# AVL Trees (4.4 in Weiss)

CSE 373
Data Structures & Algorithms
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Winter 2012

## Today's Outline

- Announcements
  - Midterm #1, Monday Jan 30, 2012
  - Assignment #3 coming soon, due Mon, Feb 6, 2012.
- · Today's Topics:
  - Binary Search Trees (Weiss 4.1-4.3)
  - AVL Trees (Weiss 4.4)

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### The AVL Balance Condition

Left and right subtrees of *every node* have equal *heights* **differing by at most 1** 

Define: **balance**(x) = height(x.left) – height(x.right)

AVL property:  $-1 \le balance(x) \le 1$ , for every node x

- · Ensures small depth
  - Will prove this by showing that an AVL tree of height h must have a lot of (i.e.  $\Theta(2^h)$ ) nodes
- · Easy to maintain
  - Using single and double rotations

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### The AVL Tree Data Structure

### Structural properties

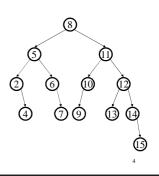
- 1. Binary tree property (0,1, or 2 children)
- 2. Heights of left and right subtrees of *every node* **differ by at most 1**

### Result:

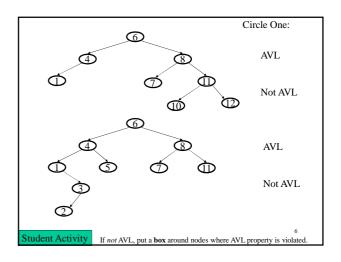
Worst case depth of any node is: O(log *n*)

### Ordering property

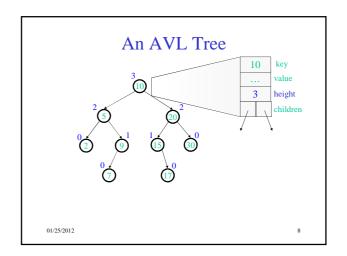
Same as for BST



# Is this an AVL Tree? (5) (5) (5) (6) (7) (8) NULLs have height -1 01/25/2012 5



# 



## AVL trees: find, insert

- AVL find:
  - same as BST find.
- AVL insert:
  - same as BST insert, except may need to "fix" the AVL tree after inserting new value.

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### AVL tree insert

Let *x* be the node where an imbalance occurs.

Four cases to consider. The insertion is in the

- 1. left subtree of the left child of x.
- 2. right subtree of the left child of x.
- 3. left subtree of the right child of x.
- 4. right subtree of the right child of x.

**Idea**: Cases 1 & 4 are solved by a single rotation.

Cases 2 & 3 are solved by a double rotation.

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### AVL Insert: detect & fix imbalances

- 1. Insert the new node just as you would in a BST (as a new leaf)
- For each node on the path from the inserted node up to the root, the insertion may (or may not) have changed the node's height
- So after recursive insertion in a subtree, check for height imbalance at each of these nodes and perform a *rotation* to restore balance at that node if needed

All the action is in defining the correct rotations to restore balance

Fact that makes it a bit easier:

- There must be a deepest node that is imbalanced after the insert (all descendants still balanced)
- After rebalancing this deepest node, every node is balanced
- So at most one node needs to be rebalanced

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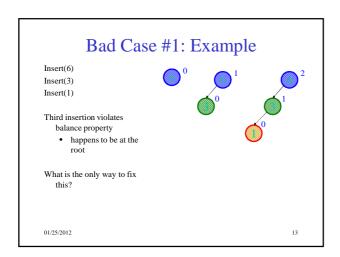
### Bad Case #1

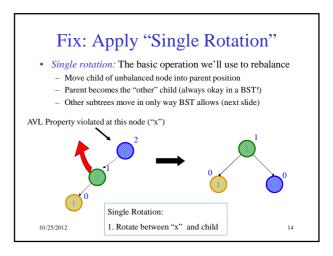
Insert(6)

