

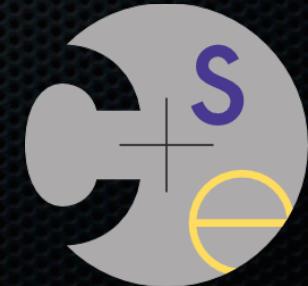
CSE 333

Lecture 3 - pointers, pointers, pointers

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Administrivia

hw0 out, due Mon. 11 pm.

- You really ought to set up a source code repository for the hw projects this quarter. Cheap backup, easy to work from multiple locations/computers, can set one up in your cse home directory and there's now a link on hw0 to some details about that
 - ▶ If you use a hosted service like github, be careful that you don't make it visible to anyone else

ex2 out now, due Monday before class

- Good idea to start using clint.py to check code

ex1 solution will be posted after class

hw1, first big project, out next week

Agenda

Today's goals:

- pointers
- more pointers
- pointers and call-by-reference
- arrays and pointers

& and *

&foo // virtual address of foo - “address of”
**pointer* // dereference a pointer
**pointer = value;* // dereference / assign

deref.c

```
int x = 42;
int *p;           // p is a pointer to an integer
p = &x;          // p now stores the address of x

printf("x is %d\n", x);
*p = 99;
printf("x is %d\n", x);
```

Something curious

Let's try running this program several times:

asr.c

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main(int argc, char **argv) {
    int x = 1;
    int *p = &x;

    printf("&x: %p;    p: %p;    &p: %p\n",
           &x, p, &p);
    return 0;
}
```

```
[bash]$ ./asr
&x: 0xbfa521dc;    p: 0xbfa521dc;    &p: 0xbfa521d8
[bash]$ ./asr
&x: 0xbf836f5c;    p: 0xbf836f5c;    &p: 0xbf836f58
[bash]$ ./asr
&x: 0xbfea39dc;    p: 0xbfea39dc;    &p: 0xbfea39d8
```

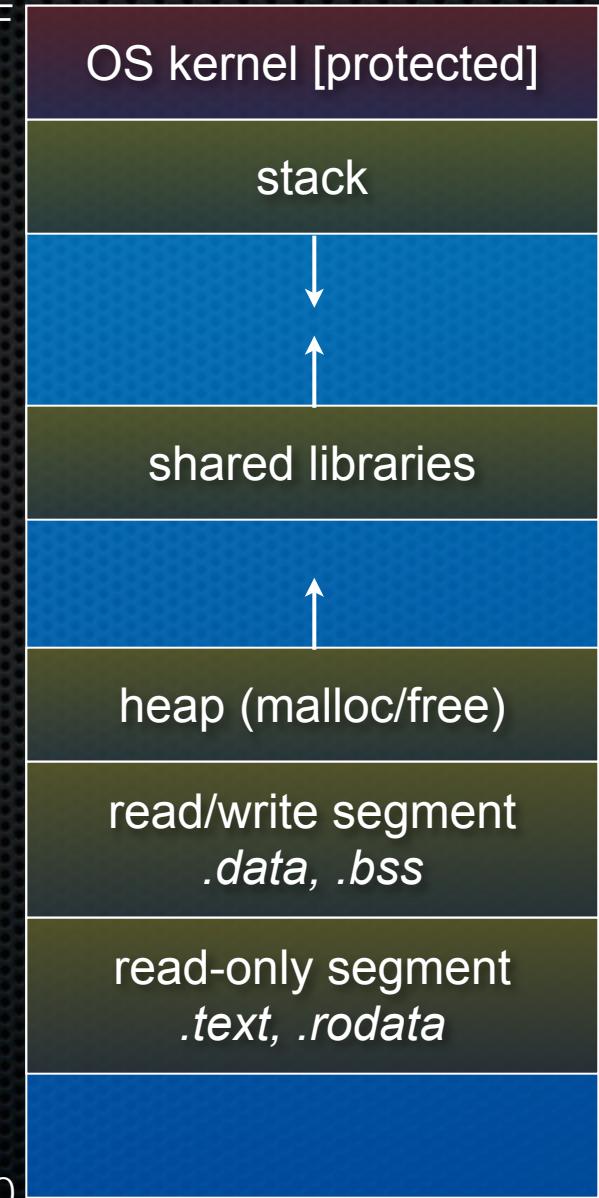
ASR

Linux uses address-space randomization for added security

- linux randomizes:
 - ▶ base of stack
 - ▶ shared library (mmap) location
- makes stack-based buffer overflow attacks tougher
- makes debugging tougher
- google “disable linux address space randomization”

0xFFFFFFFF

0x00000000



Box and arrow diagrams

boxarrow.c

```
int main(int argc, char **argv) {
    int x = 1;
    int arr[3] = {2, 3, 4};
    int *p = &arr[1];

    printf("&x: %p;  x: %d\n", &x, x);
    printf("&arr[0]: %p;  arr[0]: %d\n", &arr[0], arr[0]);
    printf("&arr[2]: %p;  arr[2]: %d\n", &arr[2], arr[2]);
    printf("&p: %p;  p: %p;  *p: %d\n", &p, p, *p);

    return 0;
}
```

address

name	value
------	-------

&x

x	value
---	-------

&arr[0]

arr[0]	value
--------	-------

&arr[1]

arr[1]	value
--------	-------

&arr[2]

arr[2]	value
--------	-------

&p

p	value
---	-------

Box and arrow diagrams

boxarrow.c

```
int main(int argc, char **argv) {
    int x = 1;
    int arr[3] = {2, 3, 4};
    int *p = &arr[1];

    printf("&x: %p;  x: %d\n", &x, x);
    printf("&arr[0]: %p;  arr[0]: %d\n", &arr[0], arr[0]);
    printf("&arr[2]: %p;  arr[2]: %d\n", &arr[2], arr[2]);
    printf("&p: %p;  p: %p;  *p: %d\n", &p, p, *p);

    return 0;
}
```

address

name	value
------	-------

&x

x	1
---	---

&arr[0]

arr[0]	2
--------	---

&arr[1]

arr[1]	3
--------	---

&arr[2]

arr[2]	4
--------	---

&p

p	&arr[1]
---	---------

Box and arrow diagrams

boxarrow.c

```
int main(int argc, char **argv) {
    int x = 1;
    int arr[3] = {2, 3, 4};
    int *p = &arr[1];

    printf("&x: %p;  x: %d\n", &x, x);
    printf("&arr[0]: %p;  arr[0]: %d\n", &arr[0], arr[0]);
    printf("&arr[2]: %p;  arr[2]: %d\n", &arr[2], arr[2]);
    printf("&p: %p;  p: %p;  *p: %d\n", &p, p, *p);

    return 0;
}
```

address

name	value
------	-------

0xbffff2dc	x	1
------------	---	---

0xbffff2d0	arr[0]	2
0xbffff2d4	arr[1]	3
0xbffff2d8	arr[2]	4

0xbffff2cc	p	0xbffff2d4
------------	---	------------

Box and arrow diagrams

boxarrow.c

```
int main(int argc, char **argv) {
    int x = 1;
    int arr[3] = {2, 3, 4};
    int *p = &arr[1];

    printf("&x: %p;  x: %d\n", &x, x);
    printf("&arr[0]: %p;  arr[0]: %d\n", &arr[0], arr[0]);
    printf("&arr[2]: %p;  arr[2]: %d\n", &arr[2], arr[2]);
    printf("&p: %p;  p: %p;  *p: %d\n", &p, p, *p);

    return 0;
}
```

address	name	value
---------	------	-------

0xbffff2dc	x	1
0xbffff2d8	arr[2]	4
0xbffff2d4	arr[1]	3
0xbffff2d0	arr[0]	2
0xbffff2cc	p	0xbffff2d4

main()'s stack frame

Box and arrow diagrams

boxarrow.c

```
int main(int argc, char **argv) {
    int x = 1;
    int arr[3] = {2, 3, 4};
    int *p = &arr[1];

    printf("&x: %p;  x: %d\n", &x, x);
    printf("&arr[0]: %p;  arr[0]: %d\n", &arr[0], arr[0]);
    printf("&arr[2]: %p;  arr[2]: %d\n", &arr[2], arr[2]);
    printf("&p: %p;  p: %p;  *p: %d\n", &p, p, *p);

    return 0;
}
```

address

name	value
------	-------

0xbffff2dc

x	1
---	---

0xbffff2d0

arr[0]	2
--------	---

0xbffff2d4

arr[1]	3
--------	---

0xbffff2d8

arr[2]	4
--------	---



0xbffff2cc

p	0xbffff2d4
---	------------

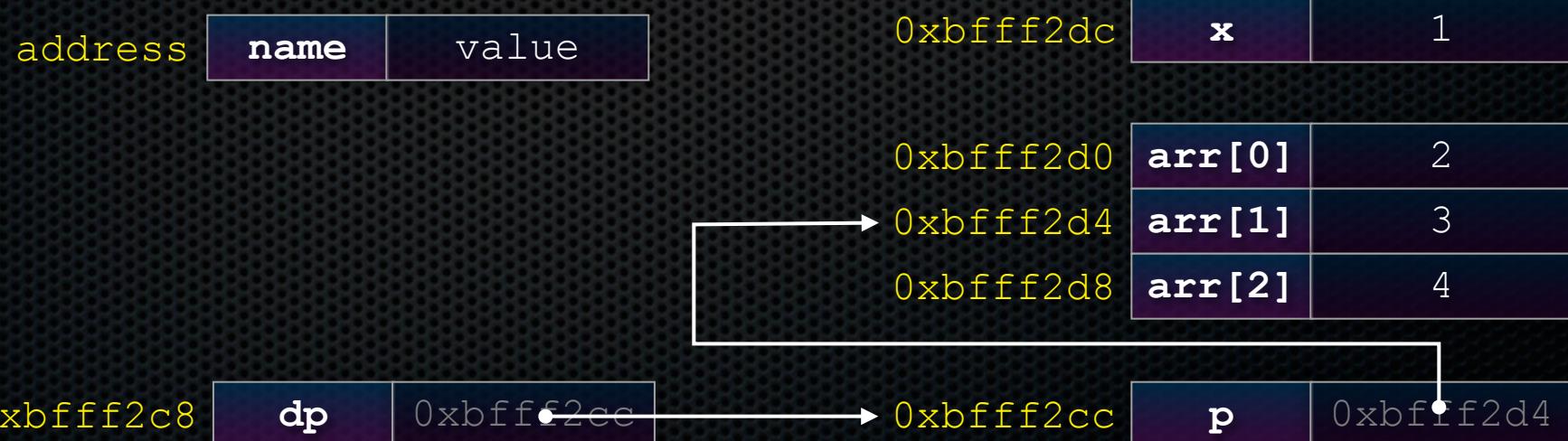
Box and arrow diagrams

boxarrow2.c

```
int main(int argc, char **argv) {
    int x = 1;
    int arr[3] = {2, 3, 4};
    int *p = &arr[1];
    int **dp = &p; ←

