

Warmup

A programmer's roommate tells her, "Would you mind going to the store and picking up a loaf of bread? Also, if they have eggs, get a dozen."

The programmer returns with 12 loaves of bread.

Section 3:

HW4, ADTs, and more

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Agenda

- Announcements
 - HW3: due tonight at 11pm
 - HW4: due Thursday January 28
- Polynomial arithmetic
- Abstract data types (ADT)
- Representation invariants (RI)
- Abstraction Functions
- Further information found in **Calendar/info & docs/handouts** link on website

HW4: Polynomial Graphing Calculator

- **Problem 0:** Write pseudocode algorithms for polynomial operations
- **Problem 1:** Answer questions about RatNum
- **Problem 2:** Implement RatTerm
- **Problem 3:** Implement RatPoly
- **Problem 4:** Implement RatPolyStack
- **Problem 5:** Try out the calculator

Rat Objects

- **RatNum**
 - ADT for a Rational Number
 - Has NaN
- **RatTerm**
 - Single polynomial term
 - Coefficient (RatNum) & degree
- **RatPoly**
 - Sum of RatTerms
- **RatPolyStack**
 - Ordered collection of RatPolys

Polynomial Addition

$$(5x^4 + 4x^3 - x^2 + 5) + (3x^5 - 2x^3 + x - 5)$$

Polynomial Addition

$$(5x^4 + 4x^3 - x^2 + 5) + (3x^5 - 2x^3 + x - 5)$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 5x^4 + 4x^3 - x^2 + 5 \\ + 3x^5 - 2x^3 + x - 5 \end{array}$$

Polynomial Addition

$$(5x^4 + 4x^3 - x^2 + 5) + (3x^5 - 2x^3 + x - 5)$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 5x^4 + 4x^3 - x^2 + 0x + 5 \\ + 3x^5 + 0x^4 - 2x^3 + 0x^2 + x - 5 \end{array}$$

Polynomial Addition

$$(5x^4 + 4x^3 - x^2 + 5) + (3x^5 - 2x^3 + x - 5)$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 5x^4 + 4x^3 - x^2 + 0x + 5 \\ + 3x^5 + 0x^4 - 2x^3 + 0x^2 + x - 5 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$3x^5 + 5x^4 + 2x^3 - x^2 + x + 0$$

Polynomial Subtraction

$$(5x^4 + 4x^3 - x^2 + 5) - (3x^5 - 2x^3 + x - 5)$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 5x^4 + 4x^3 - x^2 + 5 \\ - 3x^5 - 2x^3 + x - 5 \end{array}$$

Polynomial Subtraction

$$(5x^4 + 4x^3 - x^2 + 5) - (3x^5 - 2x^3 + x - 5)$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 5x^4 + 4x^3 - x^2 + 0x + 5 \\ - 3x^5 + 0x^4 - 2x^3 + 0x^2 + x - 5 \end{array}$$

Polynomial Subtraction

$$(5x^4 + 4x^3 - x^2 + 5) - (3x^5 - 2x^3 + x - 5)$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 5x^4 + 4x^3 - x^2 + 0x + 5 \\ - 3x^5 + 0x^4 - 2x^3 + 0x^2 + x - 5 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$-3x^5 + 5x^4 + 6x^3 - x^2 - x + 10$$

Polynomial Multiplication

$$(4x^3 - x^2 + 5) * (x - 5)$$

Polynomial Multiplication

$$(4x^3 - x^2 + 5) * (x - 5)$$

$$4x^3 - x^2 + 5$$

*

$$x - 5$$

Polynomial Multiplication

$$(4x^3 - x^2 + 5) * (x - 5)$$

$$4x^3 - x^2 + 5$$

*

$$x - 5$$

$$-20x^3 + 5x^2$$

$$- 25$$

Polynomial Multiplication

$$(4x^3 - x^2 + 5) * (x - 5)$$

$$4x^3 - x^2 + 5$$

*

$$x - 5$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 4x^4 - 20x^3 + 5x^2 - 25 \\ -x^3 + 5x \end{array}$$