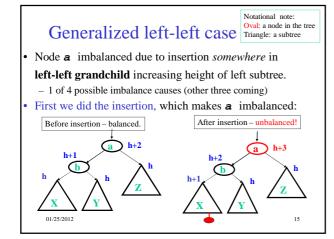
Insert(3)

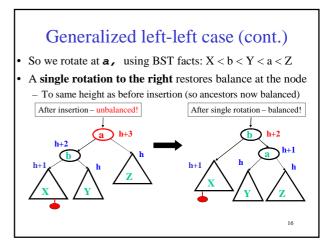
Insert(1)

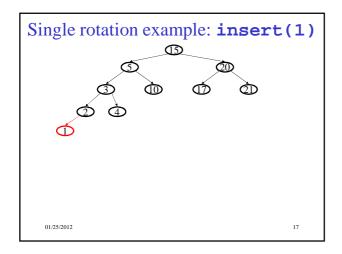
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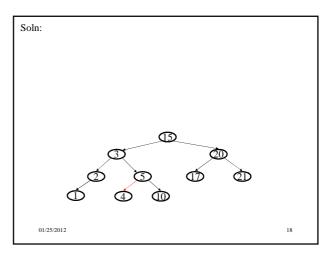


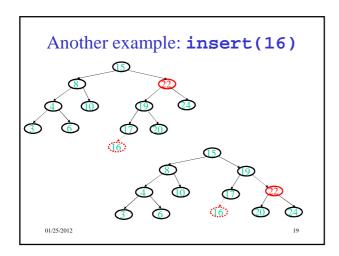


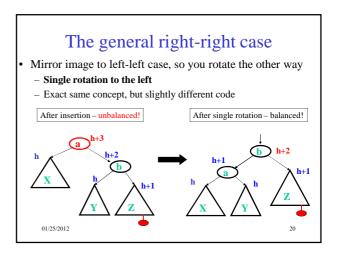


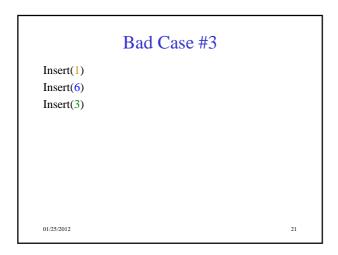


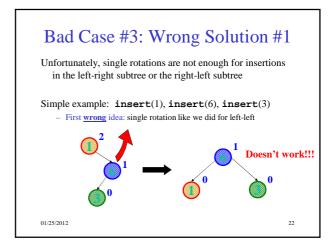


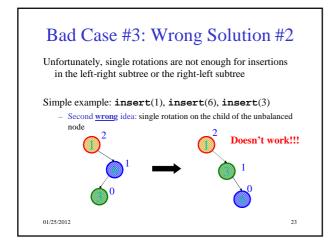


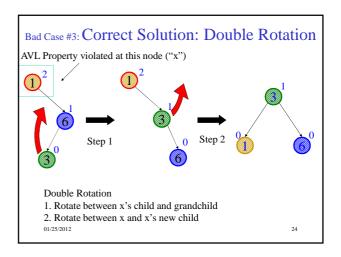


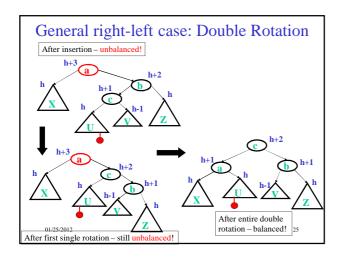


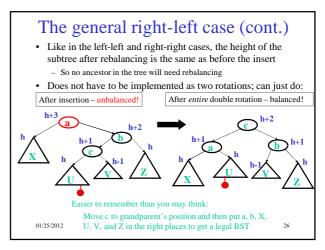


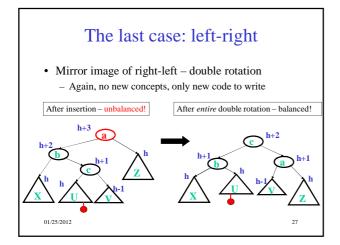


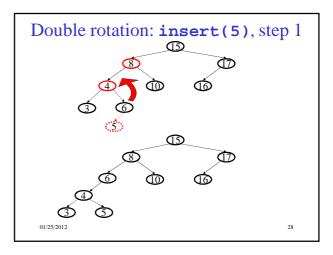


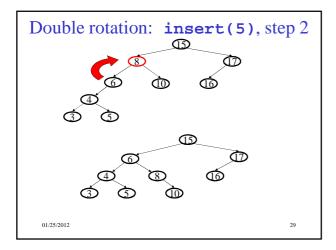












# AVL Insert - Summary Insert as in a BST Check back up path for imbalance, which will be 1 of 4 cases: node's left-left grandchild is too tall node's right-left grandchild is too tall node's right-right grandchild is too tall Only one case occurs because tree was balanced before insert After the appropriate single or double rotation, the smallest-unbalanced subtree has the same height as before the insertion So all ancestors are now balanced

# Imbalance at node X

### Single Rotation

1. Rotate between x and child

