



CSE401's project-oriented approach

- Start with a compiler for PL/0, written in C++
- We define additional language features
 - Such as comments, arrays, call-by-reference parameters, result-returning procedures, for loops, etc.
- You modify the compiler to translate the extended PL/0 language
 - Project completed in well-defined stages



More on the project

- Strongly recommended that you work in twoperson teams for the quarter
- Grading based on
 - correctness
 - clarity of design and implementation
 - quality of testing
- Provides experience with object-oriented design and with C++
- Provides experience with working in a team

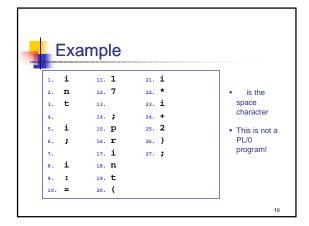
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What's hard about compiling

- I will present a small program to you, character by character
- Identify problems that you can see that you will encounter in compiling this program
- Here's an example problem
 - When we see a character '1' followed by a character '7', we have to convert it to the integer

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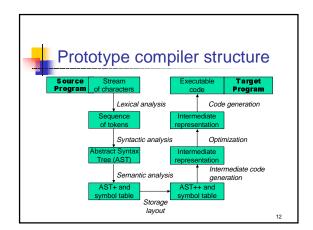


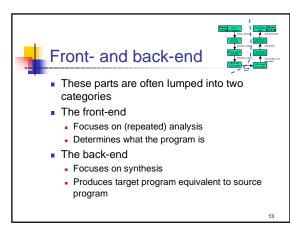


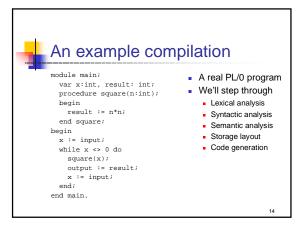
Structure of compilers

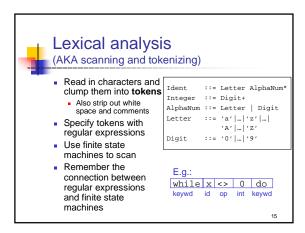
- A common compiler structure has been defined
 - Years and years of deep, difficult research intermixed with building of thousands of compilers
- Actual compilers often differ from this prototype
 - Primary differences are the ordering and clarity with which the pieces are actually separated
 - But the model is still extremely useful
- You will see the structure to a large degree — in the PL/0 compiler

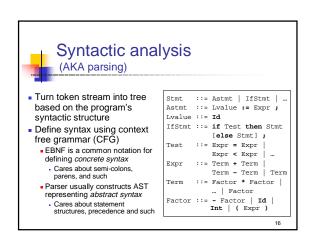
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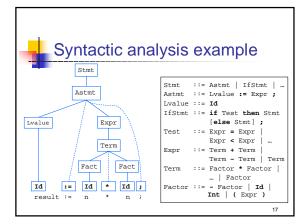


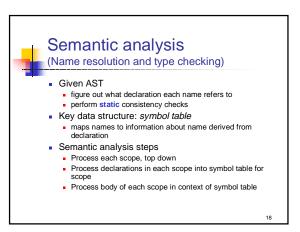


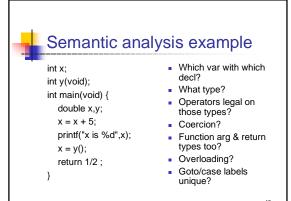


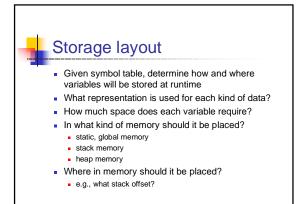


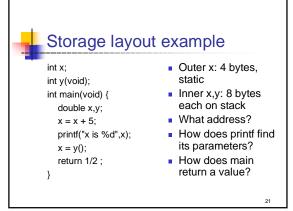


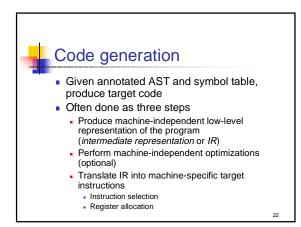


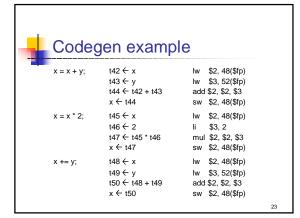


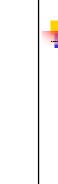












Does this structure work well?

- FORTRAN I Compiler (circa 1954-56)
 - 18 person years
- PL/0 Compiler
 - By the end of the quarter, you'll have a working compiler that's way better than FORTRAN I in most respects (key exception: optimization)

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Compilers vs. interpreters

- Compilers implement languages by translation
- Interpreters implement languages directly
- Note: the line is not always crystal-clear
- Compilers and interpreters have tradeoffs
 - Execution speed of program
 - Start-up overhead, turn-around time
 - Ease of implementation
 - Programming environment facilities
 - Conceptual clarity

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Compiler engineering issues

- Portability
 - Ideal is multiple front-ends and multiple back-ends with a shared intermediate language
- Sequencing phases of compilation
 - Stream-based vs. syntax-directed
- Multiple, separate passes vs. fewer, integrated passes
- How to avoid compiler bugs?

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Objectives: next lecture

- Define overall theory and practical structure of lexical analysis
- Briefly recap regular expressions, finite state machines, and their relationship
 - Even briefer recap of the language hierarchy
- Show how to define tokens with regular expressions
- Show how to leverage this style of token definition in implementing a lexer

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