Polynomial Multiplication

$$(4x^3 - x^2 + 5) * (x - 5)$$

$$4x^3 - x^2 + 5$$

*

$$x - 5$$

$$\begin{array}{r} + \quad 4x^4 \quad -20x^3 + 5x^2 \quad - 25 \\ \quad \quad -x^3 \quad \quad + 5x \end{array}$$

$$4x^4 - 21x^3 + 5x^2 + 5x - 25$$

Polynomial Division

$$(5x^6 + 4x^4 - x^3 + 5) / (x^3 - 2x - 5)$$

Polynomial Division

$$(5x^6 + 4x^4 - x^3 + 5) / (x^3 - 2x - 5)$$

$$\begin{array}{r|l} x^3 - 2x - 5 & 5x^6 + 4x^4 - x^3 + 5 \end{array}$$

Polynomial Division

$$\begin{array}{r|rrrrrrrr} 1 & 0 & -2 & -5 & 5 & 0 & 4 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 5 \end{array}$$

Polynomial Division

$$\begin{array}{r} 5 \\ 1 \ 0 \ -2 \ -5 \ \overline{) \ 5 \ 0 \ 4 \ -1 \ 0 \ 0 \ 5} \end{array}$$

Polynomial Division

$$\begin{array}{r} 5 \\ 1 \ 0 \ -2 \ -5 \ \overline{) \ 5 \ 0 \ 4 \ -1 \ 0 \ 0 \ 5} \\ \underline{5 \ 0 \ -10 \ -25} \end{array}$$

Polynomial Division

$$\begin{array}{r} 5 \\ 1 \quad 0 \quad -2 \quad -5 \overline{) 5 \quad 0 \quad 4 \quad -1 \quad 0 \quad 0 \quad 5} \\ \underline{5 \quad 0 \quad -10 \quad -25} \\ 0 \quad 0 \quad 14 \quad 24 \end{array}$$

Polynomial Division

5

$$\begin{array}{r} 1 \quad 0 \quad -2 \quad -5 \\ \hline 5 \quad 0 \quad 4 \quad -1 \quad 0 \quad 0 \quad 5 \\ 5 \quad 0 \quad -10 \quad -25 \\ \hline 0 \quad 0 \quad 14 \quad 24 \\ \quad 14 \quad 24 \quad 0 \end{array}$$

Polynomial Division

$$\begin{array}{r}
 \\
 \\
 \\
 \\
 \\
 \hline
 1\ 0\ -2\ -5 \quad \left| \quad \begin{array}{r}
 5\ 0\ 4\ -1\ 0\ 0\ 5 \\
 5\ 0\ -10\ -25 \\
 \hline
 0\ 0\ 14\ 24 \\
 14\ 24\ 0
 \end{array}
 \end{array}$$

Polynomial Division

$$\begin{array}{r} \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \end{array}$$

The image shows a polynomial division problem. The dividend is $1x^4 + 0x^3 - 2x^2 - 5x + 5$ and the divisor is $5x + 0$. The quotient is $0x^3 + 0x^2 + 14x + 24$ with a remainder of $14x^2 + 24x + 0$.

Polynomial Division

					5 0 14					
1	0	-2	-5	5	0	4	-1	0	0	5
					5	0	-10	-25		
					0	0	14	24		
							14	24	0	
							14	24	0	0

Polynomial Division

				5	0	14		
1	0	-2	-5	5	0	4	-1	0
				5	0	-10	-25	
				0	0	14	24	
						14	24	0
						14	24	0
						14	0	-28
							-70	

Polynomial Division

$$\begin{array}{r|rrrrrrr}
 & & & & & 5 & 0 & 14 \\
 1 & 0 & -2 & -5 & & & & \\
 & 5 & 0 & 4 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 5 \\
 & 5 & 0 & -10 & -25 & & & \\
 \hline
 & 0 & 0 & 14 & 24 & & & \\
 & & 14 & 24 & 0 & & & \\
 & & 14 & 24 & 0 & 0 & & \\
 & & 14 & 0 & -28 & -70 & & \\
 \hline
 & & 0 & 24 & 28 & 70 & &
 \end{array}$$

