

Dynamics of Transformation Hierarchies

Kinetic Energy

$$\begin{aligned}
 T_j &= \frac{1}{2} \int_i \dot{\mathbf{p}}_i^T \dot{\mathbf{p}}_i \tau_i dx dy dz \\
 &= \frac{1}{2} \int_i \mathbf{x}_i^T \dot{\mathbf{W}}_j^T \dot{\mathbf{W}}_j \mathbf{x}_i \tau_i dx dy dz \\
 &= \frac{1}{2} \int_i tr(\dot{\mathbf{W}}_j \mathbf{x}_i \mathbf{x}_i^T \dot{\mathbf{W}}_j^T) \tau_i dx dy dz \\
 &= \frac{1}{2} tr(\dot{\mathbf{W}}_j \left[\int_i \mathbf{x}_i \mathbf{x}_i^T \tau_i dx dy dz \right] \dot{\mathbf{W}}_j^T) \\
 &= \frac{1}{2} tr(\dot{\mathbf{W}}_j \mathbf{M}_j \dot{\mathbf{W}}_j^T)
 \end{aligned}$$

where \mathbf{M}_i is the primitive mass tensor

Kinetic Energy Lagrangian Contribution

$$\begin{aligned}
 \frac{d}{dt} \frac{\partial T_i}{\partial \dot{q}_j} - \frac{\partial T_i}{\partial q_j} &= \frac{1}{2} tr \left(\frac{\partial \mathbf{W}_i}{\partial q_j} \mathbf{M}_i \ddot{\mathbf{W}}_i^T + \ddot{\mathbf{W}}_i \mathbf{M}_i \frac{\partial \mathbf{W}_i^T}{\partial q_j} \right) \\
 &= tr \left(\frac{\partial \mathbf{W}_i}{\partial q_j} \mathbf{M}_i \ddot{\mathbf{W}}_i^T \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

Generalized Force Equation

$$\begin{aligned}
 C_j &= \sum_i \left[tr \left(\frac{\partial \mathbf{W}_i}{\partial q_j} \mathbf{M}_i \ddot{\mathbf{W}}_i^T \right) + m_i \mathbf{g} \frac{\partial \mathbf{W}_i}{\partial q_j} \mathbf{c}_i \right] \\
 &\quad + \sum_k \left[\frac{\partial (\mathbf{F}_k \mathbf{p}_k)}{\partial q_j} \right] \\
 &\quad + \sum_l \left[\lambda_l \frac{\partial \mathbf{C}_l}{\partial q_j} \right]
 \end{aligned}$$

where i ranges over all primitives, k over all point forces, and l over all mechanical constraints.

Recursive Formulation

$S(i)$ is the set of all node indices in the subtree rooted at node i .

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \sum_i tr \left(\frac{\partial \mathbf{W}_i}{\partial q_j} \mathbf{M}_i \ddot{\mathbf{W}}_i^T \right) + m_i \mathbf{g} \frac{\partial \mathbf{W}_i}{\partial q_j} \mathbf{c}_i \\
 &= \sum_{i \in S(j)} tr \left(\frac{\partial \mathbf{W}_i}{\partial q_j} \mathbf{M}_i \ddot{\mathbf{W}}_i^T \right) + m_i \mathbf{g} \frac{\partial \mathbf{W}_i}{\partial q_j} \mathbf{c}_i \\
 &= tr \left(\frac{\partial \mathbf{W}_j}{\partial q_j} \sum_{i \in S(j)} \mathbf{w}_i^j \mathbf{M}_i \ddot{\mathbf{W}}_i^T \right) \\
 & \quad + \mathbf{g} \frac{\partial \mathbf{W}_j}{\partial q_j} \sum_{i \in S(j)} m_i \mathbf{w}_i^j \mathbf{c}_i.
 \end{aligned}$$

Recursive Formulation

We introduce two new recursively defined variables

$$\begin{aligned}
 \hat{\mathbf{c}}_i &= m_i \mathbf{c}_i + \sum_{j \in S(i)} \mathbf{R}_j \hat{\mathbf{c}}_j \\
 \ddot{\mathbf{M}}_i &= \mathbf{M}_i \ddot{\mathbf{W}}_i^T + \sum_{j \in S(i)} \mathbf{R}_j \ddot{\mathbf{M}}_j
 \end{aligned}$$

. Finally, recursive definition of the Newtonian constraint

$$\begin{aligned}
 C_j &= tr \left(\frac{\partial \mathbf{W}_j}{\partial q_j} \ddot{\mathbf{M}}_j \right) + \mathbf{g} \frac{\partial \mathbf{W}_j}{\partial q_j} \hat{\mathbf{c}}_j \\
 & \quad + \sum_k \left[\frac{\partial \mathbf{F}_k \mathbf{p}_{F_k}}{\partial q_j} \right] + \sum_l \left[\mathbf{q}_l^\lambda \frac{\partial \mathbf{C}_{m_l}}{\partial q_j} \right].
 \end{aligned}$$