More C

CSE 413, Autumn 2007

Topics

- scope and lifetime review
- Arrays vs. Pointers
- Command line parameters
- hw 4
- structs

What happens when we call h?

```
int* f(int x) {
   int *p;
   if(x) {
      int y = 3;
      p = &y;
      }
   y = 4;
   *p = 7;
   return p;
}
void g(int *p){
   *p = 123;
}
void h() {
   g(f(7));
```

arrays vs. pointers

```
void f1(int* p) { *p = 5; }
void f2() {
  int x[3];
  x[0] = 5;
  *x = 5;
  *(x+0) = 5;
  f1(x);
  f1(&x[0]);
}
```

Structs

- A struct is a record. (similar to a Java object with no methods.)
 - » x.f is for field access.
 - » (*x).f in C is like x.f in Java.
 - » x->f is an abbreviation for (*x).f.
- There is a huge difference between passing a struct and passing a pointer to a struct.
- (see struct example code)

5