Polynomial Division

$$\begin{array}{r}
 1 \quad 0 \quad -2 \quad -5 \quad \Big| \quad 5 \quad 0 \quad 14 \quad 24 \\
 \hline
 5 \quad 0 \quad 4 \quad -1 \quad 0 \quad 0 \quad 5 \\
 5 \quad 0 \quad -10 \quad -25 \\
 \hline
 0 \quad 0 \quad 14 \quad 24 \\
 \quad 14 \quad 24 \quad 0 \\
 \quad 14 \quad 24 \quad 0 \quad 0 \\
 \quad 14 \quad 0 \quad -28 \quad -70 \\
 \hline
 0 \quad 24 \quad 28 \quad 70 \\
 \quad 24 \quad 28 \quad 70 \quad 5 \\
 \quad 24 \quad 0 \quad -48 \quad -120
 \end{array}$$

Polynomial Division

$$\begin{array}{r}
 \\
 1 -2 -5 \\
 \hline
 5 \\
 5 -10 -25 \\
 \hline
 0 14 \\
 14 \\
 14 \\
 14 -28 -70 \\
 \hline
 0 28 \\
 24 \\
 24 -48 -120 \\
 \hline
 0 118
 \end{array}$$

Polynomial Division

$$(5x^6 + 4x^4 - x^3 + 5) / (x^3 - 2x - 5)$$

$$5x^3 + 14x + 24$$

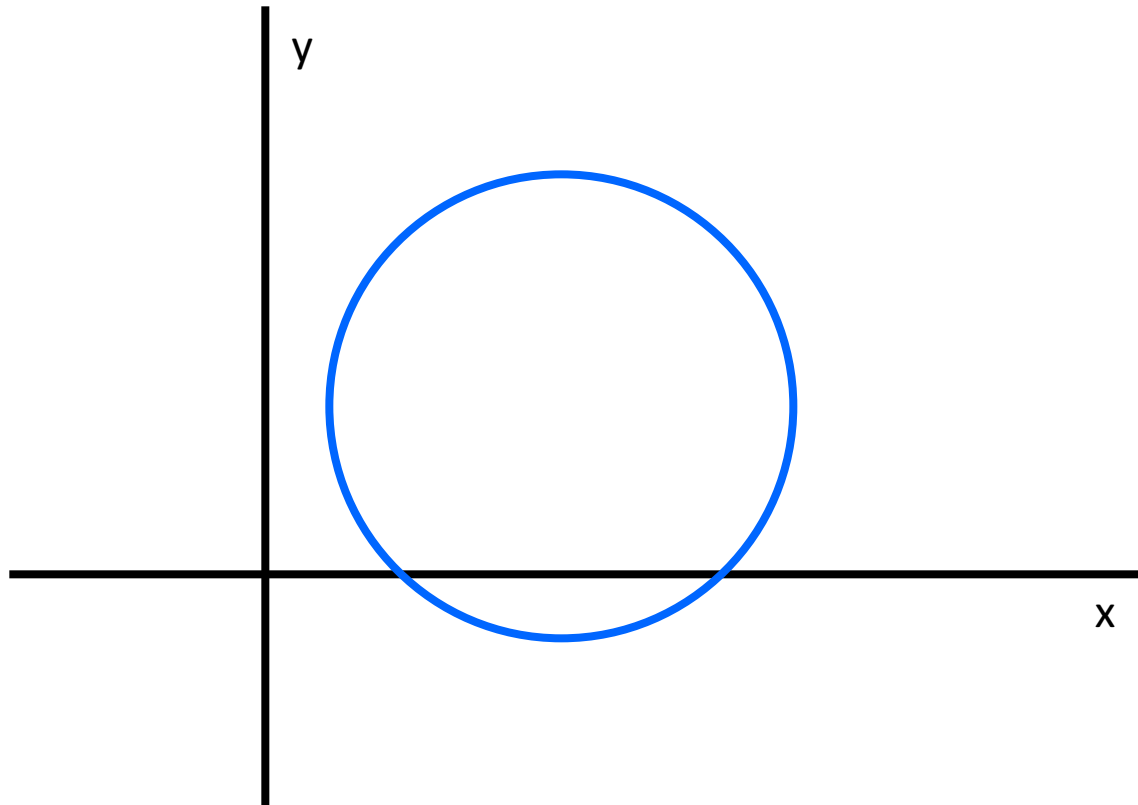
Polynomial Division

$$(5x^6 + 4x^4 - x^3 + 5) / (x^3 - 2x - 5)$$

$$5x^3 + 14x + 24 + \frac{28x^2 + 118x + 125}{x^3 - 2x - 5}$$

ADT Example: Circle

- Suppose we want to make a `Circle` class that represents circles on the Cartesian plane



