Large Scale Data Processing and Applications: Cloudy DB Research at UC Irvine

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Cloud DB Bandwagons Today

- MapReduce and Hadoop
 - Parallel programming for dummies
 - But now Hive, Pig, Scope, ...
 - MapReduce is the new runtime
- DFSs and HDFS (and CSS)
 - Scalable, self-managed, Really Big Files
 - But now BigTable, HBase, ...
 - HDFS (or CSS) is the new file storage
- Key-value stores
 - Charter members of the NoSQL movement
 - Includes S3, Dynamo, HBase, Cassandra, ...



- These are the new record managers



Let's Do This Stuff "Right"!

- In my opinion
 - The OS/DS folks out-scaled us (oops)
 - We'd be nuts to build on their foundation
- Identify the lessons, but then do it "right"
 - Cheap open-source S/W on commodity H/W
 - Non-monolithic software components
 - Equal opportunity data access (external sources)
 - Fault-tolerant query execution
 - Little pre-planning or DBA-type work required
 - Tolerant of flexible / nested / absent schemas

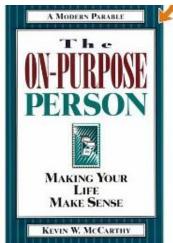


Types and declarative languages (duh!)

What If We'd Meant To Do This?

- What is the "right" basis for analyzing and managing the data of the future?
 - Runtime layer (and division of labor)?
 - Storage and data distribution layers?
- Explore how to build new information management systems for the cloud that...
 - Seamlessly support external data access
 - Execute queries in the face of partial failures
 - Scale to thousands of nodes (and beyond)
 - Don't require five-star wizard administrators





The ASTERIX Project

- Semistructured data management
 - Core work exists
 - XML & XQuery, JSON, ...
 - Time to parallelize and scale out
- Parallel database systems
 - Research quiesced in mid-1990's Parallel Database
 - Renewed industrial interest
 - Time to scale up & de-schema-tize
- Data-intensive computing

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- MapReduce and Hadoop popular today
- Various language efforts (Pig, Hive, Jaql, ...)



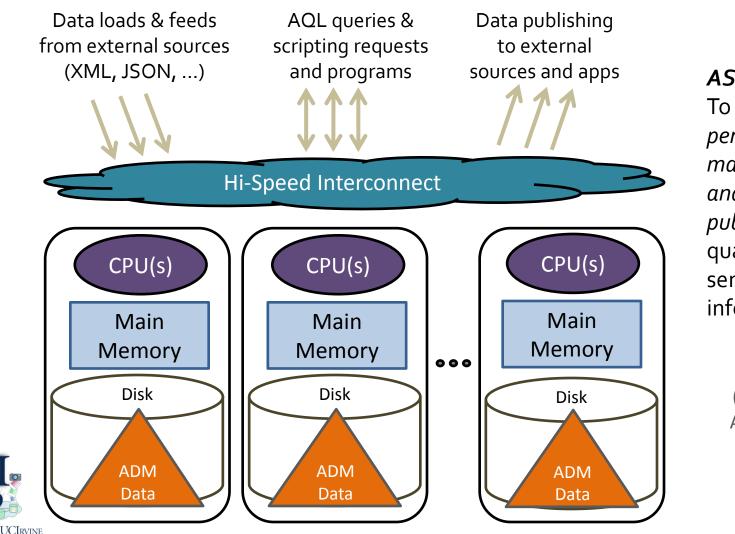
Semi-structured Data Management



Systems

Data-Intensive Computing

ASTERIX Project Overview



http://isg.ics.uci.edu

ASTERIX Goal:

To ingest, digest, persist, index, manage, query, analyze, and publish massive quantities of semi-structured information...

