

# The Python interpreter

CSE 190p

University of Washington

Michael Ernst

# The Python interpreter

- The interpreter is a loop that does:
  - **Read** an expression
  - **Evaluate** the expression
  - **Print** the result
    - If the result is **None**, the interpreter does not print it
    - This inconsistency can be confusing!
- Jargon: An interpreter is also called a “read-eval-print loop”, or a REPL

# Side effects vs. results

- Some Python code is executed because it has a useful value

```
(72 - 32) * 5.0 / 9
math.sqrt(3*3 + 4*4)
```
- Some Python code is executed because it has a side effect

```
print "hello"
x = 22
```
- A function (call) can be of either variety
  - *Think Python* calls a function that returns a function a “fruitful function”
  - A function that only prints some text is non-fruitful
  - A function should either return a value, or have a side effect
    - It is bad style for a function to do both
  - Printing a value is *completely different* from returning it
- When the code is executed for side effect, its value is **None**

# Python interpreter vs. Python program

- Running a Python file as a program gives different results from pasting it line-by-line into the interpreter
- In a Python program, evaluating an expression generally does not print any output
  - In the Python interpreter, evaluating a sub-expression generally does not print any output
- The interpreter prints more output than the program would
- The interpreter does not print a value for code that is executed for side effect: assignments, print statements, calls to “non-fruitful” functions