ADT Example: Circle

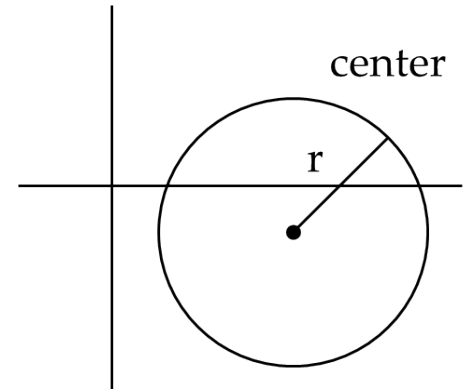
```
/**  
 * This class represents the mathematical concept of a circle.  
 *  
 */  
public class Circle {  
  
    // What goes here?  
  
}
```

Circle: Class Specification

- What represents the abstract state of a Circle?
- What are some properties of a circle we can determine?
- How can we implement this?
- What are some ways to “break” a circle?

Circle Implementation 1

```
public class Circle1 {  
    private Point center;  
    private double rad;  
  
    // Rep invariant:  
    //  
  
    // ...  
}
```



Representation Invariants

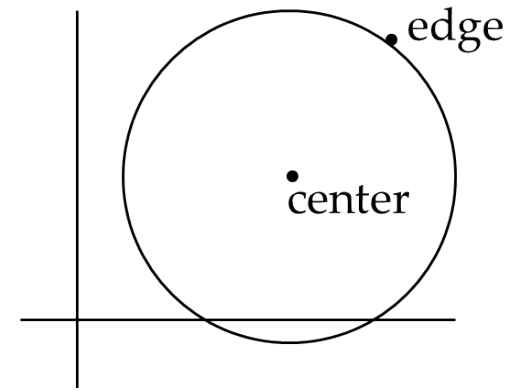
- Constrains an object's internal state
- Maps concrete representation of object to a boolean
- If representation invariant is false/violated, the object is “broken” – doesn't map to any abstract value

Circle Implementation 1

```
public class Circle1 {  
    private Point center;  
    private double rad;  
  
    // Rep invariant:  
    // center != null && rad > 0  
  
    // ...  
}
```


Circle Implementation 2

```
public class Circle2 {  
    private Point center;  
    private Point edge;  
  
    // Rep invariant:  
    //  
  
    // ...  
}
```

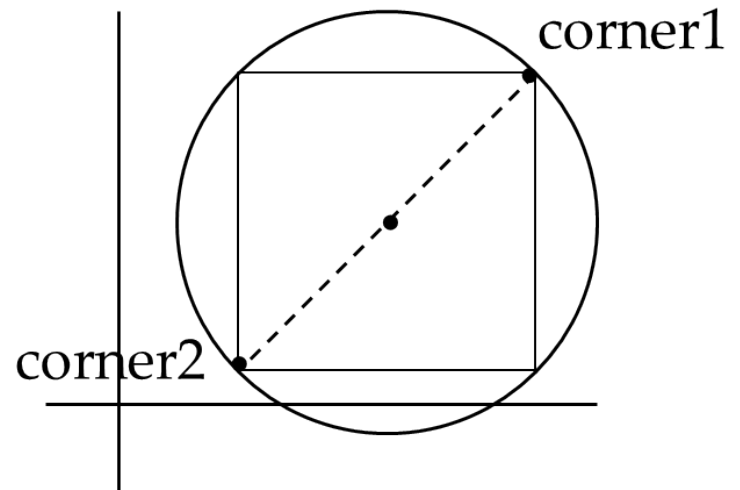


Circle Implementation 2

```
public class Circle2 {  
    private Point center;  
    private Point edge;  
  
    // Rep invariant:  
    // center != null &&  
    // edge != null &&  
    // !center.equals(edge)  
    //     ...  
}
```

Circle Implementation 3

```
public class Circle3 {  
    private Point corner1, corner2;  
  
    // Rep invariant:  
    //  
  
    // ...  
}
```



Circle Implementation 3

```
public class Circle3 {  
    private Point corner1, corner2;  
  
    // Rep invariant:  
    // corner1 != null &&  
    // corner2 != null &&  
    // !corner1.equals(corner2)  
    //     ...  
}
```

