

Administrivia

Motivation and Goals

Overview

Hello! My name is...

Zach Tatlock
ztatlock@cs
CSE 546
door is open!



New faculty \Rightarrow first ever course!

Resources

Web:

```
http://courses.cs.washington.edu/courses/cse505/13au/
```

Mailing List:

```
cse505a_au13@u.washington.edu
```

Piazza:

(your course email will be subscribed)

Structure

4-5 Individual Homeworks:

- "pen & paper" (TeX) proofs
- implementations in OCaml
- challenge problems optional

Midterm & Final

Useful, Optional Reference

Pierce's Types and Programming Languages



Academic Integrity

Do. Not. Cheat.

Erodes the very foundation of academia.

Absolutely not worth the risk.

Roughly:

Discuss problem and sketch ideas together.

Write your own solutions, note discussion partners.

When in doubt, ask!

Administrivia

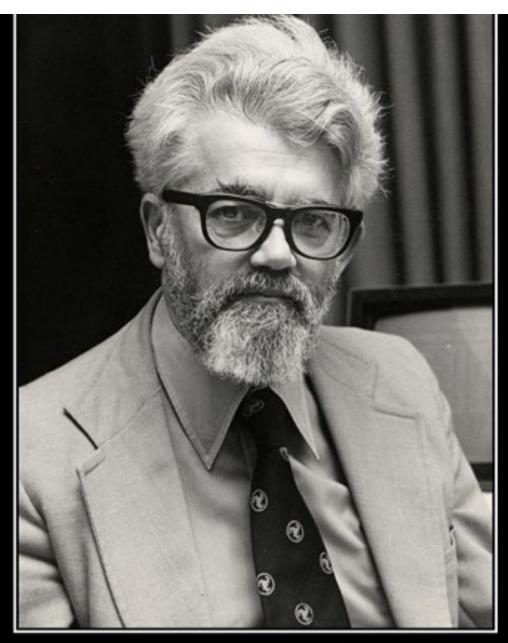
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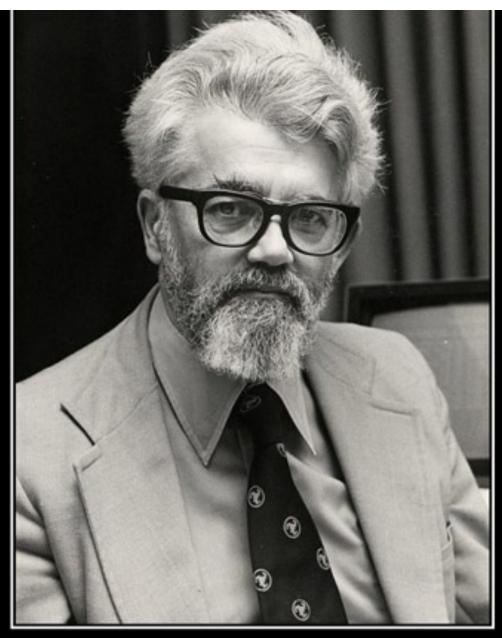
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PROGRAMMING

You're Doing It Completely Wrong.

