## CSE 142 Sample Midterm Exam \#2

## 1. Expressions ( $\mathbf{1 0}$ points)

For each expression in the left-hand column, indicate its value in the right-hand column.
Be sure to list a constant of appropriate type (e.g., 7.0 rather than 7 for a double, Strings in quotes).

```
Expression
    Value
8+5*3/2
1.5 * 4 * 7 8 + 3.4
73%10-6%10+28%3
4+1+9+"."+(-3+10) + 11/3
3/14/7 / (1.0* 2) + 10 / 6
10>11==4/3>1
```


## 2. Parameters ( $\mathbf{2 0}$ points)

At the bottom of the page, write the output produced by the following program.

```
public class ParameterMystery {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        String x = "happy";
        String y = "pumpkin";
        String z = "orange";
        String pumpkin = "sleepy";
        String orange = "vampire";
        orange(y, x, z);
        orange(x, z, y);
        orange(pumpkin, z, "y");
        z = "green";
        orange("x", "pumpkin", z);
        orange(y, z, orange);
    }
    public static void orange(String z, String y, String x) {
        x = x + "!";
        System.out.println(y + " and " + z + " were " + x);
    }
}
```

3. While Loop Simulation, $\mathbf{1 5}$ points. For each call of the method below, write the value that is returned:
```
public static int mystery(int i, int j) {
    int k = 0;
    while (i > j) {
        i = i - j;
        k += (i - 1);
    }
    return k;
}
Method Call
mystery(2, 9)
mystery(5, 1)
mystery(38, 5)
mystery(5, 5)
Value returned
mystery(40, 10)
```

$\qquad$
4. Assertions, 15 points. For the following method, identify each of the three assertions in the table below as being either ALWAYS true, NEVER true or SOMETIMES true / sometimes false at each labeled point in the code.

```
public static int mystery(Scanner console) {
    int y = 0;
    int z = 1;
    int next = console.nextInt();
    // Point A
    while (next >= 0) {
        // Point B
        if (y > z) {
            // Point C
            z = y;
        }
        y++;
        next = console.nextInt();
        // Point D
    }
    // Point E
    return z;
}
```

|  | next $<0$ | $y>z$ | $y==0$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Point A |  |  |  |
| Point B |  |  |  |
| Point C |  |  |  |
| Point D |  |  |  |
| Point E |  |  |  |

## 5. Programming, 15 points.

Write a static method named computeGrade that accepts an integer value representing a student's course percentage in the range 0 through 100 inclusive as a parameter and returns a real number indicating the student's grade in the course. The value returned should be as follows. Notice that the grades between 63 and 94 follow a pattern where the lowest number, 63 , gets grade 0.8 and each percentage above 63 accounts for 0.1 more grade point.

| Percentage | Grade Returned |
| :--- | :--- |
| $0-59$ | 0.0 |
| $60-62$ | 0.7 |
| 63 | 0.8 |
| 64 | 0.9 |
| 65 | 1.0 |
| 66 | 1.1 |
| $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ |
| 92 | 3.7 |
| 93 | 3.8 |
| 94 | 3.9 |
| 95 and up | 4.0 |

Sample Calls :

```
computeGrade (37) should return 0.0
computeGrade (61) should return 0.7
computeGrade (70) should return 1.5
computeGrade (86) should return 3.1
computeGrade (93) should return 3.8
```


## 6. Programming ( $\mathbf{1 5}$ points)

Write a static method named threeHeads that repeatedly flips a coin until three heads in a row are seen. You should use a Random object to give an equal chance to a head or a tail appearing. Each time the coin is flipped, what is seen is displayed ( H for heads, T for tails). When 3 heads in a row are flipped a congratulatory message is printed. Here are possible outputs of four calls to threeHeads:

```
T T T H T H H H
Three heads in a row!
H H T T T H H T T H T H H T H H H
Three heads in a row!
T T T H H H
Three heads in a row!
T H T H T T T T T H T H H H
Three heads in a row!
```