    (*dp) += 1;
    p += 1;
    (*dp) += 1;

    return 0;
}
```



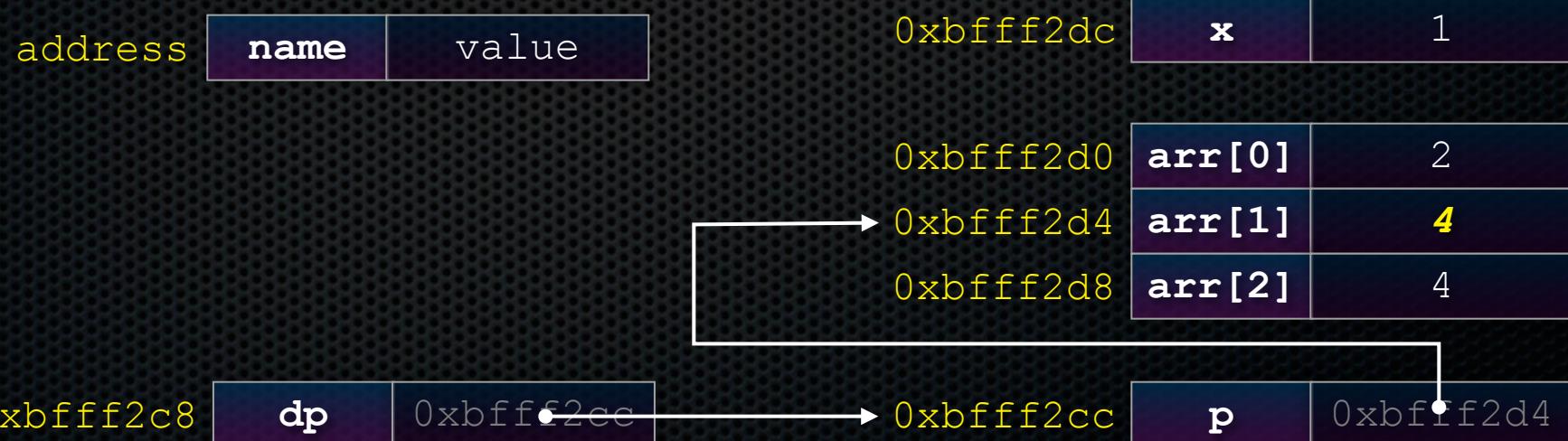
Box and arrow diagrams

boxarrow2.c

```
int main(int argc, char **argv) {
    int x = 1;
    int arr[3] = {2, 3, 4};
    int *p = &arr[1];
    int **dp = &p;

    *(*dp) += 1; ←
    p += 1;
    *(*dp) += 1;

    return 0;
}
```



Box and arrow diagrams

boxarrow2.c

```
int main(int argc, char **argv) {
    int x = 1;
    int arr[3] = {2, 3, 4};
    int *p = &arr[1];
    int **dp = &p;

    (*dp) += 1;
    p += 1; ←
    (*dp) += 1;

    return 0;
}
```

address | **name** | value

0xbffff2dc x 1

0xbffff2d0	arr[0]	2
0xbffff2d4	arr[1]	4
0xbffff2d8	arr[2]	4



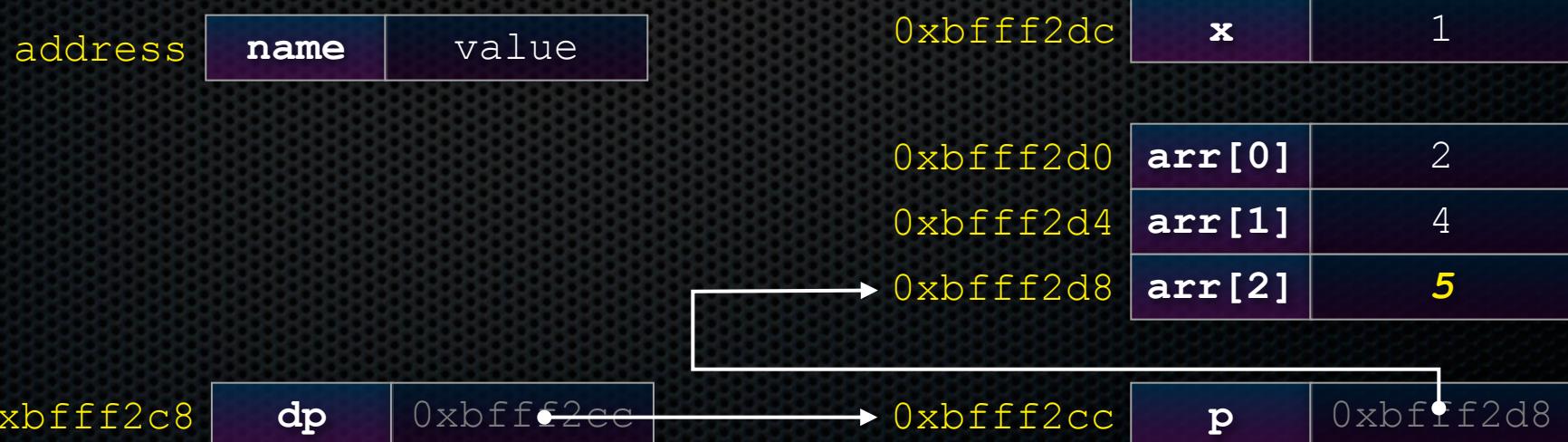
Box and arrow diagrams

boxarrow2.c

```
int main(int argc, char **argv) {
    int x = 1;
    int arr[3] = {2, 3, 4};
    int *p = &arr[1];
    int **dp = &p;

    *(*dp) += 1;
    p += 1;
    *(*dp) += 1; ←

    return 0;
}
```



Pointer arithmetic

Pointers are typed

- `int *int_ptr;` vs. `char *char_ptr;`
- pointer arithmetic obeys those types
- see *pointerarithmetic.c*

```

#include <stdio.h>

int main(int argc, char **argv) {
    int arr[3] = {1, 2, 3};
    int *int_ptr = &arr[0];
    char *char_ptr = (char *) int_ptr;

    printf("int_ptr: %p;    *int_ptr: %d\n",
           int_ptr, *int_ptr);
    int_ptr += 1;
    printf("int_ptr: %p;    *int_ptr: %d\n",
           int_ptr, *int_ptr);
    int_ptr += 2; // uh oh
    printf("int_ptr: %p;    *int_ptr: %d\n",
           int_ptr, *int_ptr);

    printf("char_ptr: %p;    *char_ptr: %d\n",
           char_ptr, *char_ptr);
    char_ptr += 1;
    printf("char_ptr: %p;    *char_ptr: %d\n",
           char_ptr, *char_ptr);
    char_ptr += 2;
    printf("char_ptr: %p;    *char_ptr: %d\n",
           char_ptr, *char_ptr);

    return 0;
}

```

pointerarithmetic.c

0xFFFFFFFF

char_ptr
int_ptr
arr[2]
arr[1]
arr[0]

stack

(assume 32-bit x86)



```

#include <stdio.h>

int main(int argc, char **argv) {
    int arr[3] = {1, 2, 3};
    int *int_ptr = &arr[0];
    char *char_ptr = (char *) int_ptr;

    printf("int_ptr: %p;    *int_ptr: %d\n",
           int_ptr, *int_ptr);
    int_ptr += 1;
    printf("int_ptr: %p;    *int_ptr: %d\n",
           int_ptr, *int_ptr);
    int_ptr += 2; // uh oh
    printf("int_ptr: %p;    *int_ptr: %d\n",
           int_ptr, *int_ptr);

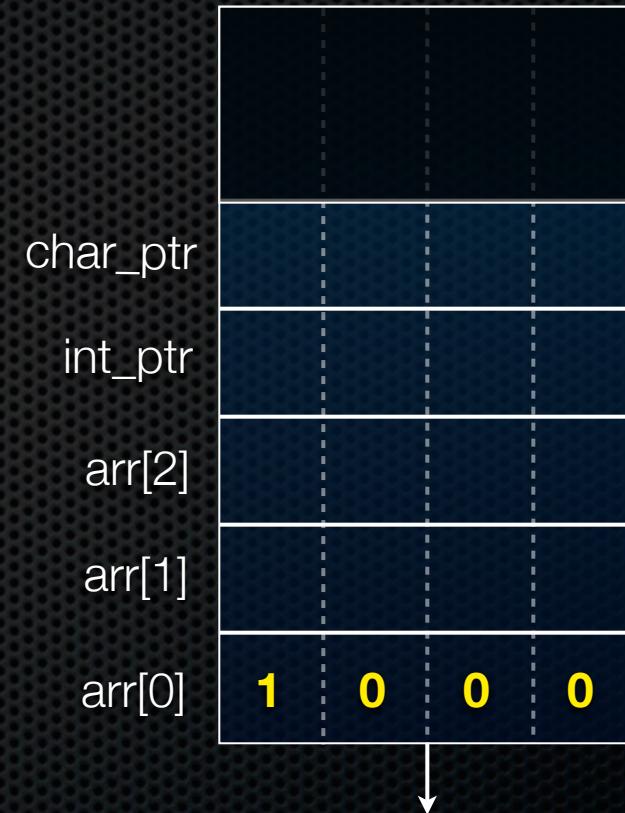
    printf("char_ptr: %p;    *char_ptr: %d\n",
           char_ptr, *char_ptr);
    char_ptr += 1;
    printf("char_ptr: %p;    *char_ptr: %d\n",
           char_ptr, *char_ptr);
    char_ptr += 2;
    printf("char_ptr: %p;    *char_ptr: %d\n",
           char_ptr, *char_ptr);

    return 0;
}

```

pointerarithmetic.c

stack
(assume 32-bit x86)



(x86 is little endian)

```

#include <stdio.h>

int main(int argc, char **argv) {
    int arr[3] = {1, 2, 3};
    int *int_ptr = &arr[0];
    char *char_ptr = (char *) int_ptr;

    printf("int_ptr: %p;    *int_ptr: %d\n",
           int_ptr, *int_ptr);
    int_ptr += 1;
    printf("int_ptr: %p;    *int_ptr: %d\n",
           int_ptr, *int_ptr);
    int_ptr += 2; // uh oh
    printf("int_ptr: %p;    *int_ptr: %d\n",
           int_ptr, *int_ptr);

    printf("char_ptr: %p;    *char_ptr: %d\n",
           char_ptr, *char_ptr);
    char_ptr += 1;
    printf("char_ptr: %p;    *char_ptr: %d\n",
           char_ptr, *char_ptr);
    char_ptr += 2;
    printf("char_ptr: %p;    *char_ptr: %d\n",
           char_ptr, *char_ptr);

    return 0;
}

```

pointerarithmetic.c

stack
(assume 32-bit x86)

3	0	0	0
2	0	0	0
1	0	0	0

```

#include <stdio.h>

int main(int argc, char **argv) {
    int arr[3] = {1, 2, 3};
    int *int_ptr = &arr[0];
    char *char_ptr = (char *) int_ptr;

    printf("int_ptr: %p;  *int_ptr: %d\n",
           int_ptr, *int_ptr);
    int_ptr += 1;
    printf("int_ptr: %p;  *int_ptr: %d\n",
           int_ptr, *int_ptr);
    int_ptr += 2; // uh oh
    printf("int_ptr: %p;  *int_ptr: %d\n",
           int_ptr, *int_ptr);

    printf("char_ptr: %p;  *char_ptr: %d\n",
           char_ptr, *char_ptr);
    char_ptr += 1;
    printf("char_ptr: %p;  *char_ptr: %d\n",
           char_ptr, *char_ptr);
    char_ptr += 2;
    printf("char_ptr: %p;  *char_ptr: %d\n",
           char_ptr, *char_ptr);

    return 0;
}

```

pointerarithmetic.c

stack
(assume 32-bit x86)



```

#include <stdio.h>

int main(int argc, char **argv) {
    int arr[3] = {1, 2, 3};
    int *int_ptr = &arr[0];
    char *char_ptr = (char *) int_ptr;

    printf("int_ptr: %p;  *int_ptr: %d\n",
           int_ptr, *int_ptr);
    int_ptr += 1;
    printf("int_ptr: %p;  *int_ptr: %d\n",
           int_ptr, *int_ptr);
    int_ptr += 2; // uh oh
    printf("int_ptr: %p;  *int_ptr: %d\n",
           int_ptr, *int_ptr);

