client-server?