

PHP 4 Reference Card

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Escaping HTML

preferred format `<?php ...?>`
verbose `<script language="php">...</script>`

Less portable, may be disabled in php.ini:

short-form `<?...?>`
short-form expression `<?=expr?>`
ASP-style `<%...%>`
ASP-style expression `<%=expr%>`

Basic syntax

statement terminator `;`
C-style comments `/*...*/`
C++-style comments `//...`
shell-script-style comments `# ...`
block delimiters `{ }`
octal integers (prefix zero) `0`
hexadecimal integers (prefix zero-ex) `0x` or `0X`
newline, cr, tab, backspace `\n, \r, \t, \b`
special characters `\\, \?, \', \", \&`

Data Types

boolean `TRUE/FALSE`
integer `-101, 23, 69`
floating point `3.141592`
character string (parsed) `"..."`
character string (unparsed) `'...'`
class `class name {...}`
resource (refer to PHP manual for details)
array `array([index=>]value,...)`
where *index* can be non-negative int or string

Predefined PHP variables

Many variables are defined that are specific to the web server and OS. Run `phpinfo()` for a complete list of these.

`$argv` array of arguments passed to script
`$argc` number of arguments in `$argv`
`$PHP_SELF` filename of currently executing script

The following are only available if `track_vars=0n` in `php.ini`

`$HTTP_COOKIE_VARS` array of variables passed via cookies
`$HTTP_GET_VARS` array of variables passed via GET
`$HTTP_POST_VARS` array of variables passed via POST
`$HTTP_POST_FILES` array of files uploaded via POST
`$HTTP_ENV_VARS` array of variables from parent environment
`$HTTP_SERVER_VARS` array of variables from HTTP server

Control Structures

`include filename` include named file (only if executed)
`include_once filename` include named file (at most once)
`require filename` include named file, like C/C++ `#include`
`require_once filename` include named file, if not already included

Flow of Control

exit from `switch`, `while`, `do`, `for`
next iteration of `while`, `do`, `for`
go to (avoid if possible!)
label
return value from function
terminate execution

Flow Constructions (if/while/for/do/switch)

```
if (expr) statement
else if (expr) statement
else statement

for (expr1; expr2; expr3)
    statement

while (expr)
    statement

do statement
while(expr);

switch (expr) {
    case const1: statement1 break;
    case const2: statement2 break;
    default: statement
}
```

Functions

```
function name([arg,...,arg [=default]]) {
    statement
    return [value];
}
```

Classes and objects

A "class" is a collection of related variables and functions

Note₁: constructors in derived classes do not call constructors in base classes! You must do this, if you want this behavior.

Note₂: all members are public

Class definition

```
class name [extends base]{
    var name;           declare member variables
    function name {...} function declarations
};                      end of class definition
```

Using classes

create new instance of class `var = new name([arg,...])`
accessing member variable `object->member`
calling member function `object->fnc([arg,...])`
current object, from within class `$this`
to reference parent class from base class `parent::`
to access members without class instance ::

`break`
`continue`
`goto label`
`label:`
`return expr`
`exit(arg)`

Operators (decreasing precedence)

new operator	<code>new</code>
array member accessor	<code>[]</code>
not [logical operator]	<code>!</code>
ones compliment [bit operator]	<code>~</code>
increment, decrement	<code>++, --</code>
error control operator	<code>@</code>
multiply, divide, modulus (remainder)	<code>*, /, %</code>
addition, subtraction	<code>+, -, .</code>
left, right shift [bit operations]	<code><<, >></code>
comparison operators	<code>>, >=, <, <=</code>
equality operators	<code>==, !=, ===, !==</code>
bitwise and	<code>&</code>
bitwise exclusive-or (xor)	<code>^</code>
bitwise or (inclusive-or)	<code> </code>
logical and	<code>&&</code>
logical or	<code> </code>
conditional expression	<code>expr₁?expr₂:expr₃</code>
assignment operators	<code>=, +=, -=, *=, ...</code>
print operation	<code>print</code>
logical and	<code>and</code>
logical xor (exclusive-or)	<code>xor</code>
logical or (inclusive-or)	<code>or</code>
list operator	<code>,</code>

Predefined Apache variables

More commonly used variables defined by Apache web server are listed below. Run `phpinfo()` for a complete list.

`$SERVER_NAME` name of the web server
`$SERVER_SOFTWARE` server ID string, used in HTTP response
`$SERVER_PROTOCOL` HTTP protocol used to request page
`$REQUEST_METHOD` request method: GET, HEAD, POST, PUT
`$QUERY_STRING` query string via which page was accessed
`$DOCUMENT_ROOT` root directory under which script is running
`$HTTP_REFERER` referring URL
`$HTTP_USER_AGENT` user's browser string
`$HTTP_REMOTE_ADDR` user's IP address
`$HTTP_REMOTE_PORT` port used on user's machine
`$SCRIPT_FILENAME` absolute path name of script
`$SERVER_ADMIN` server administrator's e-mail address
`$SERVER_PORT` port on server; e.g. HTTP 80, HTTPS 443
`$PATH_TRANSLATED` path of script relative to filesystem
`$SCRIPT_NAME` path of script relative to document root
`$REQUEST_URI` the requested URI; e.g. `'/index.html'`

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String Functions <string>

return specific character	<code>chr(n)</code>
return ASCII value of character	<code>ord(c)</code>
length of string	<code>strlen(s)</code>
String formatting/output	
output string(s)	<code>echo(s[,...])</code>
output string	<code>print(s)</code>
output formatted string	<code>printf(s[,arg])</code>
return a formatted string	<code>sprintf(s[,arg])</code>
String comparison	
binary safe case-sensitive compare	<code>strcmp(s₁,s₂)</code>
binary safe case-sensitive compare	<code>strcmp(s₁,s₂,len)</code>
binary safe case-insensitive compare	<code>strcasecmp(s₁,s₂)</code>
binary safe case-insensitive compare	<code>strncasecmp(s₁,s₂,len)</code>