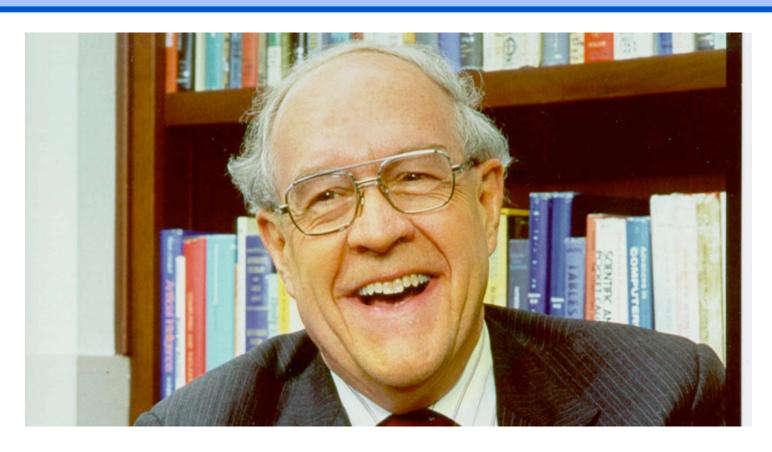


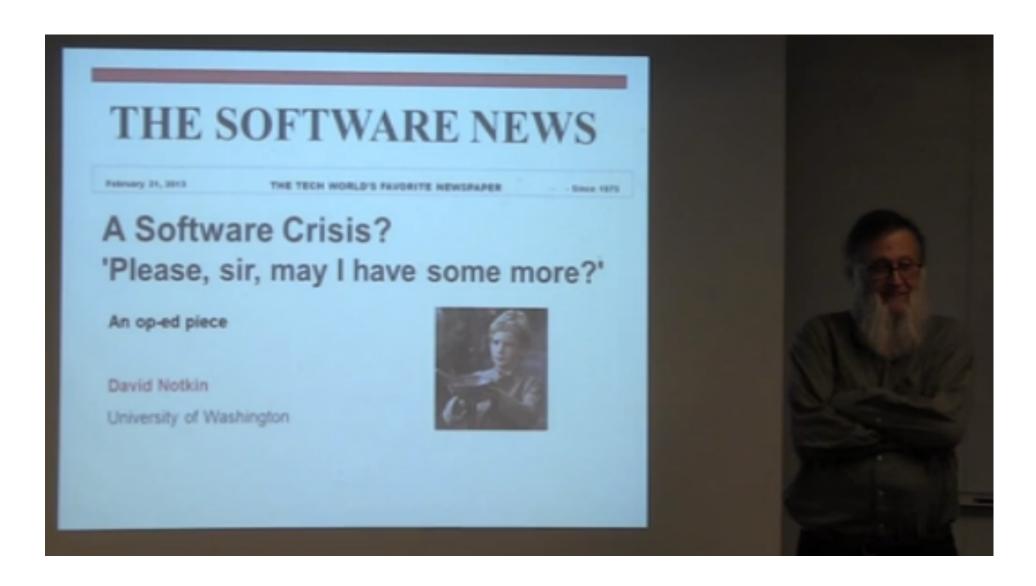
PROGRAMMING



The magic of myth and legend has been realized in our time. One simply types the correct incantation on a keyboard, and a display screen comes to life, showing things that never were nor could be.

Fred Brooks





http://cs.brown.edu/events/talks/notkin.html



... but (often) still poorly understood!

wat



https://www.destroyallsoftware.com/talks/wat

Room For Improvement

Development

quickly produce high quality code in teams

Maintenance

comprehend, extend, fix bugs, tune

Reliability

avionics, medicine, finance, nuclear power

Require reasoning!

What do these do?

```
a=0?(3>2?23:(2>5?(7<6?34:48):64)):1;
printf("%d",a);
```

```
printf("%d", printf("%d",
    printf("%d", printf("%s", "husky"))));
```

Realistic?

Safe to optimize / refactor?

```
class A { int f() { return 0; } }
class B {
  int g(A x) {
    try { return x.f(); }
    finally { foo(); }
}
```



```
class A { int f() { return 0; } }
class B {
  int g(A x) {
    return 0;
  }
}
```

Safe to optimize / refactor? ... nope.

- A could be extended
- x could be null
- s could have "side effects"

How can we handle general case?

How can we be sure it's right?

How do we automate?

Goal

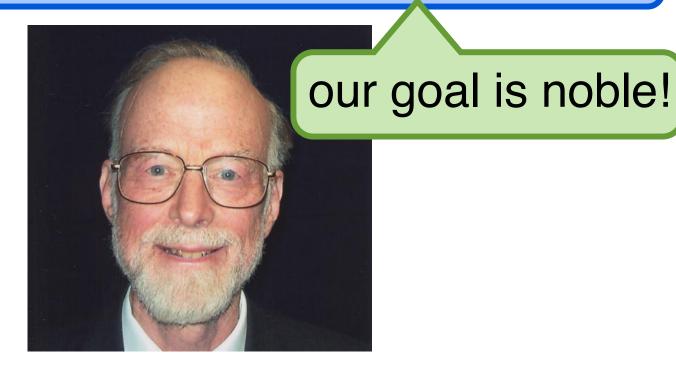
Develop tools to rigorously study what programs mean.

semantics

equivalence, termination, determinism, ...

... [rigorous proofs about programs] are an absolute scientific ideal, like purity of materials in chemistry or accuracy of measurement in mechanics. The value of purity and accuracy (just like correctness) are often not appreciated until after the scientist has built the tools that make them achievable.

Sir C.A.R. Hoare



Benefits

Writing a PL-ish thing is inevitable

extensible systems, rich data structures, optimizer

Build skill with "Theory B" formalisms

all research needs precision, expressiveness, clarity

Become better programmers

travel to understand where you're from

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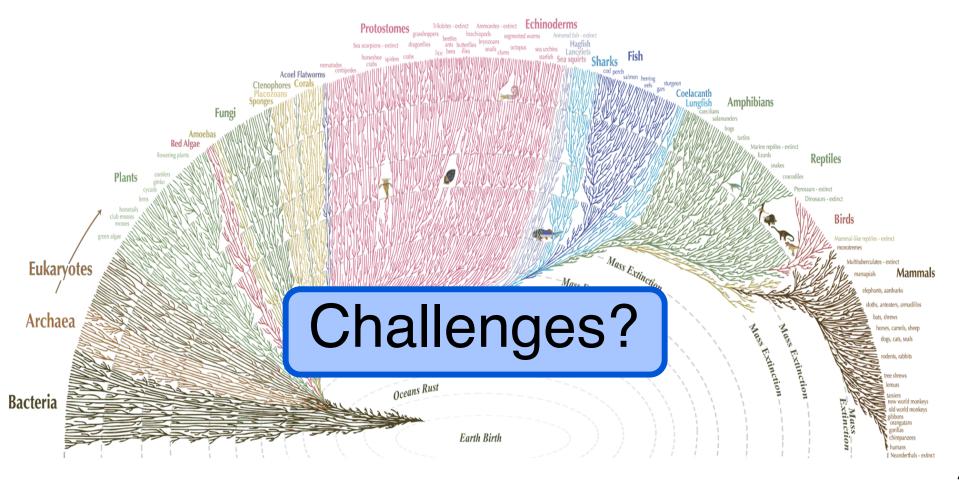
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Which PL to Study?

Well... which is the best? Depends.

Aren't they all the same? Yes and no.



Approach

10 weeks is short!

Define small, tractable languages

Turing complete, but not for "real" programming

Extend with increasingly rich features

extend reasoning techniques in parallel

Sketch application to "real" PLs

implement programs to connect theory with code

Subgoals

Develop tools for studying program behavior

inductive defns, structural induction, inference rules

Investigate core PL concepts

types, functions, scope, mutation, iteration

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