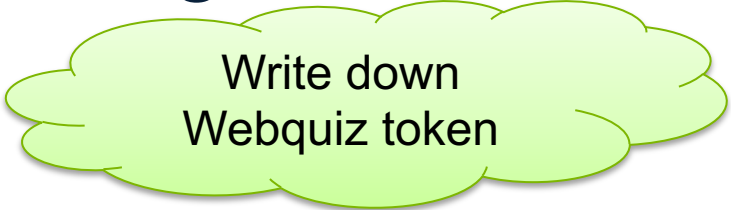


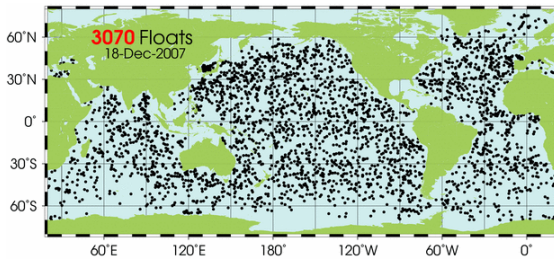
Introduction to Data Management

CSE 414

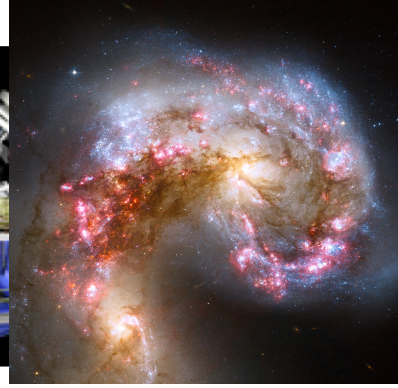
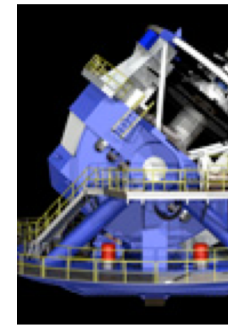


Write down
Webquiz token

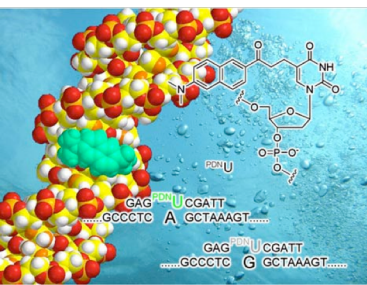
Lecture 1: Introduction



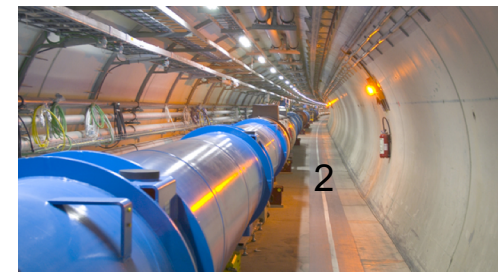
Class Goals



- The world is drowning in data!
- Need to help manage this data
 - Domain scientists achieve new discoveries
 - Companies provide better services (e.g., Facebook)
 - Governments (and universities!) become more efficient
- Welcome to 414: Introduction to Data Management
 - Existing tools PLUS data management principles
 - This is not just a class on SQL



CSE 414 - 2019sp



Staff

Instructor:

- Dan Suciu

TA's

- Joshua Bean
- Shumo Chu
- Kartik Arora
- Ruta Dhaneshwar
- Pranay Mundra
- Vineeth Varghese
- Ying Wang
- Yihang Wu

Course Format

- Lectures: this room, please attend!
- Sections: for locations, see web; **bring your laptop**
- 8 homework assignments
- 7 web quizzes
- Midterm and final
- Class and section participation:
Post and **answer** questions (in class, piazza, etc)

Grading

- Homeworks 30%
- Web quizzes 10%
- Midterm 20%
- Final 30%
- Class participation 10%
- Extra credit:
 - Some hw have extra credit questions
 - Large # of good answers on piazza

This is all subject to change

Communications

- **Web page:** <http://www.cs.washington.edu/414>
 - Everything is here
- **Piazza**
<https://piazza.com/washington/spring2019/cse414>
 - **THE** place to ask course-related questions
 - Log in today, enable notifications
 - Warning:
canvas.ucdavis.edu/courses/192458/pages/piazza-warning
- **Class mailing list**
 - Very low traffic, only important announcements

Textbook

Main textbook, available at the bookstore or pdf:

- *Database Systems: The Complete Book*,
Hector Garcia-Molina,
Jeffrey Ullman,
Jennifer Widom
Second edition.