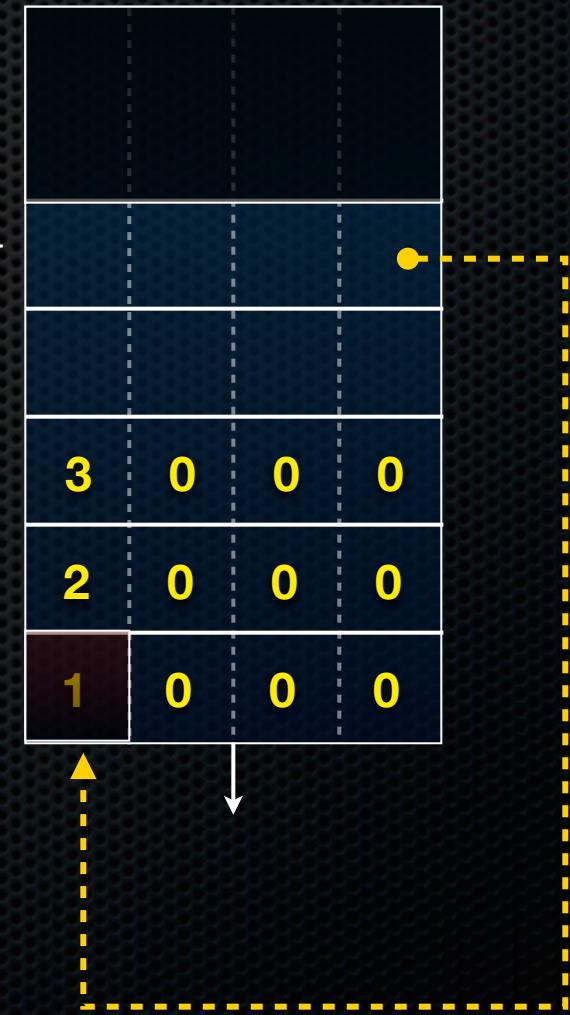
    printf("char_ptr: %p;  *char_ptr: %d\n",
           char_ptr, *char_ptr);
    char_ptr += 1;
    printf("char_ptr: %p;  *char_ptr: %d\n",
           char_ptr, *char_ptr);
    char_ptr += 2;
    printf("char_ptr: %p;  *char_ptr: %d\n",
           char_ptr, *char_ptr);

    return 0;
}

```

pointerarithmetic.c

stack
(assume 32-bit x86)



```

#include <stdio.h>

int main(int argc, char **argv) {
    int arr[3] = {1, 2, 3};
    int *int_ptr = &arr[0];
    char *char_ptr = (char *) int_ptr;

    → printf("int_ptr: %p;  *int_ptr: %d\n",
              int_ptr, *int_ptr);
    int_ptr += 1;
    printf("int_ptr: %p;  *int_ptr: %d\n",
              int_ptr, *int_ptr);
    int_ptr += 2; // uh oh
    printf("int_ptr: %p;  *int_ptr: %d\n",
              int_ptr, *int_ptr);

    printf("char_ptr: %p;  *char_ptr: %d\n",
              char_ptr, *char_ptr);
    char_ptr += 1;
    printf("char_ptr: %p;  *char_ptr: %d\n",
              char_ptr, *char_ptr);
    char_ptr += 2;
    printf("char_ptr: %p;  *char_ptr: %d\n",
              char_ptr, *char_ptr);

    return 0;
}

```

pointerarithmetic.c

stack
(assume 32-bit x86)

3	0	0	0
2	0	0	0
1	0	0	0

int_ptr: 0xbffff2ac; *int_ptr: 1

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main(int argc, char **argv) {
    int arr[3] = {1, 2, 3};
    int *int_ptr = &arr[0];
    char *char_ptr = (char *) int_ptr;

    printf("int_ptr: %p;    *int_ptr: %d\n",
           int_ptr, *int_ptr);
    int_ptr += 1;
    printf("int_ptr: %p;    *int_ptr: %d\n",
           int_ptr, *int_ptr);
    int_ptr += 2; // uh oh
    printf("int_ptr: %p;    *int_ptr: %d\n",
           int_ptr, *int_ptr);

    printf("char_ptr: %p;    *char_ptr: %d\n",
           char_ptr, *char_ptr);
    char_ptr += 1;
    printf("char_ptr: %p;    *char_ptr: %d\n",
           char_ptr, *char_ptr);
    char_ptr += 2;
    printf("char_ptr: %p;    *char_ptr: %d\n",
           char_ptr, *char_ptr);

    return 0;
}
```



```
int ptr: 0xfffff2ac; *int ptr: 1
```

```

#include <stdio.h>

int main(int argc, char **argv) {
    int arr[3] = {1, 2, 3};
    int *int_ptr = &arr[0];
    char *char_ptr = (char *) int_ptr;

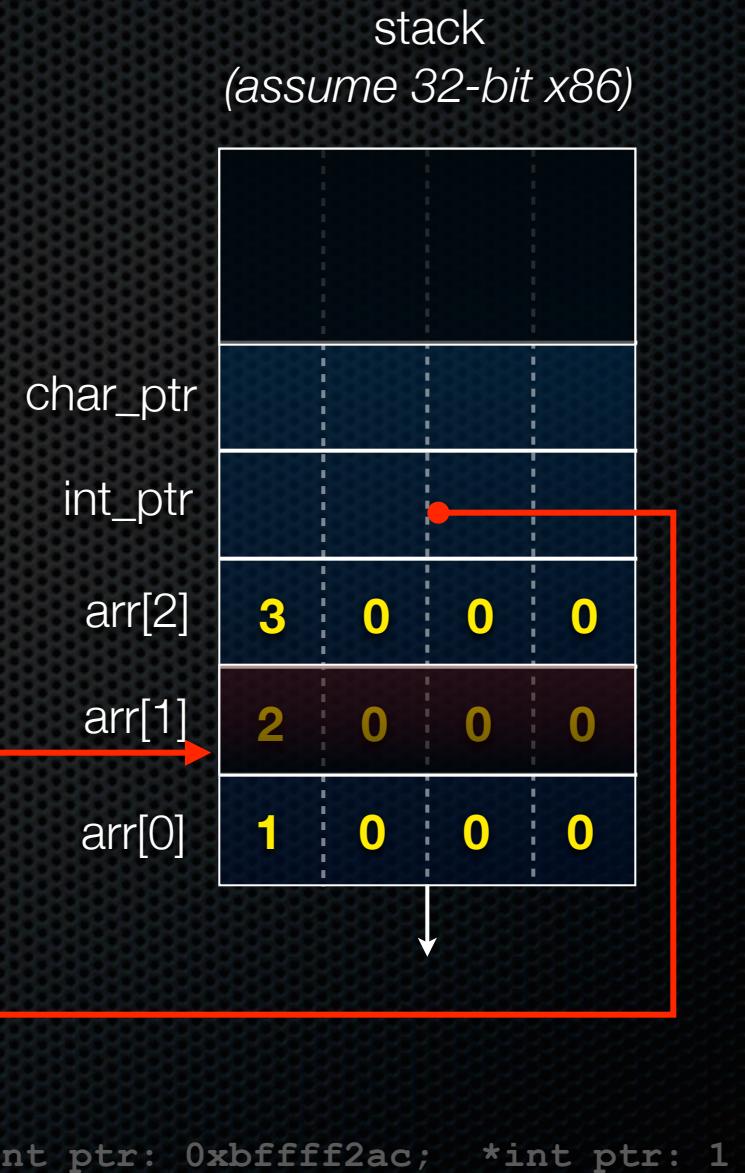
    printf("int_ptr: %p;  *int_ptr: %d\n",
           int_ptr, *int_ptr);
    int_ptr += 1;
    printf("int_ptr: %p;  *int_ptr: %d\n",
           int_ptr, *int_ptr);
    int_ptr += 2; // uh oh
    printf("int_ptr: %p;  *int_ptr: %d\n",
           int_ptr, *int_ptr);

    printf("char_ptr: %p;  *char_ptr: %d\n",
           char_ptr, *char_ptr);
    char_ptr += 1;
    printf("char_ptr: %p;  *char_ptr: %d\n",
           char_ptr, *char_ptr);
    char_ptr += 2;
    printf("char_ptr: %p;  *char_ptr: %d\n",
           char_ptr, *char_ptr);

    return 0;
}

```

pointerarithmetic.c



```

#include <stdio.h>

int main(int argc, char **argv) {
    int arr[3] = {1, 2, 3};
    int *int_ptr = &arr[0];
    char *char_ptr = (char *) int_ptr;

    printf("int_ptr: %p;  *int_ptr: %d\n",
           int_ptr, *int_ptr);
    int_ptr += 1;
    printf("int_ptr: %p;  *int_ptr: %d\n",
           int_ptr, *int_ptr);
    int_ptr += 2; // uh oh
    printf("int_ptr: %p;  *int_ptr: %d\n",
           int_ptr, *int_ptr);

    printf("char_ptr: %p;  *char_ptr: %d\n",
           char_ptr, *char_ptr);
    char_ptr += 1;
    printf("char_ptr: %p;  *char_ptr: %d\n",
           char_ptr, *char_ptr);
    char_ptr += 2;
    printf("char_ptr: %p;  *char_ptr: %d\n",
           char_ptr, *char_ptr);

    return 0;
}

```

pointerarithmetic.c

stack
(assume 32-bit x86)



```

int_ptr: 0xbffff2ac;  *int_ptr: 1
int_ptr: 0xbffff2b0;  *int_ptr: 2

```

```

#include <stdio.h>

int main(int argc, char **argv) {
    int arr[3] = {1, 2, 3};
    int *int_ptr = &arr[0];
    char *char_ptr = (char *) int_ptr;

    printf("int_ptr: %p;  *int_ptr: %d\n",
           int_ptr, *int_ptr);
    int_ptr += 1;
    printf("int_ptr: %p;  *int_ptr: %d\n",
           int_ptr, *int_ptr);
    int_ptr += 2; // uh oh
    printf("int_ptr: %p;  *int_ptr: %d\n",
           int_ptr, *int_ptr);

    printf("char_ptr: %p;  *char_ptr: %d\n",
           char_ptr, *char_ptr);
    char_ptr += 1;
    printf("char_ptr: %p;  *char_ptr: %d\n",
           char_ptr, *char_ptr);
    char_ptr += 2;
    printf("char_ptr: %p;  *char_ptr: %d\n",
           char_ptr, *char_ptr);

    return 0;
}

```

pointerarithmetic.c

stack
(assume 32-bit x86)



int_ptr: 0xbffff2ac; *int_ptr: 1
 int_ptr: 0xbffff2b0; *int_ptr: 2

```

#include <stdio.h>

int main(int argc, char **argv) {
    int arr[3] = {1, 2, 3};
    int *int_ptr = &arr[0];
    char *char_ptr = (char *) int_ptr;

    printf("int_ptr: %p;  *int_ptr: %d\n",
           int_ptr, *int_ptr);
    int_ptr += 1;
    printf("int_ptr: %p;  *int_ptr: %d\n",
           int_ptr, *int_ptr);
    int_ptr += 2; // uh oh
    printf("int_ptr: %p;  *int_ptr: %d\n",
           int_ptr, *int_ptr);

    printf("char_ptr: %p;  *char_ptr: %d\n",
           char_ptr, *char_ptr);
    char_ptr += 1;
    printf("char_ptr: %p;  *char_ptr: %d\n",
           char_ptr, *char_ptr);
    char_ptr += 2;
    printf("char_ptr: %p;  *char_ptr: %d\n",
           char_ptr, *char_ptr);

    return 0;
}

