

<p>SML Docs Interlude First-Class Functions Example</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 10px; background-color: #800000; color: white; margin: 10px auto; width: 80%;"> <p>CSE341 – Section 3 Standard-Library Docs, Unnecessary Function Wrapping, Map, & More</p> </div> <p>Cody A. Schroeder</p> <p>January 24th, 2013</p>	<p>SML Docs Interlude First-Class Functions Example</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1 SML Docs <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Standard Basis 2 Interlude 3 First-Class Functions <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Anonymous • Style Point • Higher-Order 4 Example
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Anonymous Functions

An Anonymous Function

`fn pattern => expression`

- An expression that creates a new function with no name.
- Usually used as an argument to a higher-order function.
- Almost equivalent to the following:
`let fun name pattern = expression in name end`
- The difference is that anonymous functions cannot be recursive!!!

Simple Example

```

1 fun doSomethingWithFive f = f 5;
2 val x1 = doSomethingWithFive (fn x => x*2); (* x1=10 *)
3 val x2 = (fn x => x+9) 6; (* x2=15 *)
4 val cube = fn x => x*x*x;
5 val x3 = cube 4; (* x3=12 *)
6 val x4 = doSomethingWithFive cube; (* x4=15 *)

```

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Anonymous Functions

What's the difference between the following two bindings?

```

val name = fn pattern => expression;
fun name pattern = expression;

```

- Once again, the difference is recursion.
- However, excluding recursion, a `fun` binding could just be syntactic sugar for a `val` binding and an anonymous function.
- This is because there are no recursive `val` bindings in SML.

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Anonymous Functions (cont.)

Previous Example

```

1 fun n.times (f,n,x) = if n=0
2 then x
3 else f (x.times (f, n-1, x));
4
5 fun square x = x*x;
6 fun increment x = x+1;
7
8 val x1 = n.times (square, 4, 7);
9 val x2 = n.times (increment, 4, 7);
10 val x3 = n.times (tl, 2, [4,8,12,16]);

```

With Anonymous Functions

```

1 val x1 = n.times (fn x => x*x, 4, 7);
2 val x2 = n.times (fn x => x+1, 4, 7);
3 val x3 = n.times (fn xs => tl xs, 2, [4,8,12,16]); (* Bad Style *)

```

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Unnecessary Function Wrapping

What's the difference between the following two expressions?

```

(fn xs => tl xs) vs. tl

```

STYLE POINTS!

- Other than style, these two expressions result in the exact same thing.
- However, one creates an unnecessary function to wrap `tl`.
- This is very similar to this style issue:

```

(if ex then true else false) vs. ex

```

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Higher-Order Functions

- A function that returns a function or takes a function as an argument.

Two Canonical Examples

- `map : ('a -> 'b) * 'a list -> 'b list`
 - Applies a function to every element of a list and return a list of the resulting values.
 - Example: `map (fn x => x*3, [1,2,3]) == [3,6,9]`
- `filter : ('a -> bool) * 'a list -> 'a list`
 - Returns the list of elements from the original list that, when a predicate function is applied, result in true.
 - Example: `filter (fn x => x>2, [~5,3,2,5]) == [3,5]`

Note: List.map and List.filter are similarly defined in SML but use currying. We'll cover these later in the course.

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Defining map and filter

```

map
1 fun map (f, lst) =
2   case lst of
3     [] => []
4     | x::xs => f x :: map (f,xs)

filter
1 fun filter (f, lst) =
2   case lst of
3     [] => []
4     | x::xs => if f x
5                 then x::filter (f, xs)
6                 else filter (f, xs)
  
```

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Broader Idea

Functions are Awesome!

- SML functions can be passed around like any other value.
- They can be passed as function arguments, returned, and even stored in data structures or variables.
- Functions like `map` are very pervasive in functional languages.
 - A function like `map` can even be written for other data structures such as trees.

Returning a function

```

1 fun piecewise x = if x < 0.0
2                   then fn x => x*x
3                   else if x < 10.0
4                       then fn x => x / 2.0
5                       else fn x => 1.0 / x + x
  
```

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Tree Example

```

1 (* Generic Binary Tree Type *)
2 datatype 'a tree = Empty
3                 | Node of 'a * 'a tree * 'a tree
4
5 (* Apply a function to each element in a tree. *)
6 val treeMap = fn : ('a -> 'b) * 'a tree -> 'b tree
7
8 (* Returns true iff the given predicate returns true when applied to
9  each element in a tree. *)
10 val treeAll = fn : ('a -> bool) * 'a tree -> bool
  
```

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exp Example

```
1 (* Modified expression datatype from lecture 5. Now there are
2    variables . *)
3 datatype exp = Constant of int
4             | Negate of exp
5             | Add of exp * exp
6             | Multiply of exp * exp
7             | Var of string
8
9 (* Do a post-order traversal of the given exp. At each node, apply a
10    function f to it and replace the node with the result . *)
11 val visitPostOrder = fn : (exp -> exp) * exp -> exp
12
13 (* Simplify the root of the expression if possible . *)
14 val simplifyOnce = fn : exp -> exp
15
16 (* Almost the same as evaluate but leaves variables alone . *)
17 val simplify = fn : exp -> exp
```