REQUIRED READING !

Eight Homework Assignments

1. Sqlite intro (**due this Friday!!**)
2. Sqlite basics
3. SQLAzure
4. Datalog and Relational Algebra
5. Json/SQL++
6. Spark
7. Schema Design, JDBC App
8. JDBC App w/ transactions

Submit via gitlab

About the Assignments

- You will learn/practice the course material
- You will also learn lots of new technology
- Note: some familiarity with programming languages and tools is needed

Deadlines and Late Days

- You have up to 4 late days
 - No more than 2 on any one assignment
 - Use in 24-hour chunks
- Late days = safety net, not convenience
- Absolutely no exceptions after late days exhausted

Seven Web Quizzes

- <http://newgradiance.com/>
- Create account
- **Please use the same Last-name/ID as for UW**
- Provide token (on the whiteboard)
- Short tests, you may take them many times, best score counts
- **No late days** – closes at 11:00 deadline

Exams

- Midterm (May 3rd) and Final (June 10th)
- You may bring letter-size piece of paper with notes
 - Handwritten
 - May write on both sides
 - Midterm: 1 sheet, Final: 2 sheets
- Closed book. No computers, phones, watches,...
- Location: in class

Academic Integrity

- Anything you submit for credit is expected to be your own work
 - OK to exchange ideas, not detailed solutions
 - We all know difference between collaboration and cheating
- I trust you implicitly, but will come down hard on any violations of that trust

Lectures

- Lecture notes: Website
 - Feel free to bring them to class to take notes
 - Refresh often, since I improve them continuously
- Panopto recordings: canvas

Now onto the real stuff...

Outline of Today's Lecture

- Overview of database management systems
- Course content

Database

What is a database ?

Give examples of databases

Database

What is a database ?

- A collection of files storing related data

Give examples of databases

Database

What is a database ?

- A collection of files storing related data

Give examples of databases

- Accounts database; payroll database; UW's students database; Amazon's products database; airline reservation database

Database Management System

What is a DBMS ?

Give examples of DBMSs

Database Management System

What is a DBMS ?

- *A big program written by someone else that allows us to manage efficiently a large database and allows it to persist over long periods of time*

Give examples of DBMSs

- Oracle, IBM DB2, Microsoft SQL Server, Vertica, Teradata
- Open source: MySQL (Sun/Oracle), PostgreSQL, CouchDB
- Open source library: SQLite

We will focus on **relational** DBMSs most quarter

An Example: Online Bookseller

- What data do we need?
 -
 -
 -
 -
- What capabilities on the data do we need?
 -
 -
 -

An Example: Online Bookseller

- What data do we need?
 - Data about books, customers, pending orders, order histories, trends, preferences, etc.
 - Data about sessions (clicks, pages, searches)
 - Note: data must be persistent! Outlive application
 - Also note that data is large... won't fit all in memory
- What capabilities on the data do we need?
 -
 -
 -

An Example: Online Bookseller

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 - Data about books, customers, pending orders, order histories, trends, preferences, etc.
 - Data about sessions (clicks, pages, searches)
 - Note: data must be persistent! Outlive application
 - Also note that data is large... won't fit all in memory
- What capabilities on the data do we need?
 - Insert/remove books, find books by author/title/etc., analyze past order history, recommend books, ...
 - Data must be accessed efficiently, by many users
 - Data must be safe from failures and malicious users