> (ADM = ASTERIX Data Model)

ASTERIX User Model



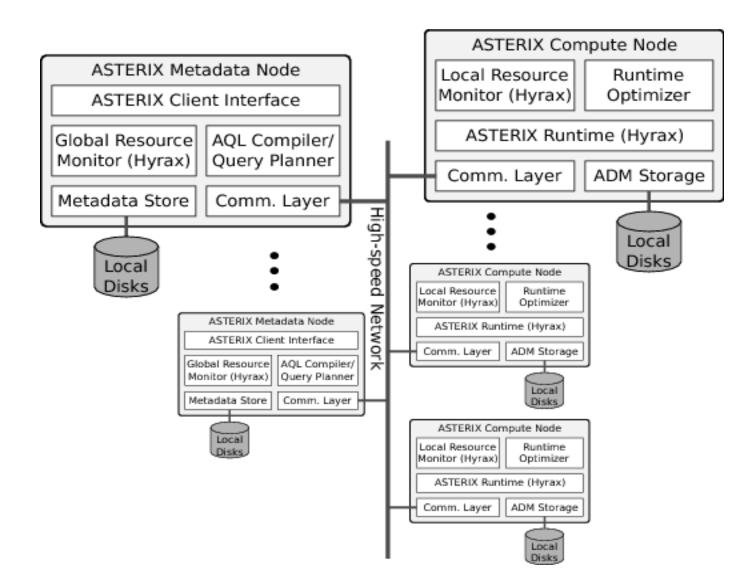
 Data model (ADM) with open and closed types

```
declare open type UserType as {
 name: string,
 email: string,
 interests: <string>,
 address: AddressType,
 member of: <
     sig_name: string,
     chapter_name: string,
     member _since: date
declare closed type AddressType as {
 street: string,
 city: string,
 zip: string,
 latlong: point2d
```

 Query language (AQL) for nested and semistructured data queries

• Support for both stored and external datasets

ASTERIX and Hyracks

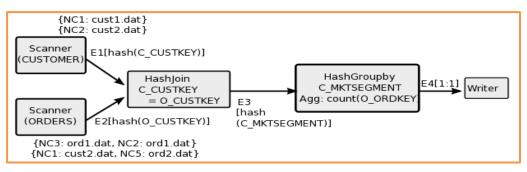




Hyracks In a Nutshell



- Partitioned-parallel platform for data-intensive computing
- Job = dataflow DAG of operators and connectors
 - Operators consume/produce partitions of data
 - Connectors repartition/route data between operators



- Hyracks vs. the "competition"
 - Based on time-tested parallel database principles
 - vs. Hadoop: More flexible model and less "pessimistic"
 - vs. Dryad: Supports data as a first-class citizen

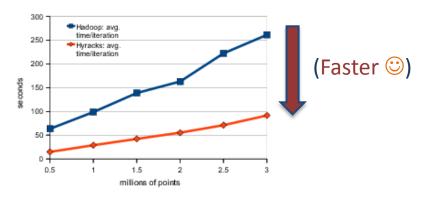


Hyracks Performance

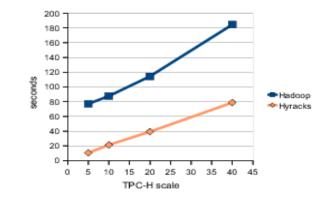
(40 cores / 40 disks)



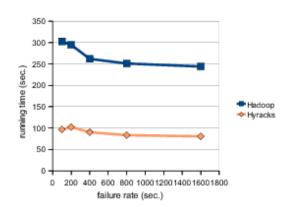
 K-means (on Hadoop compatibility layer)

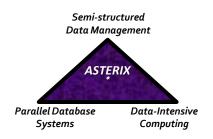


 DSS-style query execution (TPC-H-based example)



• Fault-tolerant query execution (TPC-H-based example)





In Summary



- Ask not what cloud software can do for you, but what you can do for cloud software...!
- We're asking this very question at UCI
 - ASTERIX: Parallel semistructured DBMS
 - Hyracks: Partitioned-parallel data runtime
- If you're interested, the first Hyracks release (in open source at Google Code) is coming in ~1-2 weeks

