CSEP 546 Data Mining Machine Learning

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Logistics

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Evaluation

- Four assignments (25% each)
 - Handed out on weeks 2, 4, 6 and 8
 - Due two weeks later
 - Mix of:
 - Implementing machine learning algorithms
 - Applying them to real datasets (e.g.: clickstream mining, recommender systems, spam filtering)
 - Exercises

Source Materials

- T. Mitchell, *Machine Learning*, McGraw-Hill (*Required*)
- R. Duda, P. Hart & D. Stork, *Pattern Classification* (2nd ed.), Wiley (*Required*)
- P. Domingos, The Master Algorithm,
 Basic Books (Recommended)
- Papers

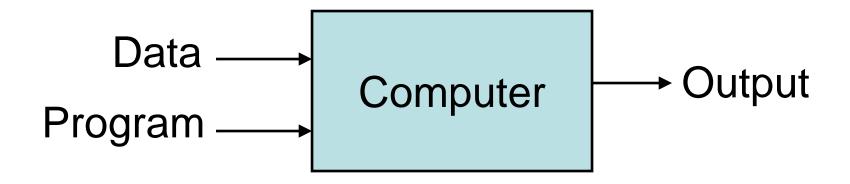
A Few Quotes

- "A breakthrough in machine learning would be worth ten Microsofts" (Bill Gates, Chairman, Microsoft)
- "Machine learning is the next Internet" (Tony Tether, Director, DARPA)
- Machine learning is the hot new thing" (John Hennessy, President, Stanford)
- "Web rankings today are mostly a matter of machine learning" (Prabhakar Raghavan, Dir. Research, Yahoo)
- "Machine learning is going to result in a real revolution" (Greg Papadopoulos, Former CTO, Sun)
- "Machine learning is today's discontinuity" (Jerry Yang, Founder, Yahoo)
- "Machine learning today is one of the hottest aspects of computer science" (Steve Ballmer, CEO, Microsoft)

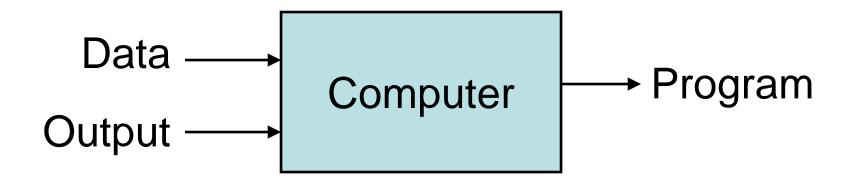
So What Is Machine Learning?

- Automating automation
- Getting computers to program themselves
- Writing software is the bottleneck
- Let the data do the work instead!

Traditional Programming



Machine Learning



Magic?

No, more like gardening

- Seeds = Algorithms
- Nutrients = Data
- Gardener = You
- Plants = Programs



Sample Applications

- Web search
- Computational biology
- Finance
- E-commerce
- Space exploration
- Robotics
- Information extraction
- Social networks
- Debugging
- [Your favorite area]

ML in a Nutshell

- Tens of thousands of machine learning algorithms
- Hundreds new every year
- Every machine learning algorithm has three components:
 - Representation
 - Evaluation
 - Optimization

Representation

- Decision trees
- Sets of rules / Logic programs
- Instances
- Graphical models (Bayes/Markov nets)
- Neural networks
- Support vector machines
- Model ensembles
- Etc.

Evaluation

- Accuracy
- Precision and recall
- Squared error
- Likelihood
- Posterior probability
- Cost / Utility
- Margin
- Entropy
- K-L divergence
- Etc.

Optimization

- Combinatorial optimization
 - E.g.: Greedy search
- Convex optimization
 - E.g.: Gradient descent
- Constrained optimization
 - E.g.: Linear programming

Types of Learning

- Supervised (inductive) learning
 - Training data includes desired outputs
- Unsupervised learning
 - Training data does not include desired outputs
- Semi-supervised learning
 - Training data includes a few desired outputs
- Reinforcement learning
 - Rewards from sequence of actions

Inductive Learning

- Given examples of a function (X, F(X))
- Predict function F(X) for new examples X
 - Discrete F(X): Classification
 - Continuous F(X): Regression
 - -F(X) = Probability(X): Probability estimation

What We'll Cover

Supervised learning

- Decision tree induction
- Rule induction
- Instance-based learning
- Bayesian learning
- Neural networks
- Support vector machines
- Model ensembles
- Learning theory

Unsupervised learning

- Clustering
- Dimensionality reduction

ML in Practice

- Understanding domain, prior knowledge, and goals
- Data integration, selection, cleaning, pre-processing, etc.
- Learning models
- Interpreting results
- Consolidating and deploying discovered knowledge
- Loop