CSE-571

Deterministic Path Planning in Robotics

Courtesy of Maxim Likhachev Carnegie Mellon University

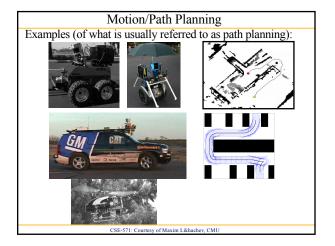
Motion/Path Planning

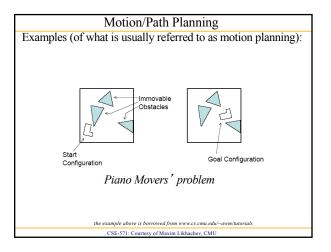
• Task:

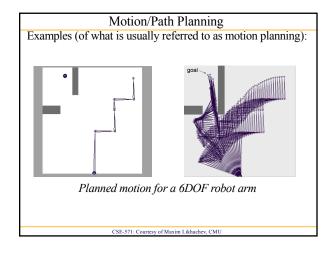
find a feasible (and cost-minimal) path/motion from the current configuration of the robot to its goal configuration (or one of its goal configurations)

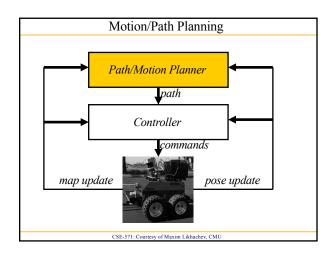
- Two types of constraints: environmental constraints (e.g., obstacles) dynamics/kinematics constraints of the robot
- Generated motion/path should (objective): be any feasible path minimize cost such as distance, time, energy, risk, ...

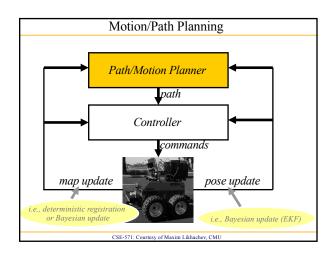
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Uncertainty and Planning

- Uncertainty can be in:
 - prior environment (i.e., door is open or closed)
 - execution (i.e., robot may slip)
 - sensing environment (i.e., seems like an obstacle but not sure)

· Planning approaches:

- deterministic planning:
 - assume some (i.e., most likely) environment, execution, pose
 - plan a single least-cost trajectory under this assumption
 - re-plan as new information arrives

- planning under uncertainty:

- associate probabilities with some elements or everything
- -plan a policy that dictates what to do for each outcome of sensing/action and minimizes expected cost-to-goal
- re-plan if unaccounted events happen

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- prior environment (i.e., door is open or closed)
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• Planning approaches:

- deterministic planning:
 - assume some (i.e., most likely) environmerobot deviates off its path

 - plan a single least-cost trajectory under the re-plan as new information arrives re-planning needs to be FAST - re-plan as new information arrives

re-plan every time sensory data arrives or

- planning under uncertainty:
 - associate probabilities with some elements or everything
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· Planning approaches:

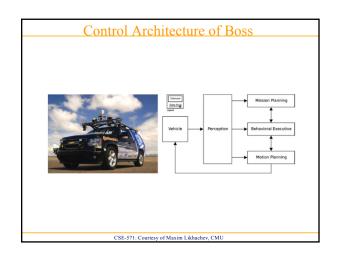
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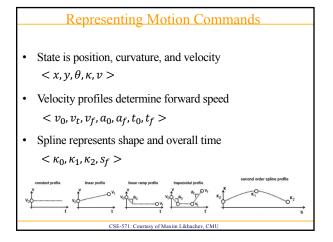
- planning under uncertainty:

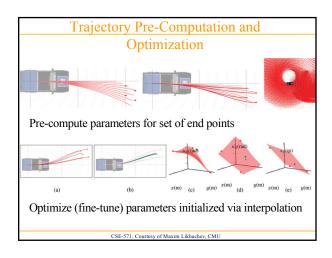
- associate probabilities with some elements or everything -plan a policy that dictates what to do for each outcome of sensing/action and minimizes expected cost-to-goal
- re-plan if unaccounted events happen computationally MUCH harder

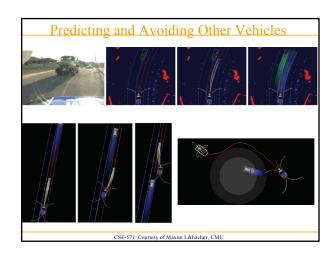
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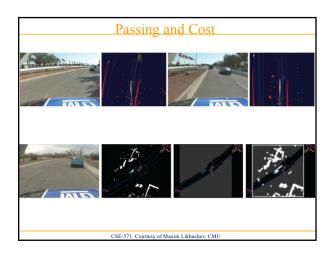


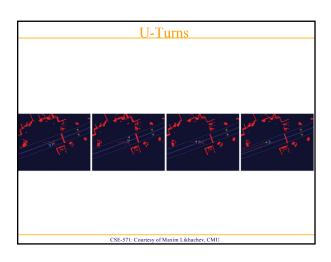












Outline

• Deterministic planning

- constructing a graph

- search with A*

- search with D*

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