

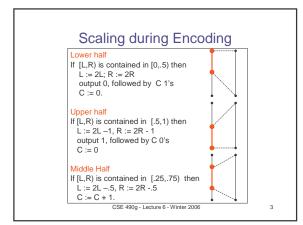
Scaling

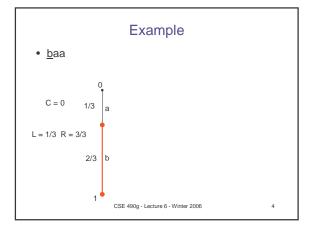
- Scaling:

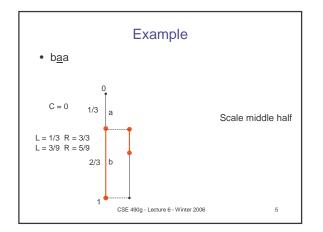
 By scaling we can keep L and R in a reasonable range of values so that W = R L does not underflow.
 - The code can be produced progressively, not at the end.
 - Complicates decoding some.

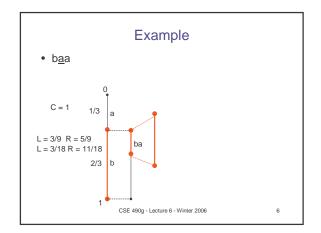
CSE 490g - Lecture 6 - Winter 2006

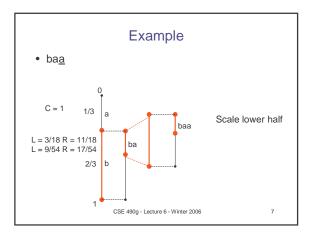
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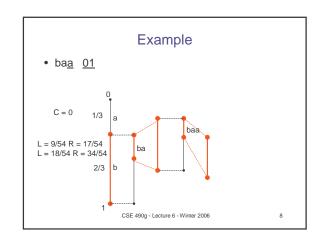


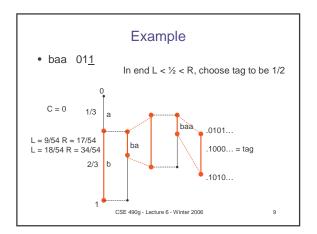


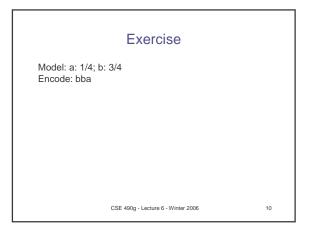


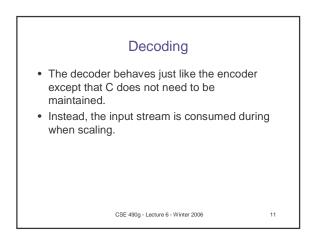


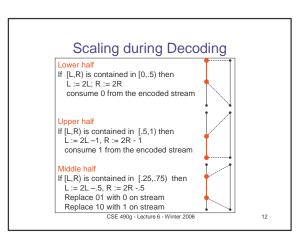


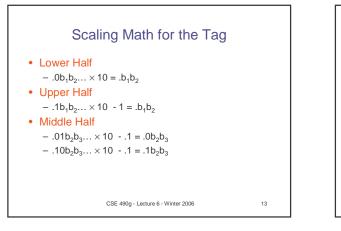


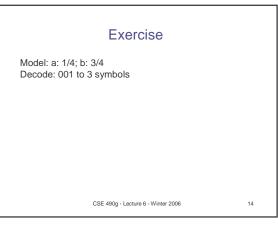


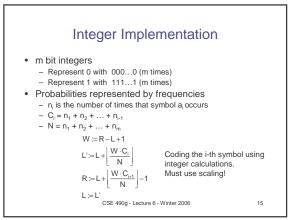


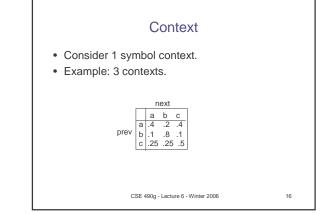


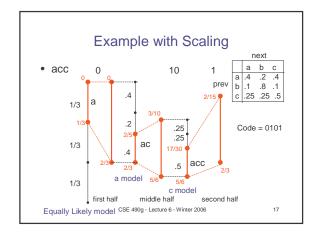


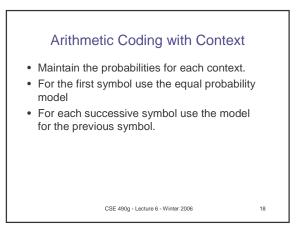












	Adaptation Simple solution – Equally Probable Model. Initially all symbols have frequency 1. After symbol x is coded, increment its frequency by 1 Use the new model for coding the next symbol Example in alphabet a,b,c,d 				
	a a b a a c After aabaac is encoded a 1 2 3 3 4 5 5 The probability model is b 1 1 2 2 2 2 a 5/10 c 1 1 1 1 1 2 c 2/10 d 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 c 2/10				
	CSE 490g - Lecture 6 - Winter 2006 19				

Zero Frequency Problem					
 How do we weight symbols that have not occurred yet. Equal weights? Not so good with many symbols Escape symbol, but what should its weight be? When a new symbol is encountered send the <esc>, followed by the symbol in the equally probable model. (Both encoded arithmetically.)</esc> 					
b c	0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0	2 2 3 4 4 0 1 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0	After aabaac is encoded The probability model is a 4/7 b 1/7 c 1/7 d 0 <esc> 1/7</esc>		
CSE 490g - Lecture 6 - Winter 2006 20					

PPM

- · Prediction with Partial Matching - Cleary and Witten (1984)
- State of the art arithmetic coder - Arbitrary order context
 - The context chosen is one that does a good prediction given the past
 - Adaptive
- Example
 - Context "the" does not predict the next symbol "a" well. Move to the context "he" which does.

CSE 490g - Lecture 6 - Winter 2006

Arithmetic vs. Huffman • Both compress very well. For m symbol grouping. - Huffman is within 1/m of entropy. - Arithmetic is within 2/m of entropy. Context Huffman needs a tree for every context. - Arithmetic needs a small table of frequencies for every context. Adaptation - Huffman has an elaborate adaptive algorithm - Arithmetic has a simple adaptive mechanism. Bottom Line - Arithmetic is more flexible than Huffman. CSE 490g - Lecture 6 - Winter 2006 22

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21