### **Double Rotation**

- 1. Rotate between x's child and grandchild
- 2. Rotate between x and x's new child

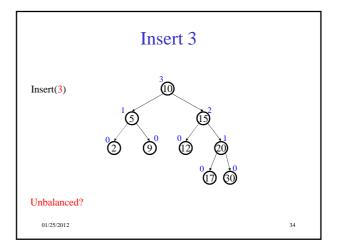
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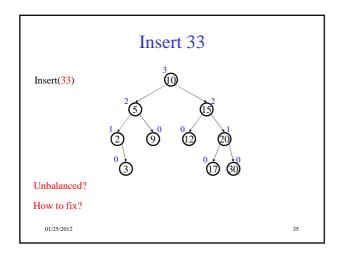
Insert into an AVL tree: a b e c d

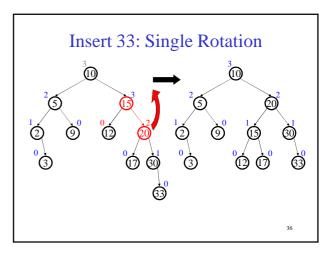
Student Activity

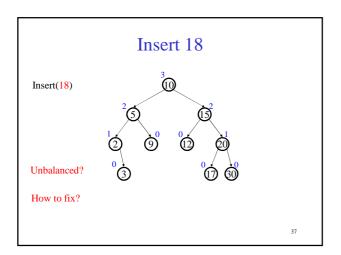
Circle your final answer

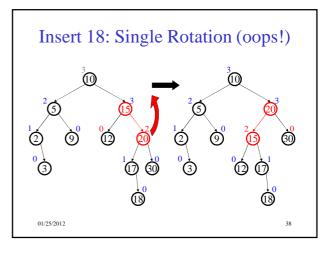
# Single and Double Rotations: Inserting what integer values would cause the tree to need a: 1. single rotation? 9 10 3 2. double rotation? 3. no rotation?

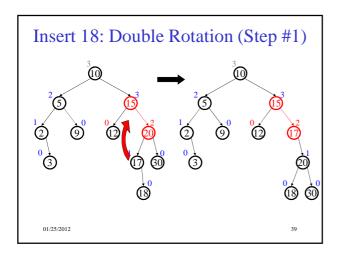


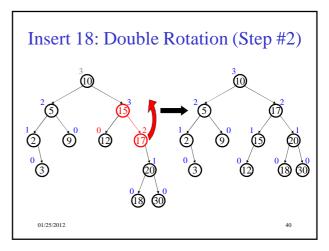












## **AVL Trees Revisited**

- Balance condition:
  - For every node x,  $-1 \le \text{balance}(x) \le 1$
  - Strong enough : Worst case depth is  $O(\log n)$
  - Easy to maintain : *one* single or double rotation
- Guaranteed O(log n) running time for
  - Find ?
  - Insert ?
  - Delete ?
  - buildTree ?

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### **AVL Trees Revisited**

- What extra info did we maintain in each node?
- Where were rotations performed?
- How did we locate this node?

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