What do real numbers look like

- 0. 3 3 3 3 3 3 3...
- 0. 2 7 2 7 2 8 5 4...
- 0. 1 4 1 5 9 2 6 5...
- 0. 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2...
- 0. 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8...
- 0. 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2...
- 0. 8 2 7 6 4 5 7 4...
- 0. 5 9 4 2 7 5 1 7...

A string of digits!

Well not a "string" An infinitely long sequence of digits is more accurate.

Proof that [0,1) is not countable

Suppose, for the sake of contradiction, that there is a list of them:

Number	Digits after decimal	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
f(0)	0.	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	
<i>f</i> (1)	0.	2	7	2	7	2	8	5	4	
<i>f</i> (2)	0.	1	4	1	5	9	2	6	5	
<i>f</i> (3)	0.	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	
f(4)	0.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
<i>f</i> (5)	0.	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	
<i>f</i> (6)	0.	8	2	7	6	4	5	7	4	
<i>f</i> (7)	0.	5	9	4	2	7	5	1	7	
•••		•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••

The Halting Problem

The Halting Problem

Given: source code for a program P and x an input we could give to P Return: True if P will halt on x, False if it runs forever (e.g. goes in an infinite loop or infinitely recurses)

This would be super useful to solve!

We can't solve it...let's find out why.

A Very Tricky Program.

```
Diagonal.java(String x) {
   Run H.exe on input <x, x>
   if(H.exe says "x halts on x")
     while(true) {//Go into an infinite loop
        int x=2+2;
     }
   else //H.exe says "x doesn't halt on x"
     return; //halt.
}
```