



Announcements

Project 1a is due Friday ... see turn-in instructions
Midterm 1 is next Monday

Tip of the day: The most useful habit for successful computing is that of being perfectly accurate



Debugging & Troubleshooting

"To err is human, but it takes a computer to really foul things up"



Debugging

Debugging is the process of finding the error in a faulty (IT) system
* The term was coined by Grace Hopper



Debugging is not algorithmic -- there are no guaranteed-to-work rules to find errors



When You Debug...

There are guidelines for debugging...

Rather than trying things aimlessly and becoming frustrated, think of yourself as solving a mystery. Miss Marple or H. Poirot

- Be objective: What are my clues? What is my hypothesis? Do I need more data?
- Consciously 'watch' yourself debug -- its an out-of-body experience
- When stumped, don't become frustrated, but ask, "What am I misunderstanding?"



Debugging Guidelines

Memorize?

- * Verify that the error is reproducible
- * Determine exactly what the problem is
- * Eliminate the "obvious" causes
- * Partition the process, separating out the parts that work from the part that doesn't work
- * When you reach a dead end, reassess the information you have, trying to identify the mistake you are making



Reproducibility

First step: verify the error is reproducible

- * Transient errors are very rare, but they do happen ... try again

Getting Out and Getting Back In

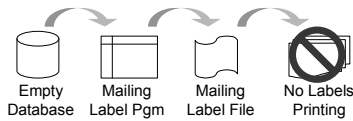
- * Rebooting the operating system is advisable, especially for errors involving peripheral devices (printers, modems)



Determine the Problem

Second step: figure out what's wrong

- * Often there is a sequence of steps following an error and propagating it ... work backwards looking to see where the error first occurred



Eliminate the Obvious

Third step: eliminate obvious causes

"If the cause were obvious, the problem would have been fixed!"

- * There are standard things to check:

- Inputs
- Connections
- "Permissions"
- Physical connectivity

"Working" in similar situations is usually good enough



Isolate the Problem

Try to "partition" the situation into working and non-working parts

- Form a hypothesis of what's wrong
- Make as few assumptions as possible
- Take nothing for granted

The goal is to eliminate as many things from consideration as possible



On Reaching a Dead End

When everything seems to check out, don't get frustrated ... ask, "What am I misunderstanding?"

- * Your goal is to see the situation as it is, not as you think it should be
- * Step through the process predicting what will happen, looking for places where your prediction is wrong



A Debugging Example

```
<html><head><title>Balance</title></head>
<body>

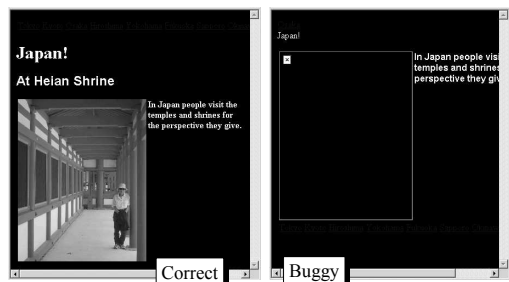





</body>
</html>
```



A Buggy Web Page



```

</title>Japan Page</title></head>
<body style="background-color:black"><font color="white">
<table border="1">
<tr>
<td> <a href="tokyo.html"> Tokyo</a></td>
<td> <a href="kyoto.html"> Kyoto</a></td>
<td> <a href="osaka.html"> Osaka</a></td>
<td> <a href="hiro.html"> Hiroshima</a></td>
<td> <a href="yoko.html"> Yokohama</a></td>
<td> <a href="fukuoka.html">Fukuoka</a></td>
<td> <a href="sapp.html"> Sapporo</a></td>
<td> <a href="oki.html"> Okinawa</a></td>
<td> <a href="oni.html"> Onimichi</a></td>
</tr>
</table> <h1>Japan! </h1>
<h2><font face="Helvetica"><At Heian Shrine</font></h2>

<p> <b>In Japan people visit the temples and shrines
for the perspective they give. </b></p>
</body>
</html>

```



Illustration



Summary

- Debugging is not algorithmic, but there are guidelines to follow
- * It probably pays to memorize them so they come to mind while debugging
 - * Watch yourself debug -- assess how you are doing, what you need to know
 - * Being accurate -- avoiding textual mistakes at all -- saves frustration
- Notice 6 wrong letters messed up the whole page