```

pointerarithmetic.c

stack
(assume 32-bit x86)



```

int_ptr: 0xbffff2ac;  *int_ptr: 1
int_ptr: 0xbffff2b0;  *int_ptr: 2
int_ptr: 0xbffff2b8;  *int_ptr:
-1073745224

```

```

#include <stdio.h>

int main(int argc, char **argv) {
    int arr[3] = {1, 2, 3};
    int *int_ptr = &arr[0];
    char *char_ptr = (char *) int_ptr;

    printf("int_ptr: %p;  *int_ptr: %d\n",
           int_ptr, *int_ptr);
    int_ptr += 1;
    printf("int_ptr: %p;  *int_ptr: %d\n",
           int_ptr, *int_ptr);
    int_ptr += 2; // uh oh
    printf("int_ptr: %p;  *int_ptr: %d\n",
           int_ptr, *int_ptr);

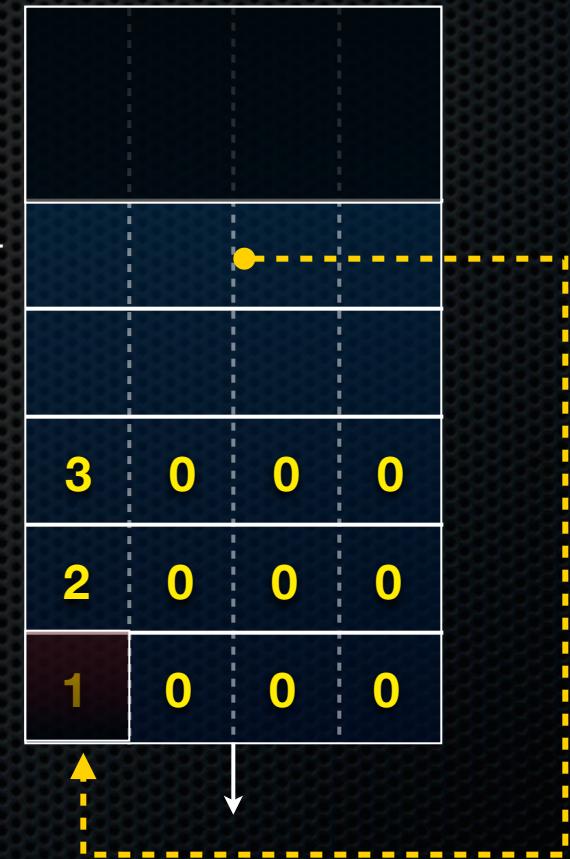
    → printf("char_ptr: %p;  *char_ptr: %d\n",
             char_ptr, *char_ptr);
    char_ptr += 1;
    printf("char_ptr: %p;  *char_ptr: %d\n",
           char_ptr, *char_ptr);
    char_ptr += 2;
    printf("char_ptr: %p;  *char_ptr: %d\n",
           char_ptr, *char_ptr);

    return 0;
}

```

pointerarithmetic.c

stack
(assume 32-bit x86)



char_ptr: 0xbfffff2ac; *char_ptr: 1

```

#include <stdio.h>

int main(int argc, char **argv) {
    int arr[3] = {1, 2, 3};
    int *int_ptr = &arr[0];
    char *char_ptr = (char *) int_ptr;

    printf("int_ptr: %p;  *int_ptr: %d\n",
           int_ptr, *int_ptr);
    int_ptr += 1;
    printf("int_ptr: %p;  *int_ptr: %d\n",
           int_ptr, *int_ptr);
    int_ptr += 2; // uh oh
    printf("int_ptr: %p;  *int_ptr: %d\n",
           int_ptr, *int_ptr);

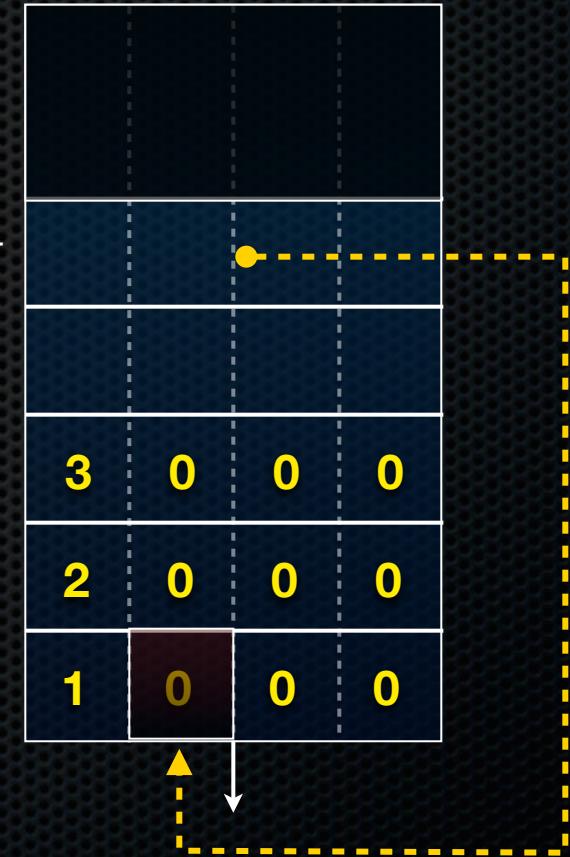
    printf("char_ptr: %p;  *char_ptr: %d\n",
           char_ptr, *char_ptr);
    char_ptr += 1;
    printf("char_ptr: %p;  *char_ptr: %d\n",
           char_ptr, *char_ptr);
    char_ptr += 2;
    printf("char_ptr: %p;  *char_ptr: %d\n",
           char_ptr, *char_ptr);

    return 0;
}

```

pointerarithmetic.c

stack
(assume 32-bit x86)



char_ptr: 0xbffff2ac; *char_ptr: 1

```

#include <stdio.h>

int main(int argc, char **argv) {
    int arr[3] = {1, 2, 3};
    int *int_ptr = &arr[0];
    char *char_ptr = (char *) int_ptr;

    printf("int_ptr: %p;    *int_ptr: %d\n",
           int_ptr, *int_ptr);
    int_ptr += 1;
    printf("int_ptr: %p;    *int_ptr: %d\n",
           int_ptr, *int_ptr);
    int_ptr += 2; // uh oh
    printf("int_ptr: %p;    *int_ptr: %d\n",
           int_ptr, *int_ptr);

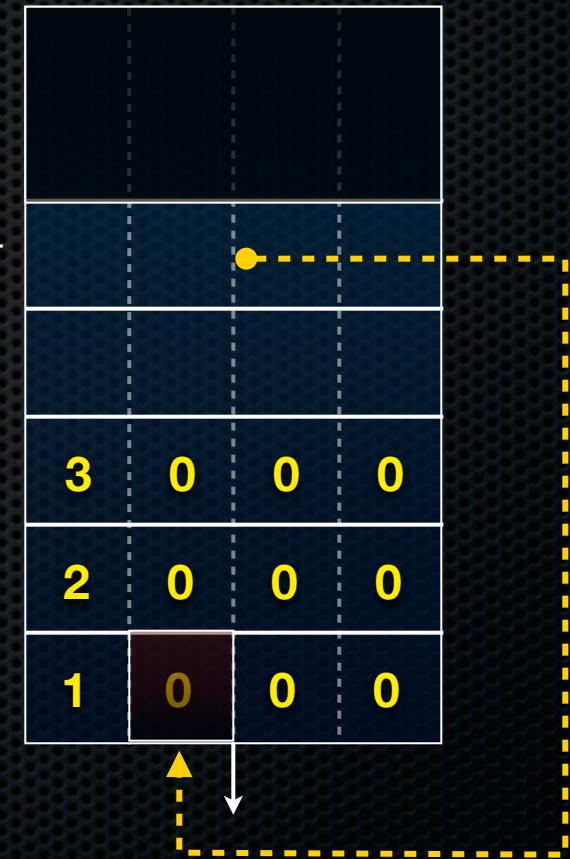
    printf("char_ptr: %p;    *char_ptr: %d\n",
           char_ptr, *char_ptr);
    char_ptr += 1;
    printf("char_ptr: %p;    *char_ptr: %d\n",
           char_ptr, *char_ptr);
    char_ptr += 2;
    printf("char_ptr: %p;    *char_ptr: %d\n",
           char_ptr, *char_ptr);

    return 0;
}

```

pointerarithmetic.c

stack
(assume 32-bit x86)



`char_ptr: 0xbfffff2ac; *char_ptr: 1`
`char_ptr: 0xbfffff2ad; *char_ptr: 0`

```

#include <stdio.h>

int main(int argc, char **argv) {
    int arr[3] = {1, 2, 3};
    int *int_ptr = &arr[0];
    char *char_ptr = (char *) int_ptr;

    printf("int_ptr: %p;    *int_ptr: %d\n",
           int_ptr, *int_ptr);
    int_ptr += 1;
    printf("int_ptr: %p;    *int_ptr: %d\n",
           int_ptr, *int_ptr);
    int_ptr += 2; // uh oh
    printf("int_ptr: %p;    *int_ptr: %d\n",
           int_ptr, *int_ptr);

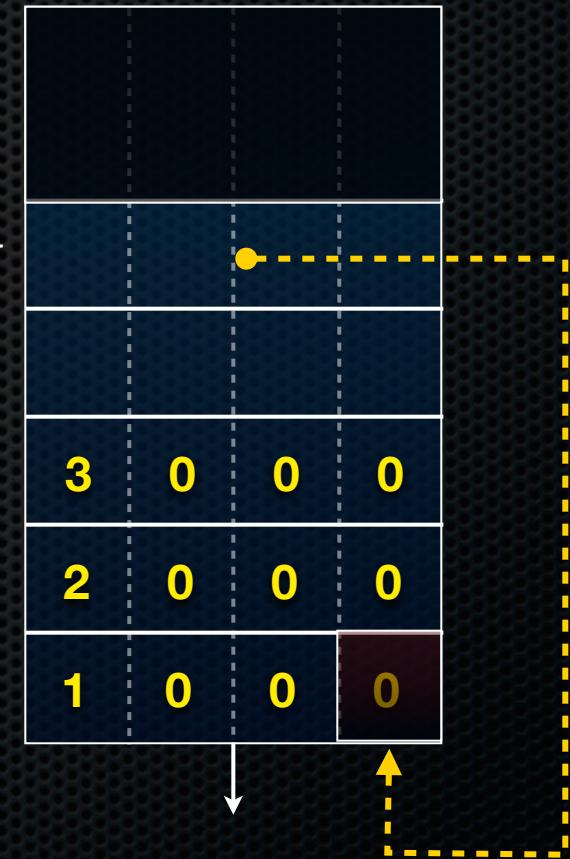
    printf("char_ptr: %p;    *char_ptr: %d\n",
           char_ptr, *char_ptr);
    char_ptr += 1;
    printf("char_ptr: %p;    *char_ptr: %d\n",
           char_ptr, *char_ptr);
    char_ptr += 2;
    printf("char_ptr: %p;    *char_ptr: %d\n",
           char_ptr, *char_ptr);

    return 0;
}

