

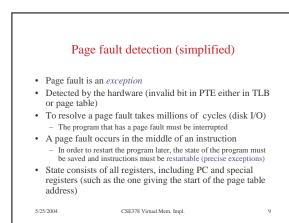
Paging systems -- Hardware/software interactions

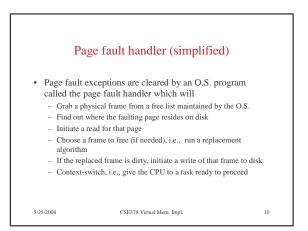
Page tables

- Managed by the O.S.
 Address of the start of the page table for a given process is found
- in a special register which is part of the *state* of the process
- The O.S. has its own page table
- The O.S. knows where the pages are stored on disk
- Page fault
 - When a program attempts to access a location which is part of a page that is not in main memory, we have a page fault

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CSE378 Virtual Mem. Impl.





Completion of page fault

- When the faulting page has been read from disk (a few ms later)
 - The disk controller will raise an *interrupt* (another form of exception)
 - The O.S. will take over (context-switch) and modify the PTE (in particular, make it valid)
 - The program that had the page fault is put on the queue of tasks ready to be run
 - Context-switch to the program that was running before the interrupt occurred

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Two extremes in the memory hierarchy

PARAMETER	L1	PAGING SYSTEM
block (page) size	16-64 bytes	4K-8K (also 64K)
miss (fault) time	10-100 cycles (20-1000 ns)	Millions of cycles (3-20 ms)
miss (fault) rate	1-10%	0.00001-0.001%
memory size	4K-64K Bytes (impl. depend.)	Gigabytes (depends on ISA)