Checking Rep Invariants

- Representation invariant should hold before and after every public method
- Write and use `checkRep()`
 - Call before and after public methods
 - Make use of Java's `assert` syntax!
 - OK that it adds extra code
 - Asserts won't be included on release builds
 - Important for finding bugs

checkRep() Example with Asserts

```
public class Circle1 {
    private Point center;
    private double rad;

    private void checkRep() {
        assert center != null : "This does not have a
                                center";
        assert radius > 0 : "This circle has a negative
                             radius";
    }
}
```

Using Asserts

- To enable asserts: Go to Run->Run Configurations...->Arguments tab-> input **-ea** in VM arguments section
 - Do this for every test file

Using Asserts

- Demo

Abstraction Function

- Abstraction function: a **mapping** from **internal state** to **abstract value**
- Abstract fields may not map directly to representation fields
 - Circle has **radius** but not necessarily
`private int radius;`
- Internal representation can be anything as long as it somehow encodes the abstract value
- Representation Invariant excludes values for which the abstraction function has no meaning

Circle Implementation 1

```
public class Circle1 {
    private Point center;
    private double rad;

    // Abstraction function:
    // AF(this) = a circle c such that
    //     c.center =
    //     c.radius =

    // Rep invariant:
    // center != null && rad > 0

    // ...
}
```

Circle Implementation 1

```
public class Circle1 {
    private Point center;
    private double rad;

    // Abstraction function:
    // AF(this) = a circle c such that
    //     c.center = this.center
    //     c.radius = this.rad

    // Rep invariant:
    // center != null && rad > 0

    // ...
}
```

Circle Implementation 2

```
public class Circle2 {
    private Point center;
    private Point edge;

    // Abstraction function:
    // AF(this) = a circle c such that
    //     c.center =
    //     c.radius =

    // Rep invariant:
    // center != null && edge ! null &&
    // !center.equals(edge)

    // ...
}
```

Circle Implementation 2

```
public class Circle2 {
    private Point center;
    private Point edge;

    // Abstraction function:
    // AF(this) = a circle c such that
    //     c.center = this.center
    //     c.radius = sqrt((center.x-edge.x)^2 +
    //                     (center.y-edge.y)^2)

    // Rep invariant:
    // center != null && edge != null &&
    // !center.equals(edge)

    // ...
}
```

Circle Implementation 3

```
public class Circle3 {
    private Point corner1, corner2;

    // Abstraction function:
    // AF(this) = a circle c such that
    //     c.center =
    //     c.radius =

    // Rep invariant:
    // corner1 != null && corner2 != null &&
    // !corner1.equals(corner2)

    // ...
}
```

Circle Implementation 3

```
public class Circle3 {
    private Point corner1, corner2;

    // Abstraction function:
    // AF(this) = a circle c such that
    //     c.center =  $\langle (\text{corner1.x} + \text{corner2.x}) / 2, (\text{corner1.y} + \text{corner2.y}) / 2 \rangle$ ,

    //     c.radius =  $(1/2) * \sqrt{(\text{corner1.x} - \text{corner2.x})^2 + (\text{corner1.y} - \text{corner2.y})^2}$ 

    // Rep invariant:
    //     corner1 != null && corner2 != null &&
    //     !corner1.equals(corner2)

    //     ...
}
```

ADT Example: NonNullStringList

```
public class NonNullStringList {
    // Abstraction function:
    // ??

    // Rep invariant:
    // ??

    public void add(String s) { ... }
    public boolean remove(String s) { ... }
    public String get(int i) { ... }
}
```


NonNullStringList Implementation 1

```
public class NonNullStringList {
    // Abstraction function:
    // Index i in arr contains the (i+1)th element in
    // the list

    // Rep invariant:
    // All elements in arr from index 0 to count-1 are
    // not null

    private String[] arr;
    private int count;

    public void add(String s) { ... }
    public boolean remove(String s) { ... }
    public String get(int i) { ... }
}
```

NonNullStringList Implementation 2

```
public class NonNullStringList {
    // Abstraction function:
    // Value in the nth node after head contains the
    // nth item in the list

    // Rep invariant:
    // Head has size nodes after it, each of whose
    // value is non-null, no cycle in ListNodes

    private int size;
    private ListNode head;

    public void add(String s) { ... }
    public boolean remove(String s) { ... }
    public String get(int i) { ... }
}
```