```

pointerarithmetic.c

stack
(assume 32-bit x86)



char_ptr: 0xbfffff2ac; *char_ptr: 1
char_ptr: 0xbfffff2ad; *char_ptr: 0

```

#include <stdio.h>

int main(int argc, char **argv) {
    int arr[3] = {1, 2, 3};
    int *int_ptr = &arr[0];
    char *char_ptr = (char *) int_ptr;

    printf("int_ptr: %p;    *int_ptr: %d\n",
           int_ptr, *int_ptr);
    int_ptr += 1;
    printf("int_ptr: %p;    *int_ptr: %d\n",
           int_ptr, *int_ptr);
    int_ptr += 2; // uh oh
    printf("int_ptr: %p;    *int_ptr: %d\n",
           int_ptr, *int_ptr);

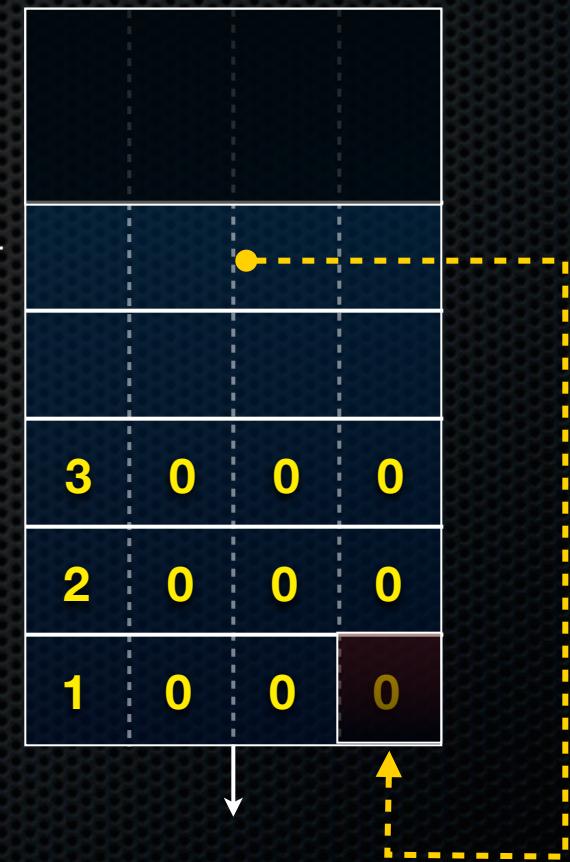
    printf("char_ptr: %p;    *char_ptr: %d\n",
           char_ptr, *char_ptr);
    char_ptr += 1;
    printf("char_ptr: %p;    *char_ptr: %d\n",
           char_ptr, *char_ptr);
    char_ptr += 2;
    printf("char_ptr: %p;    *char_ptr: %d\n",
           char_ptr, *char_ptr);

    return 0;
}

```

pointerarithmetic.c

stack
(assume 32-bit x86)



```

char_ptr: 0xbfffff2ac;    *char_ptr: 1
char_ptr: 0xbfffff2ad;    *char_ptr: 0
char_ptr: 0xbfffff2af;    *char_ptr: 0

```

Pass-by-value

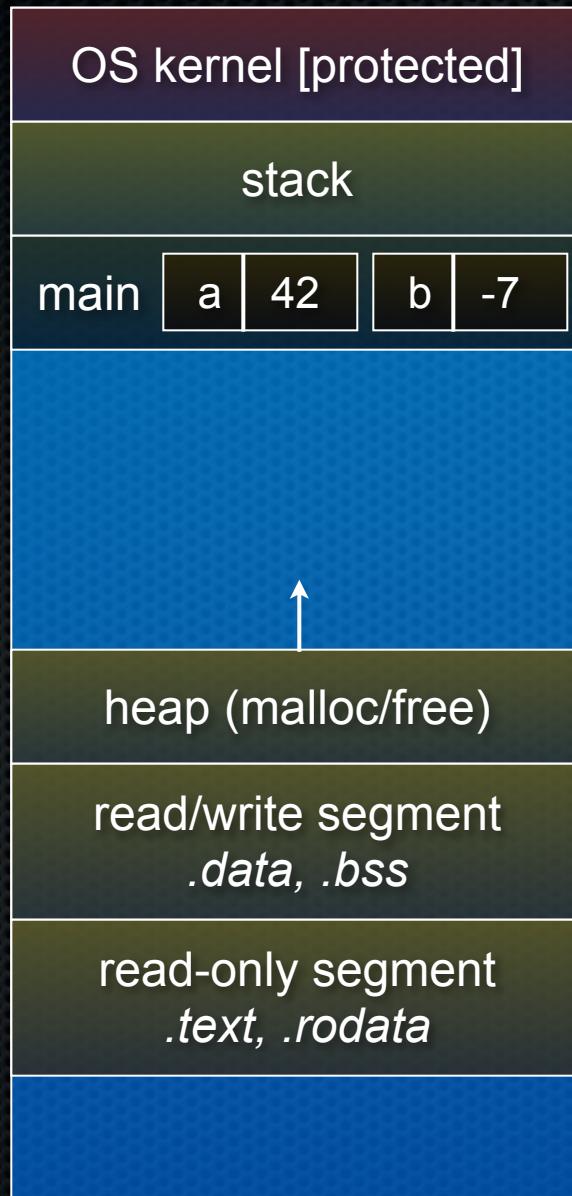
C passes arguments by **value**

- callee receives a **copy** of the argument
- if the callee modifies an argument, caller's copy isn't modified

```
void swap(int a, int b) {  
    int tmp = a;  
    a = b;  
    b = tmp;  
}  
  
int main(int argc, char **argv) {  
    int a = 42, b = -7;  
  
    swap(a, b);  
    printf("a: %d, b: %d\n", a, b);  
    return 0;  
}
```

brokenswap.c

Pass-by-value (stack)



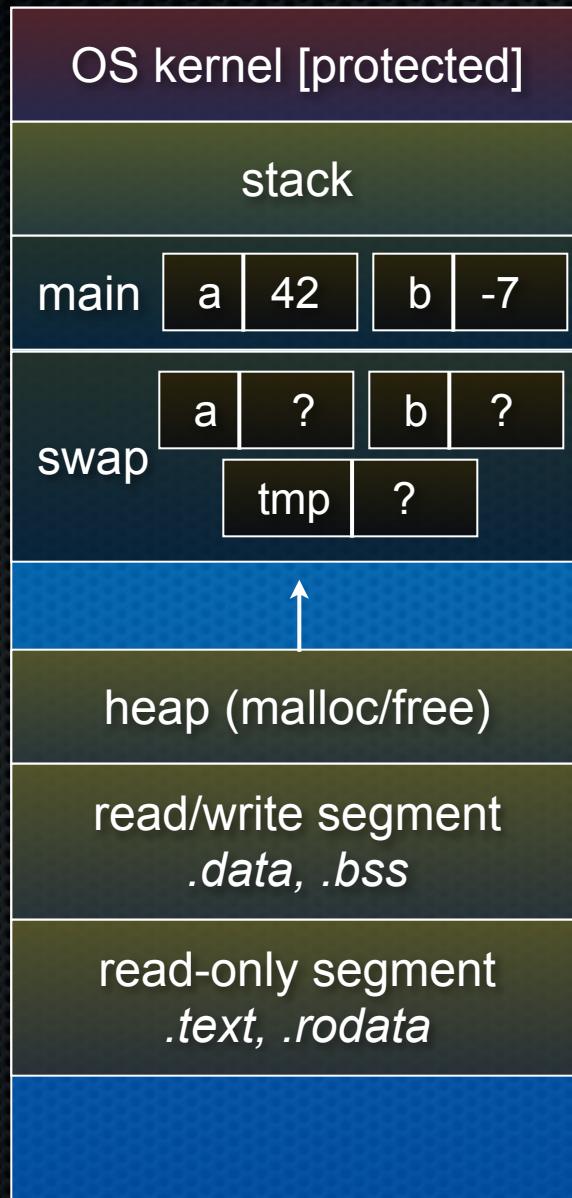
```
void swap(int a, int b) {
    int tmp = a;
    a = b;
    b = tmp;
}

int main(int argc, char **argv) {
    int a = 42, b = -7;

    swap(a, b);
    printf("a: %d, b: %d\n", a, b);
    return 0;
}
```

brokenswap.c

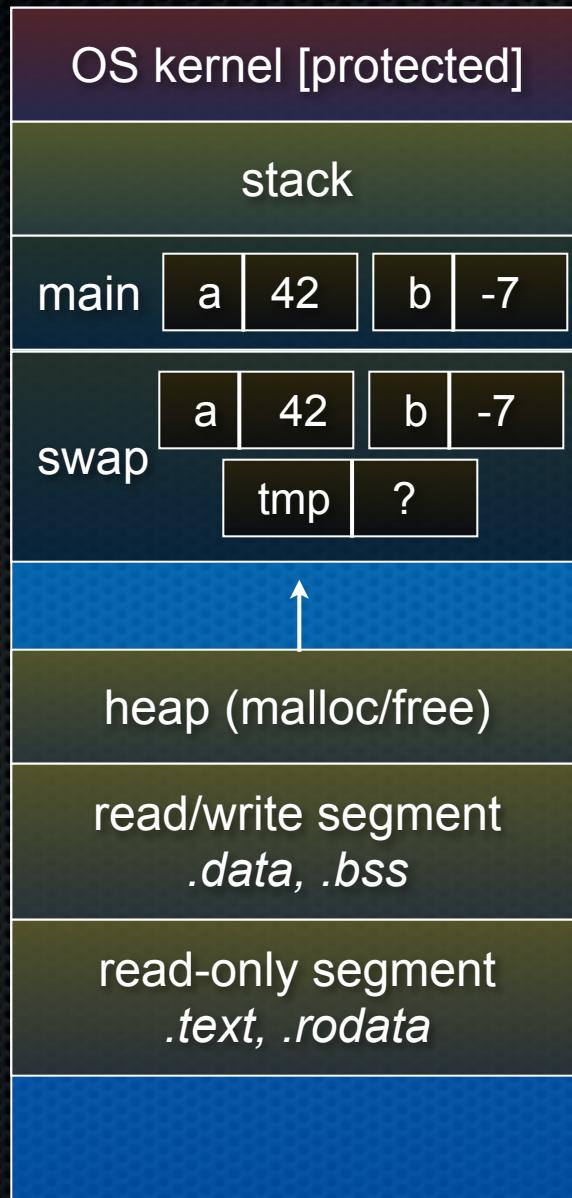
Pass-by-value (stack)



```
void swap(int a, int b) {  
    int tmp = a;  
    a = b;  
    b = tmp;  
}  
  
int main(int argc, char **argv) {  
    int a = 42, b = -7;  
  
    swap(a, b);  
    printf("a: %d, b: %d\n", a, b);  
    return 0;  
}
```

brokenswap.c

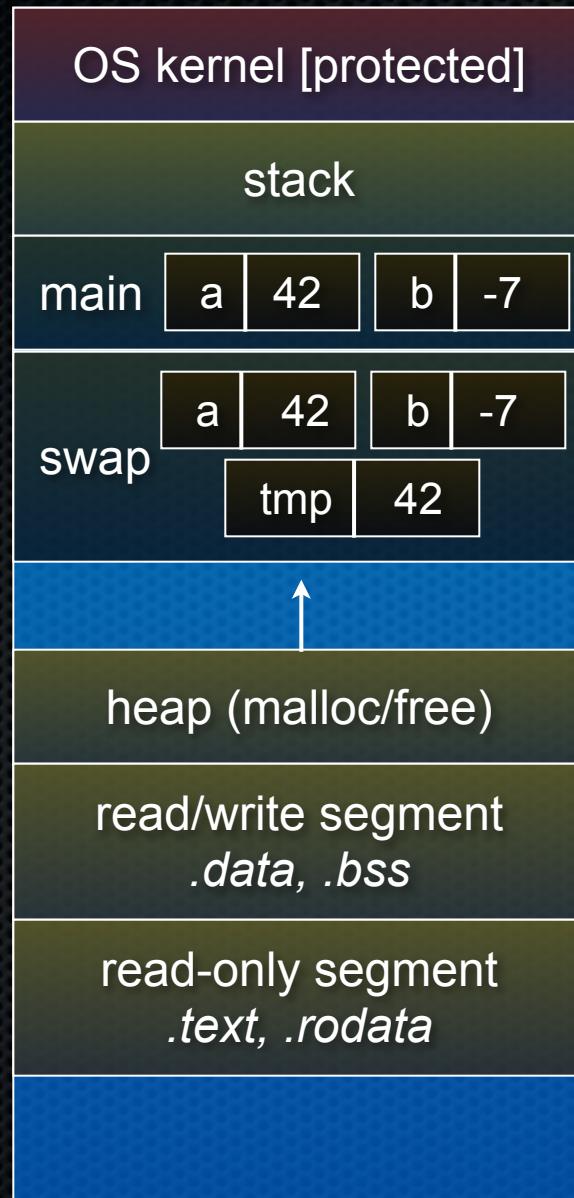
Pass-by-value (stack)



```
void swap(int a, int b) {  
    int tmp = a;  
    a = b;  
    b = tmp;  
}  
  
int main(int argc, char **argv) {  
    int a = 42, b = -7;  
  
    swap(a, b);  
    printf("a: %d, b: %d\n", a, b);  
    return 0;  
}
```

