

Jeopardy:

Please sit in groups
of up to 6!

Crypto 1	Crypto 2	Web Security	Authenti- cation	Grab Bag
<u>100 Points</u>	<u>100 Points</u>	<u>100 Points</u>	<u>100 Points</u>	<u>100 Points</u>
<u>200 Points</u>	<u>200 Points</u>	<u>200 Points</u>	<u>200 Points</u>	<u>200 Points</u>
<u>300 Points</u>	<u>300 Points</u>	<u>300 Points</u>	<u>300 Points</u>	<u>300 Points</u>
<u>400 Points</u>	<u>400 Points</u>	<u>400 Points</u>	<u>400 Points</u>	<u>400 Points</u>
<u>500 Points</u>	<u>500 Points</u>	<u>500 Points</u>	<u>500 Points</u>	<u>500 Points</u>

Final Jeopardy:

How do solutions like
Convergence help with
the problem of trusting
Certificate Authorities?

Final Jeopardy Answer:

By decentralizing trust: they compare certificates seen by different nodes, assuming that not everyone is currently subject to a MiTM attack.

**This cryptographic
construction is used
to protect message
integrity.**

**What is a message
authentication code
(MAC)?**

**The difficulty of this
mathematical
problem is why
RSA is assumed to
be secure.**

**What is modular
inversion (or, the
factoring problem)?**

**This is the definition
of the one-wayness
property for hash
functions.**

**What is “Given y , it
should be hard to
find any x such that
 $h(x) = y$ ”?**

**This block cipher mode
is insecure because the
same plaintext is
always encrypted to
the same ciphertext.**

**What is Electronic
Codebook (ECB)
mode?**

**This construction is
used to build
invertible functions
out of non-invertible
functions.**

**What is a Feistel
network?**

**This cryptographic
construction should
be used to protect
both integrity and
secrecy.**

**What is Encrypt-
then-MAC?**

**The difficulty of this
mathematical
problem is why
Diffie-Hellman is
assumed to be secure.**

**What is the discrete
log problem?**

**This is the definition
for the collision
resistance property
for hash functions.**

**What is “It should be
hard to find distinct
 x and x' such that
 $h(x) = h(x')$ ”?**

**Repeating this in an
implementation of
CTR or CBC mode
will make the block
cipher insecure.**

**What is the counter
value (CTR mode)
or the IV value (CBC
mode)?**

**For this reason, the
repeated squaring
method of optimizing
exponentiation is
insecure.**

**What is information
leaked from timing
differences?**

This type of attack is possible when a website echoes back user input without sanitizing.

**What is cross-site
scripting (XSS)?**

**This type of attack
tricks a user into
clicking on a sensitive
button, using visual
or timing tricks.**

**What is
clickjacking?**

**In this type of attack,
the user's browser is
pointed to a sensitive
URL, taking advantage
of automatic cookie
sending.**

**What is cross-site
request forgery
(XSRF)?**

**This policy, enforced
by browsers, prevents
iframes from
accessing the parent
page, and vice versa.**

**What is the same-
origin policy?**

**This technique is used
by web trackers to
repopulate identifiers
when users clear
their browser cookies.**

**What is respawning,
or zombie cookies?**

**This technique is
used to greatly
increase the cost of
dictionary attacks on
password lists.**

**What is salting or
peppering?**

This is the term for an authentication scheme that involves something you know and something you have.

What is two-factor authentication?

**This is the term for
the rate at which a
biometric system
incorrectly rejects a
user.**

What is insult rate?

**This is the term for
the rate at which a
biometric system
incorrectly accepts a
user.**

What is fraud rate?

**This is the formula
for calculating the
number of bits of
entropy in a
password.**

What is $\log_2(\# \text{ of possible passwords})$?

**This is a common
cause of buffer
overflow
vulnerabilities.**

**What is no bounds
checking on string
copying?**

**What is the name of
the most popular
system used by
individuals who want
anonymity online?**

What is Tor?

**This is Kerckhoff's
Principle.**

What is “The security of a cryptographic object should depend only on the secrecy of the key, not of the algorithm”?

**This is a fundamental
difference between
isolation in Android
versus in traditional
desktop OSes.**

**What is “apps are
isolated, rather than
users”?**

**This technique avoids
non-executable stack
restrictions by
patching together
sequences of existing
instructions.**

**What is return-
oriented
programming?**