Challenges for a DBMS

Alice and Bob receive a \$200 gift certificate as wedding gift



Alice

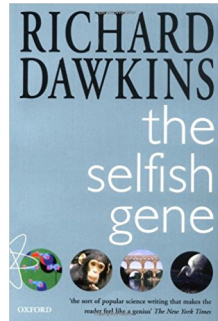


Bob

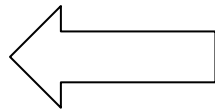
Challenges for a DBMS

Alice and Bob receive a \$200 gift certificate as wedding gift

Alice @ her office orders
"The Selfish Gene"



\$80

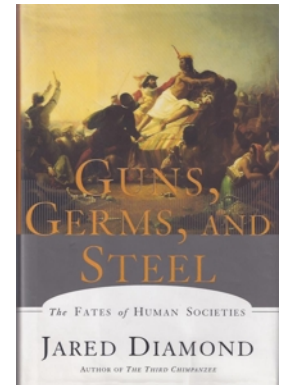
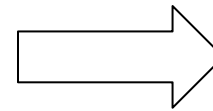


Alice

Bob @ home orders
"Guns, germs, and steel"



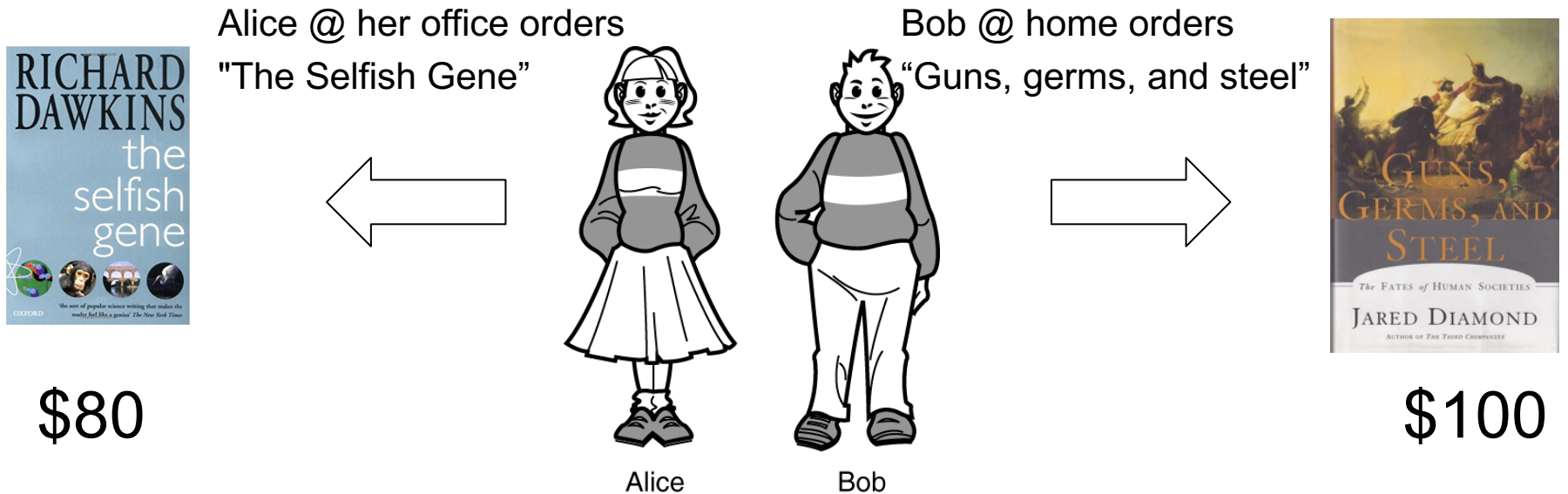
Bob



\$100

Challenges for a DBMS

Alice and Bob receive a \$200 gift certificate as wedding gift



Questions:

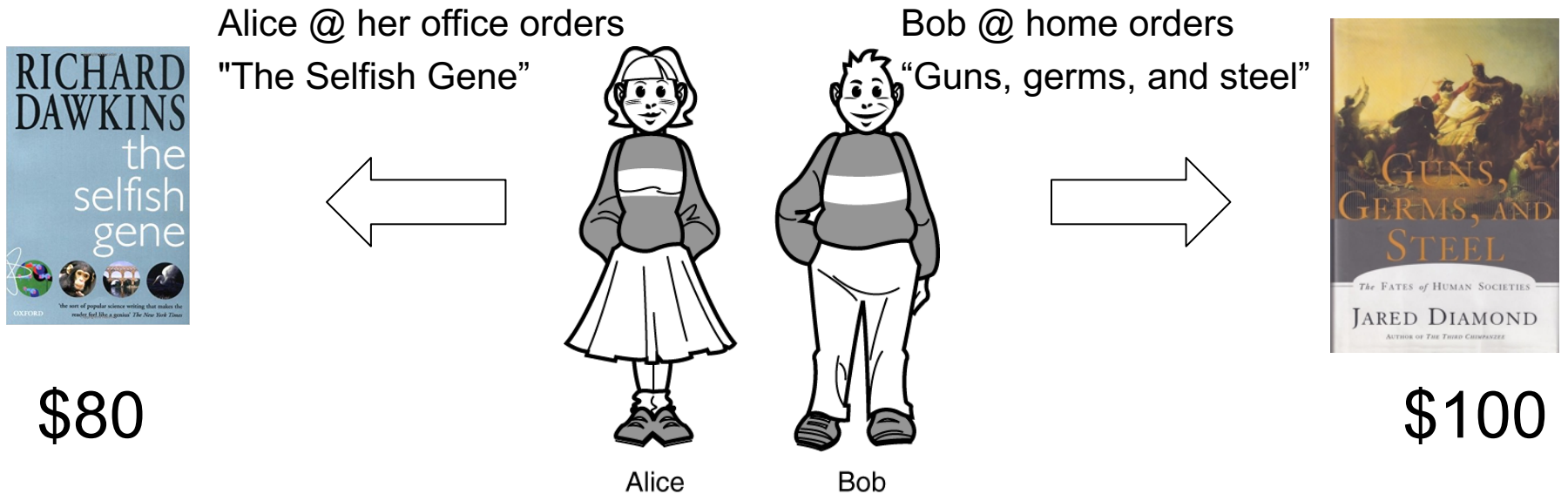
What is the ending credit?

What if second book costs \$130?

What if system crashes?

Challenges for a DBMS

Alice and Bob receive a \$200 gift certificate as wedding gift



Questions:

What is the ending credit?

What if second book costs \$130?

What if system crashes?

Lesson: a DBMS needs to handle various scenarios

What a DBMS Does

- Describe real-world entities
- Store large datasets persistently
- Query & update efficiently
- Change structure (e.g., add attributes)
- Handle concurrent updates
- Crash recovery
- Security and integrity

Key Players

- **DB application developer:** writes programs that query and modify data (414)
- **DB designer:** establishes schema (414)
- **DB administrator:** loads data, tunes system, keeps whole thing running (414, 444)
- **Data analyst:** data mining, data integration (414, 446)
- **DBMS implementor:** builds the DBMS (444)

What is this class about?

- Unit 1: Intro (today)
- Unit 2: Relational Data Models and Query Languages
- Unit 3: Non-relational data
- Unit 4: RDMBS internals and query optimization
- Unit 5: Parallel query processing
- Unit 6: DBMS usability, conceptual design
- Unit 7: Transactions

What to Do Now

<http://www.cs.washington.edu/414>

- Webquiz 1 is open
 - Create account at <http://newgradiance.com/>
 - Sign up for class online
 - Due Saturday, 4/6
- Homework 1 is posted
 - Simple queries in SQL Lite
 - Due on Friday, 4/5
- First sections
 - Tutorial on git, and on SQL Lite
- Log in piazza today, enable notifications