brokenswap.c

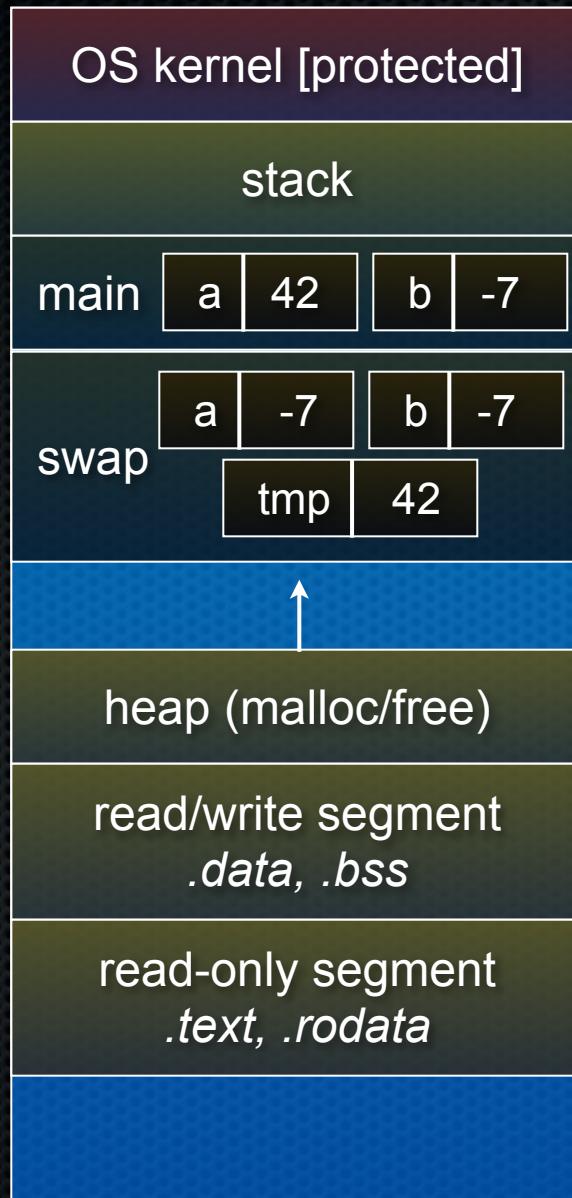
Pass-by-value (stack)



```
void swap(int a, int b) {  
    int tmp = a;  
    a = b;  
    b = tmp;  
}  
  
int main(int argc, char **argv) {  
    int a = 42, b = -7;  
  
    swap(a, b);  
    printf("a: %d, b: %d\n", a, b);  
    return 0;  
}
```

brokenswap.c

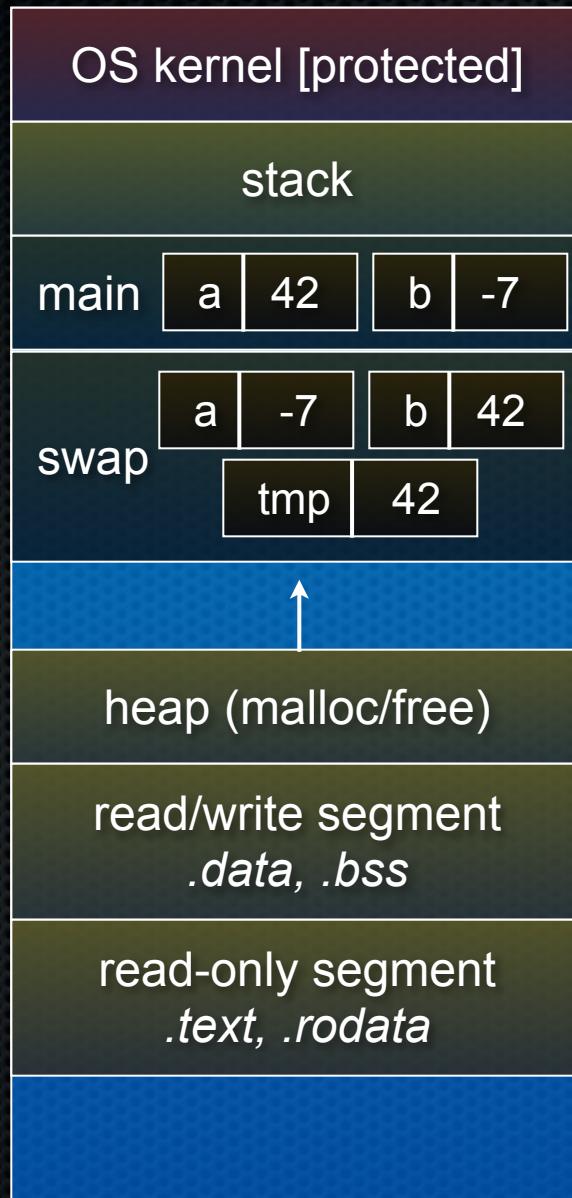
Pass-by-value (stack)



```
void swap(int a, int b) {  
    int tmp = a;  
    a = b;  
    b = tmp;  
}  
  
int main(int argc, char **argv) {  
    int a = 42, b = -7;  
  
    swap(a, b);  
    printf("a: %d, b: %d\n", a, b);  
    return 0;  
}
```

brokenswap.c

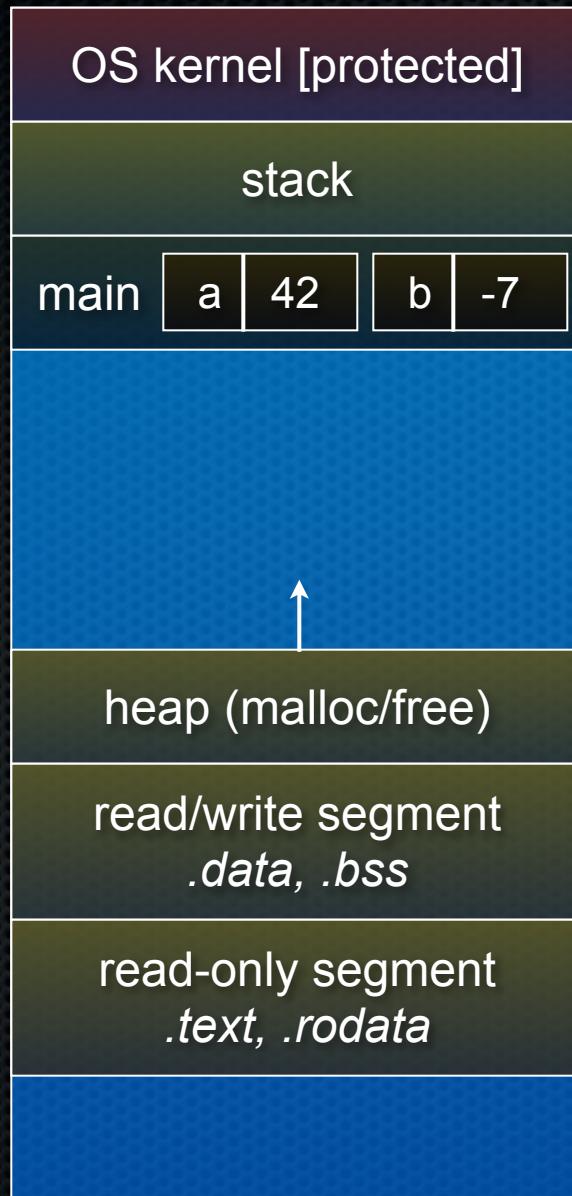
Pass-by-value (stack)



```
void swap(int a, int b) {  
    int tmp = a;  
    a = b;  
    b = tmp;  
}  
  
int main(int argc, char **argv) {  
    int a = 42, b = -7;  
  
    swap(a, b);  
    printf("a: %d, b: %d\n", a, b);  
    return 0;  
}
```

brokenswap.c

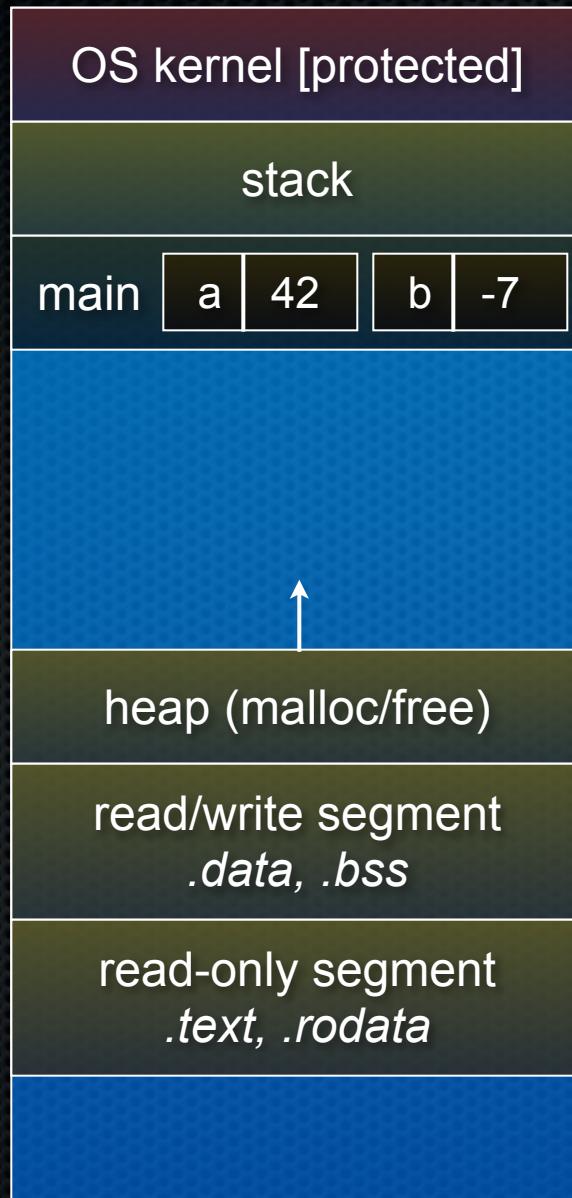
Pass-by-value (stack)



```
void swap(int a, int b) {  
    int tmp = a;  
    a = b;  
    b = tmp;  
}  
  
int main(int argc, char **argv) {  
    int a = 42, b = -7;  
  
    swap(a, b);  
    printf("a: %d, b: %d\n", a, b);  
    return 0;  
}
```

brokenswap.c

Pass-by-value (stack)



```
void swap(int a, int b) {  
    int tmp = a;  
    a = b;  
    b = tmp;  
}  
  
int main(int argc, char **argv) {  
    int a = 42, b = -7;  
  
    swap(a, b);  
    printf("a: %d, b: %d\n", a, b);  
    return 0;  
}
```

