Exceptions/Interrupts

Definition:

- an "unexpected" event in the normal flow of execution
- interrupts, traps, faults, aborts, exceptions
 - exceptions caused by instruction execution within the processor
 - interrupts caused by some event external to the processor

Some examples:

- •
- .
- •
- •
- •
- •
- •
- .

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Precise Interrupts

Precise interrupts preserve the model that instructions execute in program-generated order

If an interrupt occurs, the processor can recover from it

What happens on a precise interrupt

- · identify the instruction that caused the interrupt
 - pipelines execute several instructions at once: how determine which one caused the exception?
- · let the instructions before faulting instruction finish
- disable writes for faulting & subsequent instructions
- · force trap instruction into pipeline
- trap routine
 - save the state of the executing program
 - · correct the cause of the interrupt
 - · restore program state
- restart faulting & subsequent instructions

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How Pipelines Complicate Interrupts

It's fairly simple to maintain precise interrupt in the R3000 integer pipeline

- one instruction fetched and executed each cycle
- instructions executed in fetch order

Simultaneous interrupts

- a solution: handle them in program order
- · still precise

Interrupts out of order wrt sequential instruction execution

- subsequent instruction causes an interrupt before a previous instruction
- interrupts still must be handled in program order for precise interrupts
- · interrupt handled before the write stage
 - a solution: interrupt recorded in a per-instruction bit vector which flows with it down the pipeline interrupts for *this* instruction handled before it changes any state restart all instructions in the pipeline interrupts are precise: why?

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How Pipelines Complicate Interrupts

Multicycle operations

- some types
 - · floating point operations
 - integer multiply & divide
- can cause imprecise interrupts because operations don't necessarily complete in program-generated order
- example:



- cannot restart interrupting & subsequent instructions because some have completed
- completed instruction may have overwritten one its source operands

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