Searching strings

find position of 1st occurrence of char.	<code>strpos(h,n[,offset])</code>
find position of last occurrence of char.	<code>strrpos(h,n)</code>
find first occurrence of string	<code>strstr(h,n)</code>
case-insensitive version of strstr	<code>striestr(h,n)</code>
find last occurrence of char.	<code>strrchr(h,n)</code>

String manipulation

convert to upper/lower case	<code>strtoupper(s)/strtolower(s)</code>
trim whitespace from start of string	<code>ltrim(s[,w])</code>
trim whitespace from end of string	<code>rtrim(s[,w])</code>
trim whitespace from start & end	<code>trim(s[,w])</code>
strip HTML&PHP tags from string	<code>strip_tags(s[,allow])</code>
reverse a string	<code>strrev(s)</code>
replace s ₁ with s ₂ in str	<code>str_replace(s₁,s₂,str)</code>
translate characters	<code>strtr(str,s₁,s₂)</code>
extract part of a string	<code>substr(s,start[,len])</code>

Filesystem Functions <filesystem>

open file	<code>fopen(filename,mode)</code>
modes: r (read from beginning), w (overwrite), a (append)	
modifiers: + (open for read & write), b (binary mode)	
close file	<code>fclose(fp)</code>
retrieve current position in file	<code>ftell(fp)</code>
jump to position in file	<code>fseek(fp,offset[,whence])</code>
get next character from file	<code>fgetc(fp)</code>
get line from file	<code>fgets(fp[,len])</code>
read entire file into array	<code>file(filename)</code>
test for End Of File	<code>feof(fp)</code>
binary-safe file read	<code>fread(fp,len)</code>
write to file	<code>fputs(fp,s,len)</code>
flush output buffer	<code>fflush(fp)</code>
parse input from file	<code>fscanf(fp,format[,var...])</code>
binary-safe write to file	<code>fwrite(fp,s,len)</code>
copy a file	<code>copy(src,dest)</code>
available disk space	<code>diskfree(space[dir])</code>
test for existence of file	<code>file_exists(filename)</code>
echo all remaining data	<code>fpassthru(fp)</code>
is file readable?	<code>is_readable(filename)</code>
is file writable?	<code>is_writeable(filename)</code>

Mathematical Functions <math>

trig functions	<code>sin(x), cos(x), tan(x)</code>
inverse trig functions	<code>asin(x), acos(x), atan(x)</code>
<code>arctan(y/x)</code>	<code>atan2(y,x)</code>
hyperbolic trig functions	<code>sinh(x), cosh(x), tanh(x)</code>
exponentials & logs	<code>exp(x), log(x), log10(x)</code>
powers	<code>pow(x,y), sqrt(x)</code>
rounding	<code>ceil(x), floor(x), abs(x)</code>
minimum, maximum	<code>min(x,...), max(x,...)</code>
random number	<code>rand(),rand(min,max)</code>

Unified ODBC Functions <odbc>

connect to data source	<code>odbc_connect(dsn,user,pwd)</code>
close connection(s)	<code>odbc_close(id),odbc_close_all()</code>
retrieve last error/msg	<code>odbc_error(),odbc_errormsg()</code>
prepare SQL statement	<code>odbc_prepare(id,query)</code>
execute prepared SQL statement	<code>odbc_execute(id[,arg])</code>
prepare & execute SQL statement	<code>odbc_exec(id,query)</code>
get row as an array	<code>odbc_fetch_into(id[,row,result])</code>
fetch a result row	<code>odbc_fetch_row(id[,row])</code>
get result from a field	<code>odbc_result(id,field)</code>
free result resources	<code>odbc_free_result(id)</code>
number of rows in result	<code>odbc_num_rows(id)</code>
output results in HTML table	<code>odbc_result_all(id[,format])</code>

Transactions

toggle autocommit on/off	<code>odbc_autocommit(id)</code>
commit transaction	<code>odbc_commit(id)</code>
rollback transaction	<code>odbc_rollback(id)</code>

Session Handling Functions <session>

initialize session data	<code>session_start()</code>
destroy current session data	<code>session_destroy()</code>
get/set session name	<code>session_name([s])</code>
get/set session ID	<code>session_id([s])</code>
register variables in session	<code>session_register(name[,...])</code>
unregister variable	<code>session_unregister(name)</code>
variable is registered?	<code>session_is_registered(name)</code>
get cookie parameters	<code>session_get_cookie_params()</code>
set cookie params	<code>session_set_cookie_params(l[,p[,s]])</code>
write data & close session	<code>session_write_close()</code>

Miscellaneous Functions <misc>

evaluate string as PHP code	<code>eval(s)</code>
terminate script	<code>exit(x),exit(s)</code>

Date/Time functions

format a local date/time	<code>date(format[,timestamp])</code>
current time in secs. since Jan.1, 1970	<code>time()</code>
current time in microseconds	<code>microtime()</code>

External program execution

The following can be used to execute an external program.

They differ in their handling of the output.

output returned in result array	<code>exec(prg[,result,status])</code>
output returned as string	<code>shell_exec(prg)</code>
display output	<code>system(prg[,status])</code>
display raw output	<code>passthru(prg[,status])</code>

Reference

PHP web site	http://www.php.net/
Zend Technologies	http://www.zend.com/
PHP Builder	http://www.phpbuilder.com/
Knowledge Base	http://php.faqts.com/
Apache web server	http://httpd.apache.org/

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