brokenswap.c

Pass-by-reference

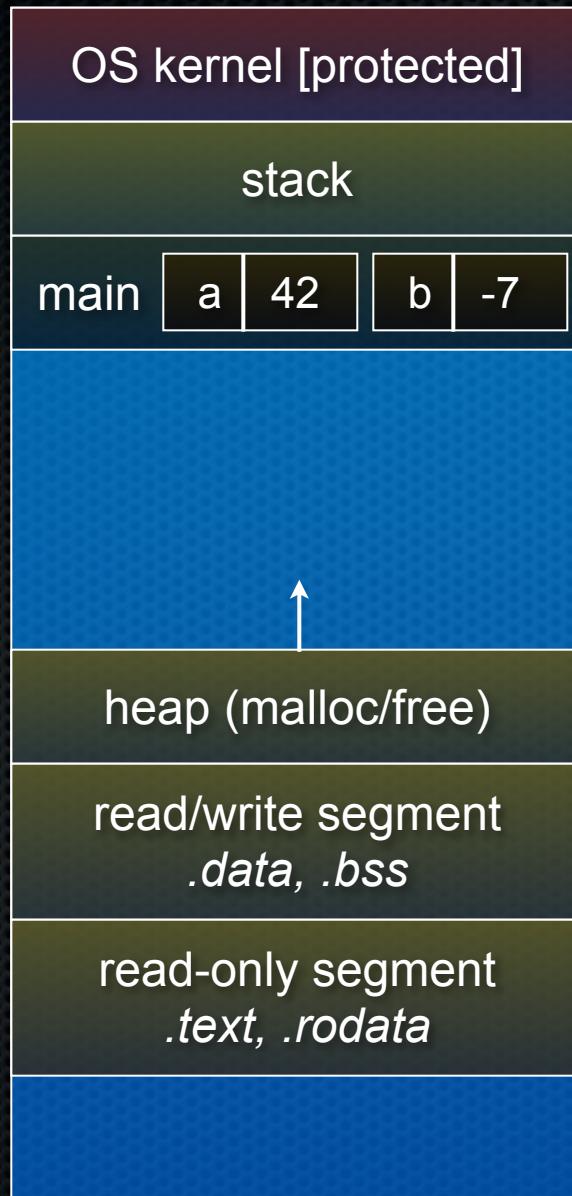
You can use pointers to pass by **reference**

- callee still receives a **copy** of the argument
 - ▶ but, the argument is a pointer
 - ▶ the pointer's value points-to the variable in the scope of the caller
- this gives the callee a way to modify a variable that's in the scope of the caller

```
void swap(int *a, int *b) {  
    int tmp = *a;  
    *a = *b;  
    *b = tmp;  
}  
  
int main(int argc, char **argv) {  
    int a = 42, b = -7;  
  
    swap(&a, &b);  
    printf("a: %d, b: %d\n", a, b);  
    return 0;  
}
```

swap.c

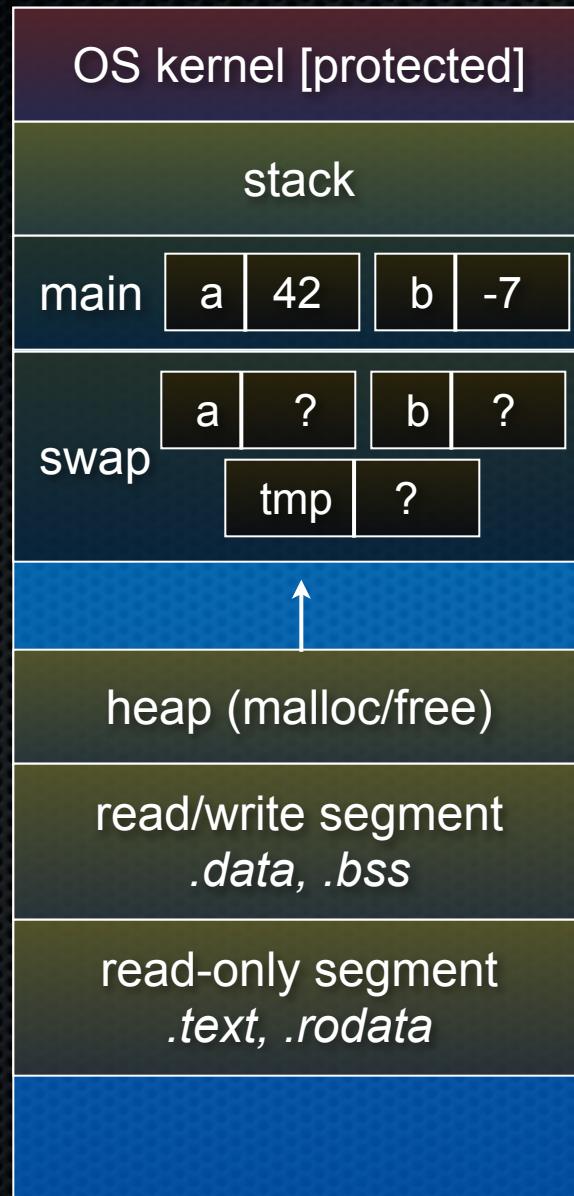
Pass-by-reference (stack)



```
void swap(int *a, int *b) {  
    int tmp = *a;  
    *a = *b;  
    *b = tmp;  
}  
  
int main(int argc, char **argv) {  
    int a = 42, b = -7;  
  
    swap(&a, &b);  
    printf("a: %d, b: %d\n", a, b);  
    return 0;  
}
```

swap.c

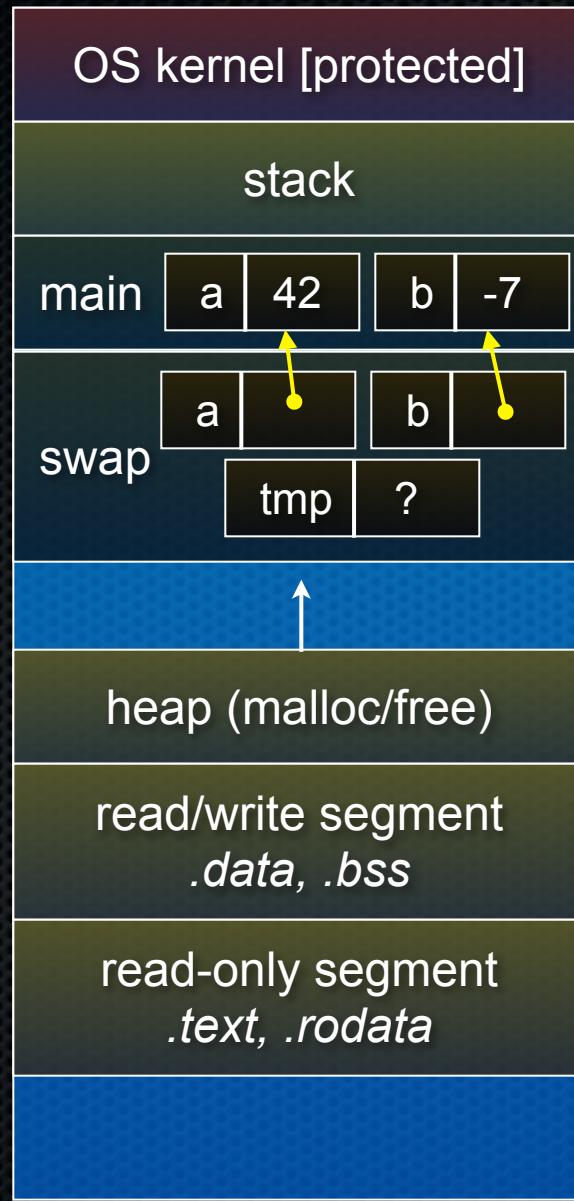
Pass-by-reference (stack)



```
void swap(int *a, int *b) {  
    int tmp = *a;  
    *a = *b;  
    *b = tmp;  
}  
  
int main(int argc, char **argv) {  
    int a = 42, b = -7;  
  
    swap(&a, &b);  
    printf("a: %d, b: %d\n", a, b);  
    return 0;  
}
```

swap.c

Pass-by-reference (stack)



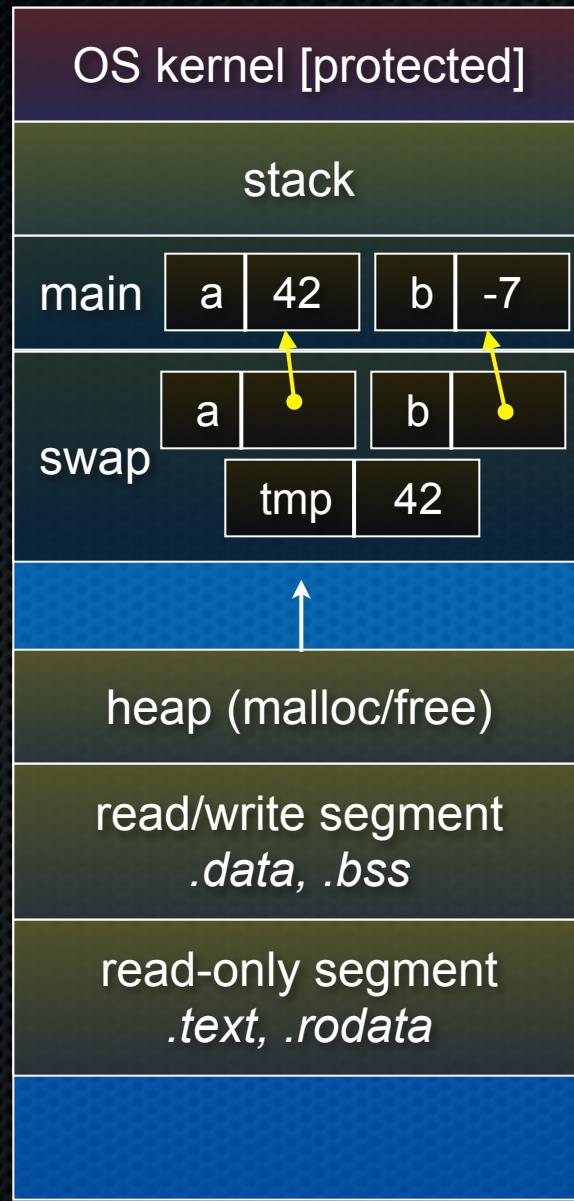
```
void swap(int *a, int *b) {
    int tmp = *a;
    *a = *b;
    *b = tmp;
}

int main(int argc, char **argv) {
    int a = 42, b = -7;

    swap(&a, &b);
    printf("a: %d, b: %d\n", a, b);
    return 0;
}
```

