## CSE 341 — Miranda Discussion Questions

These are questions for discussion in class. (You don't need to hand in anything.) The solutions are on the class web page.

- 1. Write a Miranda function to find the cube of a number. What is the type of this function?
- 2. Write a Miranda function to find the sum of three numbers. What is the type of this function?
- 3. Write a Miranda function to find the sum of a list of numbers. What is the type of this function?
- 4. Write a Miranda function to find the maximum of two numbers. What is the type of this function?
- 5. Write a Miranda function to find the value of the quadratic expression  $ax^2 + bx + c$  for parameters *a*, *b*, *c*, and *x*. What is the type of this function?
- 6. Write a Miranda function to find the two roots of the quadratic equation  $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$  for parameters a, b, and c. What is the type of this function?
- 7. Write a Miranda function to reverse a list. What is the type of this function?
- 8. Write a function my\_map2 that is analogous to map but works for functions of two arguments rather than one. (No peeking at the other side!) What is its type? For example,

```
map2 (+) [1,2,3] [10,11,12]
```

```
should evaluate to [11,13,15]
```

- 9. Tacky true/false questions!
  - (a) In Miranda, programs would give the same answers if we replaced lazy evaluation with call-by-name.
  - (b) In Miranda, programs would give the same answers if we replaced lazy evaluation with call-by-value.
- 10. Write a Miranda function to return the infinite list of yearly total populations of the earth, assuming 6 billion people to start with (the estimated world population in October 1999) and an annual growth rate of 1.3%.

11. Suppose that the following Miranda script has been filed in.

```
plus x y = x+y
append [] ys = ys
append (x:xs) ys = x : append xs ys
my_map2 f [] [] = []
my_map2 f (x:xs) (y:ys) = f x y : my_map2 f xs ys
```

What is the result of evaluating the following Miranda expressions? If there is a compile-time type error, or a run-time error, or a non-terminating computation, say so. If the result is infinite, give the first several values. If the expression is followed by ::, then give the type, instead of the value.

```
(b) plus 5 ::
(c) append ::
(d) append [] ::
(e) append [3,4] ::
(f) append [] [3,4] ::
(g) my_map2 plus ::
(h) my_map2 append ::
(i) my_map2 plus [1..] [1..]
```

(a) plus ::