swap.c

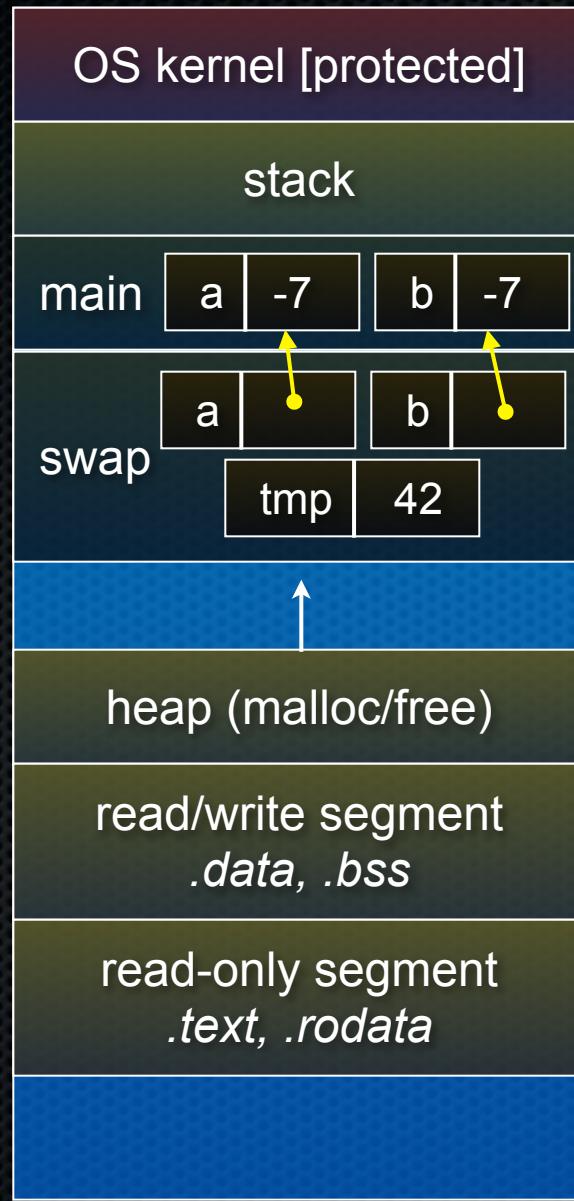
Pass-by-reference (stack)



```
void swap(int *a, int *b) {  
    int tmp = *a;  
    *a = *b;  
    *b = tmp;  
}  
  
int main(int argc, char **argv) {  
    int a = 42, b = -7;  
  
    swap(&a, &b);  
    printf("a: %d, b: %d\n", a, b);  
    return 0;  
}
```

swap.c

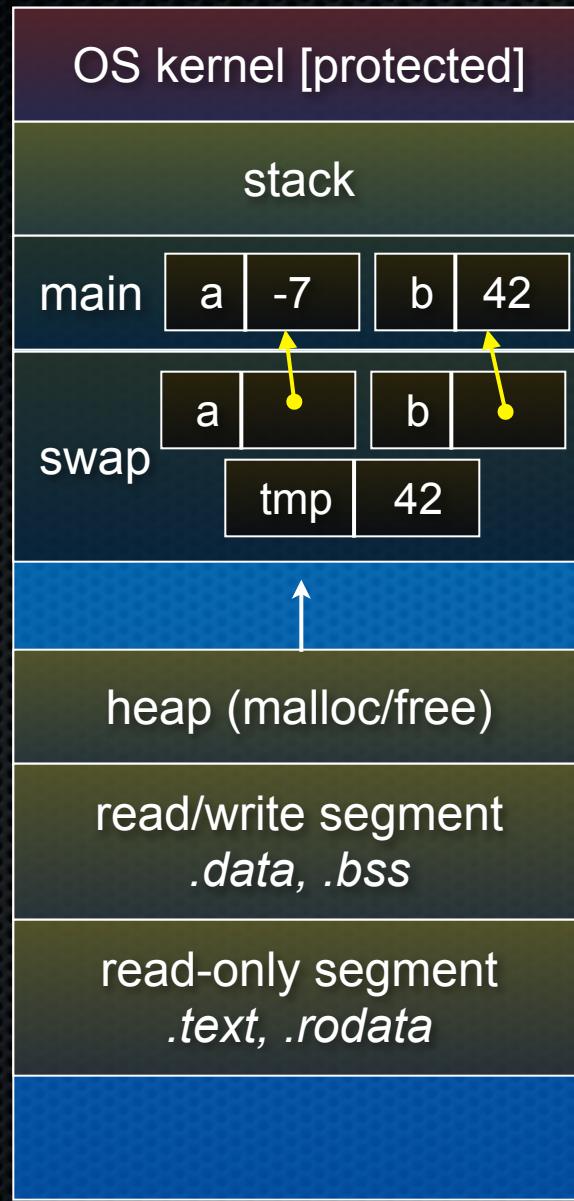
Pass-by-reference (stack)



```
void swap(int *a, int *b) {  
    int tmp = *a;  
    *a = *b;  
    *b = tmp;  
}  
  
int main(int argc, char **argv) {  
    int a = 42, b = -7;  
  
    swap(&a, &b);  
    printf("a: %d, b: %d\n", a, b);  
    return 0;  
}
```

swap.c

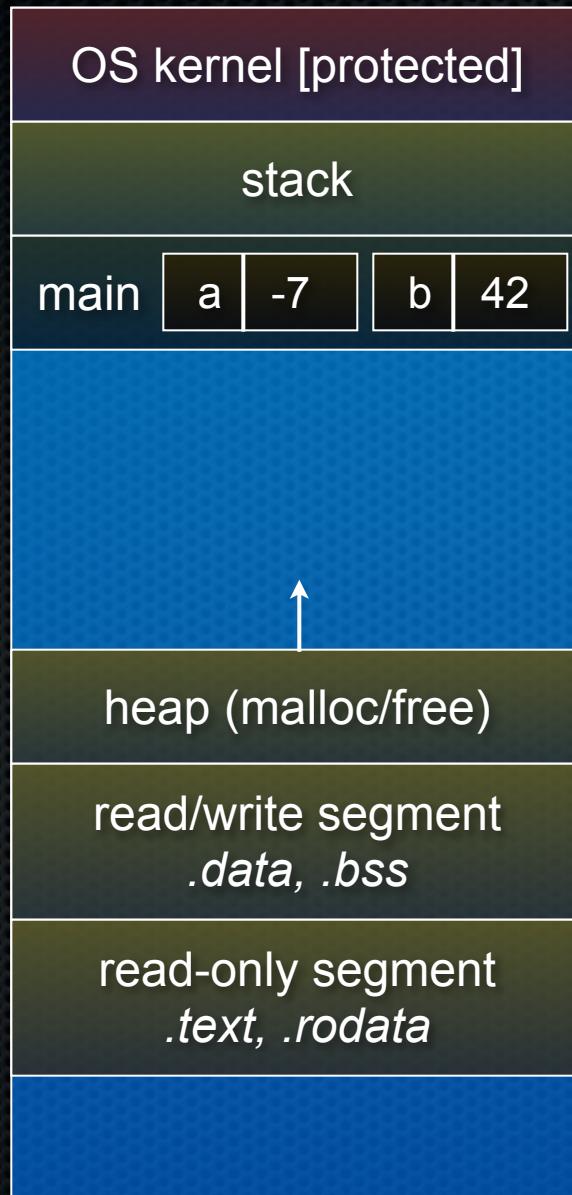
Pass-by-reference (stack)



```
void swap(int *a, int *b) {  
    int tmp = *a;  
    *a = *b;  
    *b = tmp;  
}  
  
int main(int argc, char **argv) {  
    int a = 42, b = -7;  
  
    swap(&a, &b);  
    printf("a: %d, b: %d\n", a, b);  
    return 0;  
}
```

swap.c

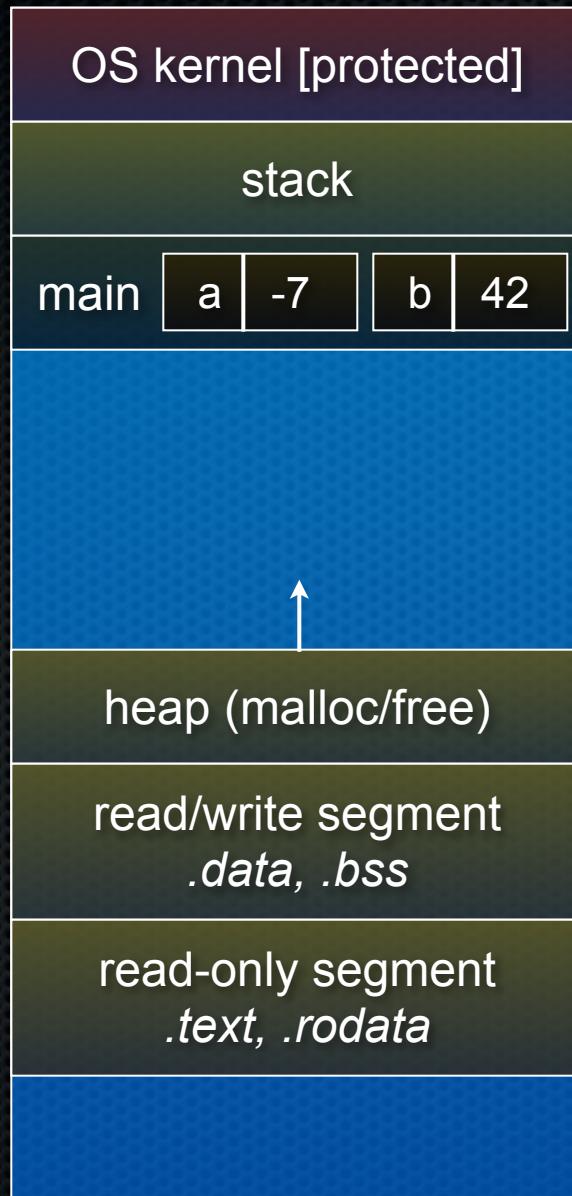
Pass-by-reference (stack)



```
void swap(int *a, int *b) {  
    int tmp = *a;  
    *a = *b;  
    *b = tmp;  
}  
  
int main(int argc, char **argv) {  
    int a = 42, b = -7;  
  
    swap(&a, &b);  
    printf("a: %d, b: %d\n", a, b);  
    return 0;  
}
```

swap.c

Pass-by-reference (stack)



```
void swap(int *a, int *b) {  
    int tmp = *a;  
    *a = *b;  
    *b = tmp;  
}  
  
int main(int argc, char **argv) {  
    int a = 42, b = -7;  
  
    swap(&a, &b);  
    printf("a: %d, b: %d\n", a, b);  
    return 0;  
}
```

swap.c

Arrays and pointers

a pointer can point to an array element

- an array's name can be used as a pointer to its first element
- and, you can use **[]** notation to treat a pointer like an array
 - ▶ **pointer[i]** is **i** elements' worth of bytes forward from pointer

```
int a[5] = {10, 20, 30, 40, 50};  
int* p1 = &a[3];    // refers to a's fourth element  
int* p2 = &a[0];    // refers to a's first element  
int* p3 = a;        // refers to a's first element  
  
*p1 = 100;  
*p2 = 200;  
p1[1] = 300;  
p2[1] = 400;  
p3[2] = 500;      // final: 200, 400, 500, 100, 300
```

Passing arrays as parameters

array parameters are really passed as pointers to the first array element

- the **[]** syntax for parameter types is just for convenience

```
void f(int a[]);  
  
int main(...){  
    int a[5];  
    ...  
    f(a);  
    return 0;  
}  
  
void f(int a[]){
```

your code

```
void f(int *a);  
  
int main(...){  
    int a[5];  
    ...  
    f(&a[0]);  
    return 0;  
}  
  
void f(int *a) {
```

equivalent to

Self-Exercise 1

Use a box-and-arrow diagram for the following program to explain what it prints out:

```
#include <stdio.h>

int foo(int *bar, int **baz) {
    *bar = 5;
    *(bar+1) = 6;
    *baz = bar+2;
    return *((*baz)+1);
}

int main(int argc, char **argv) {
    int arr[4] = {1, 2, 3, 4};
    int *ptr;

    arr[0] = foo(&(arr[0]), &ptr);
    printf("%d %d %d %d %d\n",
           arr[0], arr[1], arr[2], arr[3], *ptr);
    return 0;
}
```

Self-Exercise 2

Write a program that prints out whether the computer it is running on is little endian or big endian.

- (hint: see pointerarithmetic.c from today's lecture)

Self-Exercise 3

Write a function that:

- accepts an (array of ints) and an (array length) as arguments
- malloc's an (array of (int *)) of the same length
- initializes each element of the newly allocated array to point to the corresponding element in the passed-in array
- returns a pointer to the newly allocated array

See you on Monday!